

2026.PHHC.036467



**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB & HARYANA
AT CHANDIGARH**

323

CRM-M-15644-2025 (O&M)

Date of decision: 10.03.2026

RAKESH KUMAR YADAV ALIAS CHIKKU

... Petitioner

Versus

ANURADHA SONI

... Respondent

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE AMAN CHAUDHARY

Present : Mr. Jainainder Saini, Advocate, for the petitioner.

Mr. Jitender Dhanda, Advocate for the respondent.

AMAN CHAUDHARY, J. (Oral)

1. The present petition has been filed under Section 528 of BNSS, 2023, for quashing the order dated 15.01.2025 (Annexure P4) passed by learned Addl. District and Sessions Judge, Hissar, vide which the petitioner has been directed to deposit 20% of the compensation amount.

2. Learned counsel submits that sentence of the petitioner, aged about 32 years, was suspended, vide the aforesaid order dated 15.01.2025, but he was directed to deposit 20% of the compensation amount. The imposition of such stringent and onerous condition is unjust. He prays that the same is liable to be quashed on account of his family exigencies and poor financial status.

3. Heard.

4. Reference is made to the judgment of Hon'ble the Supreme Court in **Jamboo Bhandari vs. MP State Industrial Development Corporation Ltd.** 2023(10) SCC 446, the relevant paras whereof reads thus:

“6. What is held by this Court is that a purposive interpretation should be made of Section 148 of the N.I. Act. Hence, normally, Appellate Court will be justified in imposing the condition of deposit as provided in Section 148. However, in a case where the Appellate Court is satisfied that the condition of deposit of 20% will be unjust or imposing such a condition will amount to deprivation of the right of appeal of the appellant, exception can be made for the reasons specifically recorded.

7. Therefore, when Appellate Court considers the prayer under Section 389 of the Cr.P.C. of an accused who has been convicted for offence under Section 138 of the N.I. Act, it is always open for the Appellate Court to consider whether it is an exceptional case which warrants grant of suspension of sentence without imposing

the condition of deposit of 20% of the fine/compensation amount. As stated earlier, if the Appellate Court comes to the conclusion that it is an exceptional case, the reasons for coming to the said conclusion must be recorded.”

5. In **Muskan Enterprises and another vs. State of Punjab 2024** SCOnline SC 4107, Hon’ble the Supreme Court remitted the matter to the Sessions Court to re-examine the issue of ordering deposit by observing that, “Whether sufficient ground has been made out by the appellants to persuade the Sessions Court not to order any deposit is left entirely to its discretion and satisfaction. We do not express any opinion on the plea that the appellants have sought to advance before us, lest any party seeks to derive any advantage. All points are left open.”

6. In light of the aforesaid, the condition imposed to deposit 20% of compensation amount in the order dated 15.01.2025 is set aside. The learned Appellate Court to reconsider the matter afresh, as per the observations made in the aforesaid judgments, granting an opportunity to the petitioner.

7. Till the decision is taken, sentence of the petitioner shall remain suspended. The petitioner is directed to appear through his counsel before the learned Appellate Court on or before 24.03.2026, failing which, this order shall stand vacated automatically.

8. Disposed of accordingly.

(AMAN CHAUDHARY)
JUDGE

10.03.2026

ashok

Whether speaking/reasoned	:	Yes/No
Whether reportable	:	Yes/No