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BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED: 02-11-2026

CORAM

THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE M. NIRMAL KUMAR

AND

THE HON'BLE MR.JUSTICE N.GUNASEKARAN

HCP(MD) No. 1019 of 2026

CNR:{HCMD011082482026}

Case QR

Rabin singh
S/o.Theivendran,
D/10, Kothankulam Post,
Thoothai,
Thiruppuvanam Taluk,
Sivagangai District.
(Now confining at Madurai Central Prison)

..Petitioner(s)

Vs

1. The State of Tamilnadu
   Rep by,
   The Additional Chief Secretary to the Government,
   Home, Prohibition and Excise Dept,
   Secretariat,
   Chennai - 9.

2. The District Collector and District Magistrate
   O/o.The District Collector and District Magistrate,
   Sivagangai District.

3. The Superintendent of Prison
   Madurai Central Prison,
   Madurai.

..Respondent(s)

PRAYER: This Petition filed under section TN Act 14 of 82 H2-SXO.To call for the entire records connected with the detention order of

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the Respondent No.2 in Cr.M.P.No.56/S.O/2026 dated 13.07.2026 and quash the same and direct the respondents to produce the body or person of the detenu by name Rabin Singh, son of Theivendran aged about 28 years, now detained as 'Sexual Offender' at Madurai Central Prison before this Court and set him at liberty forthwith.

For Petitioner(s) :M/s Dr.R.Alagumani

For Respondent(s) :Mr.G.Karuppasamy Pandiyan
Additional Public Prosecutor

ORDER

(Order of the Court was made by N.GUNASEKARAN., J.)

The petitioner is the detenu viz., Rabin Singh, son of Theivendran aged about 28 years. The detenu has been detained by the second respondent by his order in Cr.M.P.No.56/S.O/2026 dated 13.07.2026 holding him to be a 'Sexual Offender'", as contemplated under Section 2(ggg) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982. The said order is under challenge in this habeas corpus petition.

2. We have heard the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner and the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents. We have also perused the records produced by the Detaining Authority.

3. Though several grounds have been raised in the habeas corpus petition, learned counsel appearing for the petitioner would mainly focus his arguments on the ground that there is an

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inordinate delay between the arrest of the detenu and passing the impugned detention order. In this case, the detenu was arrested on 13.06.2026, and the impugned detention order came to be passed only on 13.07.2026, i.e., after a lapse of 30 days. This inordinate delay in passing the detention order would vitiate the same. He further submitted that there is no live and proximate link between the date of arrest and the date of the detention order. Hence, on this ground, the present impugned detention order is also liable to be set aside.

4. Learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents strongly opposed the habeas corpus petition by filing his counter. He would submit that though there was a delay in passing the impugned detention order, on that score alone, it cannot be quashed. According to the learned Additional Public Prosecutor, no prejudice has been caused to the detenu and therefore prays for dismissal of the habeas corpus petition.

5. The detenu was arrested in the ground case as early as on 13.06.2026 and the detention order was passed on 13.07.2026. This shows an inordinate delay in passing the detention order, which is also unexplained. The live and proximate link between the arrest of the detenu and the need for passing the order of detention has snapped. Thus, on this sole ground alone, the impugned order of detention is liable to be set aside.

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6. In the case of ***Sushanta Kumar Banik vs. State of Tripura,*** reported in ***2022 SCC Online (SC) 1333***, when there was an inordinate delay from the date of proposal till passing of the detention order and likewise, between the date of actual arrest and the date of detention order, the Honourable Supreme Court has held that the live and proximate link, between the grounds and the purpose of detention, stands snapped throwing a considerable doubt on the genuineness of the requisite satisfaction of the detaining authority in passing the detention order unless such delay is satisfactorily explained and consequently making it invalid. The relevant portion is extracted hereunder:-

> *"20. It is manifestly clear from a conspectus of the above decisions of this Court, that the underlying principle is that if there is unreasonable delay between the date of the order of detention & actual arrest of the detenu and in the same manner from the date of the proposal and passing of the order of detention, such delay unless satisfactorily explained throws a considerable doubt on the genuineness of the requisite subjective satisfaction of the detaining authority in passing the detention order and consequently render the detention order bad and invalid because the "live and proximate link" between the grounds of detention and the purpose of detention is snapped in arresting the detenu. A question*

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whether the delay is unreasonable and stands unexplained depends on the facts and circumstances of each case."

7. In view of the above, as pointed out by the counsel for the petitioner, the delay has not been satisfactorily explained, thereby vitiating and invalidating the detention order.

8. In the result, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed and the order of detention in Cr.M.P.No.56/S.O/2026 dated 13.07.2026, passed by the second respondent is set aside. The detenu, viz.,Rabin Singh, son of Theivendran aged about 28 years, is directed to be released forthwith unless his detention is required in connection with any other case.

(M.N.K.,J.) (N.G.N.,J.)
02-11-2026

Index: Yes/No
Speaking/Non-speaking order
Neutral Citation: Yes/No
CM

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4. The Additional Public Prosecutor
   Madurai Bench of Madras High Court
   Madurai

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N.GUNASEKARAN, J.
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