



H.C.P.(MD)No.856 of 2025

WEB COPY

BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED :09.02.2026

CORAM:

**THE HONOURABLE MR JUSTICE G.K. ILANTHIRAIYAN
AND
THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE R. VIJAYAKUMAR**

H.C.P.(MD)No.856 of 2025

Sivaranjani

... Petitioner

-VS-

1. The Additional Chief Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Fort St. George
Chennai - 600 009.

2.The District Collector and District Magistrate
Sivagangai District, Sivagangai.

3. The Inspector of Police
Sivagangai Town Police Station,
Sivagangai District

4.The Superintendent of Prison,
Central Prison,
Madurai

... Respondents

PRAYER: Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of



H.C.P.(MD)No.856 of 2025

India praying to issue a Writ of Habeas Corpus, call for the records relating to the detention order Cr.M.P.No.76/Goonda/2025 dated 09.06.2025 and quash the same and consequently direct the respondents to produce the body or person of the detenu namely Guru, son of Suriyamoorthy, aged about 21 years now detained as "GOONDA" at Central Prison, Madurai and set him at liberty forthwith

For Petitioner : Mr.N.Mohideen Basha
For Respondents : Mr.T.Senthil Kumar
Additional Public Prosecutor

ORDER

(Order of the Court was made by **G.K. ILANTHIRAIYAN,J.**)

The petitioner is the mother of the detenu viz., Guru, son of Suriyamoorthy, aged about 21 years. The detenu has been detained by the second respondent by his order in No. Cr.M.P.No. 76/Goonda/2025 dated 09.06.2025 holding him to be a "GOONDA", as contemplated under Section 2(f) of Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982. The said order is under challenge in this habeas corpus petition.

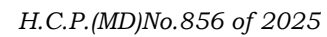


H.C.P.(MD)No.856 of 2025

WEB COPY

2. We have heard the learned counsel appearing for the petitioner and the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents. We have also perused the records produced by the Detaining Authority.

3. Though several grounds have been raised in the habeas corpus petition, learned counsel appearing for the petitioner would mainly focus his arguments on the ground that there is an inordinate delay between the arrest of the detenu and passing the impugned detention order. In this case, the detenu was arrested on 28.04.2025, and the impugned detention order came to be passed only on 09.06.2025, i.e., after a lapse of one month. This inordinate delay in passing the detention order would vitiate the same. He further submitted that except the ground case no other adverse case is shown by the detaining authority to detain the detenu under Act. 14 of 1982. He further submitted that there is no live and proximate link between the



4. Learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for respondents strongly opposed the habeas corpus petition by counter. He would submit that though there was a delay in the impugned detention order, on that score alone, it was quashed. According to the learned Additional Public Prosecutor, no prejudice has been caused to the detenu and he prays for dismissal of the habeas corpus petition.

Page 4 of 9



H.C.P.(MD)No.856 of 2025

detention has snapped. Thus, on this sole ground alone, the impugned order of detention is liable to be set aside.

6. In the case of *Sushanta Kumar Banik vs. State of Tripura*, reported in *2022 SCC Online (SC) 1333*, when there was an inordinate delay from the date of proposal till passing of the detention order and likewise, between the date of actual arrest and the date of detention order, the Honourable Supreme Court has held that the live and proximate link, between the grounds and the purpose of detention, stands snapped throwing a considerable doubt on the genuineness of the requisite satisfaction of the detaining authority in passing the detention order unless such delay is satisfactorily explained and consequently making it invalid. The relevant portion is extracted hereunder:-

"20. It is manifestly clear from a conspectus of the above decisions of this Court, that the underlying principle is that if there is unreasonable delay between the date of the order



WEB COPY



H.C.P.(MD)No.856 of 2025

of detention & actual arrest of the detenu and in the same manner from the date of the proposal and passing of the order of detention, such delay unless satisfactorily explained throws a considerable doubt on the genuineness of the requisite subjective satisfaction of the detaining authority in passing the detention order and consequently render the detention order bad and invalid because the "live and proximate link" between the grounds of detention and the purpose of detention is snapped in arresting the detenu. A question whether the delay is unreasonable and stands unexplained depends on the facts and circumstances of each case."

7. In view of the above, as pointed out by the counsel for the petitioner, the delay has not been satisfactorily explained, thereby vitiating and invalidating the detention order.



H.C.P.(MD)No.856 of 2025

WEB COPY

8. In the result, the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed and the order of detention in Cr.M.P.No.76/Goonda/2025 dated 09.06.2025, passed by the second respondent is set aside. The detenu, viz., Guru, son of Suriyamoorthy, aged about 21 years is directed to be released forthwith unless his detention is required in connection with any other case.

[G.K.I., J.] [R.V., J.]
09.02.2026

NCC :Yes/No
Index: Yes/No
Internet: Yes/No
aav

To

1. The Additional Chief Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Fort St. George
Chennai - 600 009.
2. The District Collector and District Magistrate
Sivagangai District, Sivagangai.



H.C.P.(MD)No.856 of 2025

3. The Inspector of Police
Sivagangai Town Police Station,
Sivagangai District

4. The Superintendent of Prison,
Central Prison,
Madurai

5. The Additional Public Prosecutor,
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai.



WEB COPY



H.C.P.(MD)No.856 of 2025

G.K. ILANTHIRAIYAN,J.
AND
R. VIJAYAKUMAR,J.

aav

H.C.P.(MD)No.856 of 2025

09.02.2026