IN THE HIGH COURT FOR THE STATE OF TELANGANA
AT HYDERABAD

THURSDAY, THE EIGHTH DAY OF OCTOBER
TWO THOUSAND AND TWENTY SIX

PRESENT

THE HONOURABLE SRI JUSTICE J SREENIVAS RAO

CRIMINAL PETITION No: 16641 of 2026

Between:

1. Smt. Donda Mamatha, W/o. Venkat Reddy, Age. 40 Years, Occ. Housewife, R/o. H.No. 4-12-793, Plot No.149, Dwarakamayi Nagar, Road No.02, Vanasthalipuram, Ranga Reddy District.
2. Smt. P Vanitha, W/o. Venu Kumar Reddy, Age. 39 Years, Occ. Housewife, R/o. 1-82, Kuntloor, Abdullapurmet, Ranga Reddy District.
3. Smt. Padamati Ramya, W/o. Rajesh Reddy, Age. 37 Years, Occ. Housewife, R/o. H.No.4-50, Ankushapur, Ghatkesar, Medchal-Malkajgiri District.
4. Smt. Pullaguram Madhavi, W/o. Ranga Reddy, Age. 34 Years, Occ. Housewife, R/o. H.No.1-94/A, Turkayamjal, Abdullapurmet, Ranga Reddy District.
5. Smt. Kukkala Taruni, W/o. Venkat Reddy, Age. 32 Years, Occ. Housewife, R/o. H.No.8-7-89/8, Chaitanya Nagar, B.N.Reddy, Ranga Reddy District.

...Petitioners/Accused Nos.3 to 7

AND

1. The State of Telangana, Rep. by its Public Prosecutor, High Court for the State of Telangana, Hyderabad.
2. Sri Mudraboina Srinivasa Rao, S/o. Late Venkateswara Rao, Age. 56 Years, Occ. Business, R/o. H.No.9-7-49/ 1, Yadagiri Nagar, Champapet, Hyderabad.

...Respondents/Defacto Complainant

Petition under Section 528 of BNSS praying that in the circumstances stated in the Memorandum of Grounds of Criminal Petition, the High Court may be pleased to call for the records relating to C.C. No. 1514 of 2026 (arising out of Crime No. 91 of 2026 of P.S. Vanasthalipuram) on the file of the VII Additional Metropolitan Magistrate, Cyberabad at Hayathnagar, Ranga Reddy District, and Quash the same against the Petitioners / Accused Nos. 3 to 7.

I.A. No: 1 of 2026

Petition under Section 528 of BNSS praying that in the circumstances stated in the Memorandum of Grounds of Criminal Petition, the High Court may be pleased to grant stay of all further proceedings, including the personal appearance of the Petitioners/Accused Nos. 3 to 7, in C.C. No. 1514 of 2026 (arising out of Crime No. 91 of 2026 of P.S. Vanasthalipuram) on the file of the VII Additional Metropolitan Magistrate, Cyberabad at Hayathnagar, Ranga Reddy District.

This Petition coming on for hearing, upon perusing the Memorandum of Grounds of Criminal Petition and upon hearing the arguments of Sri V Ram Mohan Reddy, Advocate for the Petitioners and Sri Jithender Rao Veeramalla, Additional Public Prosecutor on behalf of the Respondent No.1 and none appeared for the Respondent No.2.

The Court made the following: ORDER

IN THE HIGH COURT FOR THE STATE OF TELANGANA AT HYDERABAD

THE HONOURABLE SRI JUSTICE J.SREENIVAS RAO

CRIMINAL PETITION No.16641 of 2026

CNR No. : HBHC010699942026

Date: 08.10.2026

Between:

Smt.Donda Mamatha and four others

..Petitioners

AND

The State of Telangana and another

...Respondents

ORDER

This Criminal Petition has been filed by the petitioners/accused Nos.3 to 7 seeking to quash the proceedings in C.C.No.1514 of 2026 on the file of the learned VII Additional Metropolitan Magistrate, Cyberabd at Hayathnagar, Ranga Reddy District.

2. Heard Mr.V.Ram Mohan Reddy, learned counsel for the petitioners and Mr.Jithendar Rao Veeramalla, learned Additional Public Prosecutor for respondent No.1.

3. With the consent of both the learned counsel, the criminal petition is disposed of at the admission stage on the ground that even

according to the learned counsel for the petitioners, the matter before the learned trial Court has not yet ripened for the trial. In view of the same, notice in respect of respondent No.2/*defacto* complainant is dispensed with.

