



W.P.(MD)No.1589 of 2026

BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED : 23.01.2026

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THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE KRISHNAN RAMASAMY

W.P.(MD)No.1589 of 2026
& W.M.P(MD)No.1254 of 2026

Tvl. Annai Transport
Represented by its Proprietor, P. Kannan
GSTIN 33FGCPK3391D1ZN
10-3, Echan Vilai Sandhaiyady
Agasteeswaram, Kanniyakumari 629703.

... Petitioner

Vs.

The Deputy State Tax Officer
Nagercoil Rural Assessment Circle
Commercial Taxes Buildings, Nagercoil.

... Respondents

Prayer:

Writ Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying to issue a Writ of Certiorari, to call for the records on the file of the respondent in GSTIN 33FGCPK3391D1ZN /2020-21 dated 27.01.2025 for the assessment year 2020-21 passed by the Respondent under section 73 of TNGST Act 2017 and to quash the Same as cryptic, non- application of mind, illegal , arbitrary, wholly without jurisdiction and direct the respondent to pass an assessment order afresh after affording due opportunity of personal hearing.



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W.P.(MD)No.1589 of 2026

For Petitioner : Mr.Sudalai Muthu N
For Respondent : Mr.R.Suresh Kumar, AGP

ORDER

This writ petition has been filed challenging the impugned order dated 27.01.2025 passed by the respondent.

2. Mr.R.Suresh Kumar, learned Additional Government Pleader, takes notice on behalf of the respondents.

3. By consent of the parties, the main writ petition is taken up for disposal at the admission stage itself.

4. The learned counsel for the petitioner would submit that in this case, all notices/communications were uploaded by the respondent in the GST common portal. Since the petitioner was not aware of the said notices, they failed to file their reply within the time. Under these circumstances, the impugned order came to be passed by the respondent without providing any opportunity of personal hearing to the petitioner. Therefore, this petition has been filed.



W.P.(MD)No.1589 of 2026

5. Further, he would submit that the petitioner has already paid a sum of Rs.1,08,682/- and now, he is willing to pay 25% of the disputed tax amount, after deducting the said amount, to the respondent. Hence, he requests this Court to grant an opportunity to the petitioner to present their case before the respondent by setting aside the impugned order.

6. On the other hand, the learned Additional Government Pleader appearing for the respondent would submit that the respondent had uploaded the notices in the GST Online Portal. But the petitioner failed to avail the said opportunity. Further, he has fairly admitted that no opportunity of personal hearing was provided to the petitioner prior to the passing of impugned order. Therefore, he requested this Court to remit the matter back to the respondent, subject to the payment of 25% of the disputed tax amount as agreed by the petitioner.

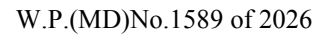
7. Heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and and the learned Additional Government Pleader for the respondent and also perused the materials available on record.



W.P.(MD)No.1589 of 2026

8. In the case on hand, it is evident that the show cause notice was uploaded on the GST Portal Tab. According to the petitioner, he was not aware of the issuance of the said show cause notice issued through the GST Portal and the original of the said show cause notice was not furnished to them. In such circumstances, this Court is of the view that the impugned assessment order came to be passed without affording any opportunity of personal hearing to the petitioner, confirming the proposals contained in the show cause notice.

9. No doubt, sending notice by uploading in portal is a sufficient service, but, the Officer who is sending the repeated reminders, inspite of the fact that no response from the petitioner to the show cause notices etc., the Officer should have applied his/her mind and explored the possibility of sending notices by way of other modes prescribed in Section 169 of the GST Act, which are also the valid mode of service under the Act, otherwise it will not be an effective service, rather, it would only fulfilling the empty formalities. Merely passing an *ex parte* order by fulfilling the empty formalities will not serve any useful purpose and the same will only pave way for multiplicity of litigations,



10. Thus, when there is no response from the tax payer to the notice sent through a particular mode, the Officer who is issuing notices should strictly explore the possibilities of sending notices through some other mode as prescribed in Section 169(1) of the Act, preferably by way of RPAD, which would ultimately achieve the object of the GST Act. Therefore, this Court finds that there is a lack of opportunities being provided to serve the notices/orders etc., effectively to the petitioner.

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(i) The impugned order dated 27.01.2025 is set aside and the matter is remanded to the respondent for fresh consideration on condition that the petitioner shall pay 25% of the disputed tax amount to the respondent, after deducting the amount, if any, already recovered/paid, within a period of four weeks from the date of receipt of a copy of this order. The setting aside of the impugned order will take effect from the date of payment of the said amount.

(ii) The petitioner shall file their reply/objection along with the required documents, if any, within a period of three weeks from the date of payment of amount as stated above.

(iii) On filing of such reply/objection by the petitioner, the respondent shall consider the same and issue a 14 days clear notice, by fixing the date of personal hearing, to the petitioner and thereafter, pass appropriate orders on merits and in accordance with law, after hearing the petitioner, as expeditiously as possible.

(iv) Considering the fact that the impugned order itself has been set aside, this Court is of the opinion that the attachment made on the bank account of the petitioner cannot survive any longer and hence, it is to



W.P.(MD)No.1589 of 2026

be lifted. As a sequel, the respondents are directed to release the attachment, and instruct the concerned bank to de-freeze the bank account of the petitioner, immediately upon the production of a copy of this order.

12. With the above directions, this writ petition is disposed of. No costs. Consequently, the connected miscellaneous petition is also closed.

23.01.2026

Speaking/Non-speaking order
Index : Yes / No
Neutral Citation : Yes / No
nsa

To

The Deputy State Tax Officer
Nagercoil Rural Assessment Circle
Commercial Taxes Buildings, Nagercoil.



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W.P.(MD)No.1589 of 2026

KRISHNAN RAMASAMY.J.,

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W.P.(MD)No.1589 of 2026
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23.01.2026