



**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB & HARYANA
AT CHANDIGARH**

219

CRM-M-6035-2026 (O&M)
Date of decision: 06.02.2026

Puneet Sharma

....Petitioner

Versus

State of Haryana

...Respondent

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE AMAN CHAUDHARY

Present : Mr. Arpandeeep Narula, Advocate for the petitioner

Mr. Amrik Narwal, DAG Haryana

AMAN CHAUDHARY, J. (ORAL)

1. Prayer in the present petition filed under Section 483 BNSS is for grant of regular bail to the petitioner in case FIR No.854 dated 01.10.2022, registered under Sections 147, 149, 323 IPC (subsequently added Sections 216, 302 IPC) at Police Station Sirsa City, District Sirsa, Haryana.

2. Learned counsel contends that the petitioner has been in custody for 1 year and more than 3 months. As per the FIR, he has been attributed injury with a danda on the right leg of the deceased, who passed away after 6 days and as per medical record, he was suffering from previous spinal fracture, paralysis, liver cirrhosis and Anemia etc. As per the FIR, the incident had taken place while the complainant was returning from Government Hospital, Sirsa on 01.10.2022 at 09:00 A.M., however, in the statement made by him at the time of his medico-legal examination, he is stated to have been beaten up at Sector-19, HUDA on 30.09.2022 at 03:00 A.M. Co-accused Laxman Dass, who has also attributed danda blow to the deceased, has been granted regular bail vide order dated 14.01.2026, Annexure P-8, after being in



custody for 1 year and more than 1 month. Charges have been framed on 02.08.2025, however, out of 32 prosecution witnesses, only 1 namely Pappu Bavaria-alleged eye witness has been examined, who has not supported the case of the prosecution. The petitioner is involved in 6 more cases, in some of which, he is on bail. Reliance is placed on the judgment passed by Hon'ble The Supreme Court titled as **Maulana Mohd. Amir Rashadi vs. State of U.P. and others**, 2012(2) SCC 382.

3. The custody certificate dated 05.02.2026, filed by the learned State counsel is taken on record. As per the same, the petitioner is behind bars for 1 year, 3 months and 13 days.

4. Learned State counsel opposes the bail on the ground that there are specific allegations against the petitioner of having inflicted injuries to the deceased and danda stands recovered from him. However, he is unable to controvert the submissions with regard to stage, co-accused having been granted bail and the petitioner being on bail in some cases.

5. Heard.

6. Hon'ble The Supreme Court in the case of **Maulana Mohd. Amir Rashadi** (Supra) had held that, "As observed by the High Court, merely on the basis of criminal antecedents, the claim of the second respondent cannot be rejected. In other words, it is the duty of the Court to find out the role of the accused in the case in which he has been charged and other circumstances such as possibility of fleeing away from the jurisdiction of the Court, etc." Reiterating in **Prabhakar Tewari vs. State of UP and another**, (2020) 11 SCC 648, it was observed that, "The offence alleged no doubt is grave and serious and there are several criminal cases pending against the accused. These factors



by themselves cannot be the basis for refusal of prayer for bail.”

7. Considering the facts and circumstances of the case, in particular that the petitioner is in custody for the last 1 year, 3 months and 13 days; on bail in some cases; co-accused is on bail; charges were framed on 02.08.2025, however, 31 more prosecution witnesses still remain to be examined, the trial is likely to take a considerable time, further incarceration of the petitioner would be violative of his right enshrined under Article 21 of the Constitution of India, the present petition is allowed.

8. The petitioner is ordered to be released on regular bail, subject to furnishing bail/surety bonds to the satisfaction of trial Court/Duty Magistrate concerned, if not required in any other case and shall abide by the following conditions:-

- (i) The petitioner will not tamper with the evidence during the trial.
- (ii) The petitioner will not pressurize/ intimidate the prosecution witnesses.
- (iii) The petitioner will appear before the trial Court on each and every date fixed, unless is exempted by a specific order of Court.
- (iv) The petitioner shall not commit an offence similar to the offence of which, he is an accused, or for commission of which he is suspected of.
- (v) The petitioner shall not directly or indirectly coerce, induce, threaten or promise to any person acquainted with the facts of the case so as to dissuade him/ her from disclosing such facts to the Court or to any police officer or tamper with the evidence in any manner.
- (vi) The petitioner shall not in any manner misuse his liberty.
- (vii) The petitioner shall furnish his address and mobile number by way of an affidavit to the trial Court and not change the same till conclusion of trial and if for any reasons, he seeks to change either of the aforesaid, it shall be done only with prior information to the learned trial Court.



- (viii) The petitioner shall not leave the country without prior permission of the trial Court.
- (ix) The trial Court/Duty Magistrate may impose any other condition, as deemed appropriate while releasing the petitioner.

9. It is made abundantly clear that in case there is any breach of the aforesaid conditions, the State shall be at liberty to seek cancellation of bail as granted to the petitioner by this order.

10. In view of the above, it is clarified that the observations made herein above are limited for the purpose of present proceedings and would not be construed as any opinion on the merits of the case and the trial would proceed independently of the aforesaid observations.

(AMAN CHAUDHARY)
JUDGE

06.02.2026
M.Kamra

Whether speaking/reasoned	:	Yes / No
Whether reportable	:	Yes / No