4. During the course of hearing, learned counsel for the petitioners, submitted that the learned Magistrate, without recording satisfaction, has taken cognizance against the petitioners and issued summons mechanically and passed cryptic docket order. Therefore, the docket order passed by the learned Magistrate is liable to be quashed.

5. Learned Additional Public Prosecutor has not opposed the submissions made by the learned counsel for the petitioners.

6. Having considered the submissions made by the respective parties and after perusal of the material available on record, it reveals that the learned Magistrate has taken cognizance, without recording satisfaction against the accused and not against the offences, through docket order.

7. It is very much relevant to mention that in ***Sunil Bharati Mittal v. Central Bureau of Investigation***[1] the Hon'ble Supreme Court held that the order of issuing process to accused to face criminal trial is a serious issue. Such summoning cannot be done on mere asking and the Court has to record reasons for summoning a person. In ***GHCL Employees Stock Option Trust v. India Infoline Limited***[2], the Hon'ble Apex Court found fault with the order of the Magistrate in issuing summons when the Magistrate has not recorded his satisfaction about the prima facie case against the accused. In ***Chief Enforcemnet Officer v. Videocon International Limited***[3], the Hon'ble Supreme Court while discussing the expression 'cognizance' held that in criminal law 'cognizance' means becoming aware of and the word used with respect to Court or a Judge initiating proceedings in respect of an offence. Taking cognizance would involve application of mind by the Magistrate to the suspected commission of an offence. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in ***Sunil Bharati Mittal's case (Supra)***, further held as follows:

> *"Sine Qua Non for taking cognizance of the offence is the application of mind by the Magistrate and his satisfaction that the allegations, if proved,*

[1] (2015) 4 SCC 609
[2] (2013) 4 SCC 505
[3] (2008) 2 SCC 492

would constitute an offence. It is, therefore, imperative that on a complaint or on a police report, the Magistrate is bound to consider the question as to whether the same discloses commission of an offence and is required to form such an opinion in this respect. When he does so and decides to issue process, he shall be said to have taken cognizance. At the stage of taking cognizance, the only consideration before the Court remains to consider judiciously whether the material on which the prosecution proposes to prosecute the accused brings out a prima facie case or not."

8. In ***Fakhruddin Ahmad v. State of Uttaranchal and another***[4], it is held as follows:

"Nevertheless, it is well settled that before a Magistrate can be said to have taken cognizance of an offence, it is imperative that he must have taken notice of the accusations and applied his mind to the allegations made in the complaint or in the police report or the information received from a source other than a police report, as the case may be, and the material filed therewith. It needs little emphasis that it is only when the Magistrate applies his mind and is satisfied that the allegations, if proved, would constitute an offence and decides to initiate proceedings against the alleged offender, that it can be positively stated that he has taken cognizance of the offence. Cognizance is in regard to the offence and not the offender."

9. In view of the observations and directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the judgments referred to supra, the act of issuing process of summoning the accused to face criminal trial is a serious issue and such orders directing summons to a person to face criminal trial cannot be on the basis of cryptic orders and it should be an order reflecting application of mind by the Presiding Officer while taking cognizance and issuing process.

[4] (2008) 17 SCC 157

10. For the foregoing reasons and in view of the principles laid down by the Hon'ble Apex Court in the judgments cited *supra*, and without going into the other grounds, this Court is of the considered view that the cognizance order is liable to be quashed and accordingly quashed. The learned Magistrate is directed to take cognizance afresh and to proceed with the matter, in accordance with law.

11. Accordingly, the criminal petition is disposed of.

Pending miscellaneous applications, if any, shall stand closed.

SD/- B REKHA RANI
ASSISTANT REGISTRAR

//TRUE COPY//

SECTION OFFICER

To,

1. The VII Additional Metropolitan Magistrate, Cyberabad at Hayathnagar, Ranga Reddy District
2. The Station House Officer, Vanasthalipuram Police Station, Rachakonda
3. Two CCs to Public Prosecutor, High Court for the State of Telangana at Hyderabad [OUT]
4. One CC to Sri V Ram Mohan Reddy, Advocate [OPUC]
5. Two CD Copies

ABK

HIGH COURT

DATED: 08/10/2026

ORDER

CRLP.No.16641 of 2026



DISPOSING OF THE CRIMINAL PETITION

(S)
17/10/26
KK