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IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED: 28-10-2026

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THE HON'BLE MR JUSTICE KRISHNAN RAMASAMY

WP No. 42713, 42715 & 42717 of 2026

CNR:{HCMA012336682026}

AND

WMP NO. 48000, 48003 & 48006 OF 2026

Mohammed Trading Company
GSTIN 33AAPPI4675L1Z7
Represented by its Proprietor
Mohamedelias Ibrahim
27/9, Ram, K.N.P. Layout Main Road,
Kangayam Road, Tiruppur-641 604

..Petitioner(s)

Vs

The Assistant Commissioner
Bazaar Assessment Circle,
Tiruppur-II

..Respondent(s)

Prayer:

Writ Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India, praying for issuance of Writ of Certiorarified Mandamus,

call for the records pertaining to the impugned order in Form GST DRC-07 bearing reference no. ZD330226061446J dated 09.02.2026 for the tax period 2024-2025 issued by the Respondent and quash the same

call for the records pertaining to the impugned order in Form GST DRC-07 bearing reference no. ZD330226209326P dated 24.02.2026 for the tax period 2020-2021 issued by the Respondent and quash the same

call for the records pertaining to the impugned order in Form GST DRC-07 bearing reference no. ZD330226260116R dated 28.02.2026 for the tax period 2022-2023 issued by the Respondent and quash the same

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For Petitioner(s): Mr.K.Prasath, for Mr.Syed Abdul Wakeel

For Respondent(s): Mr.B.Sivaraman, GA

Order

These writ petitions have been filed challenging the orders dated 09.02.2026, 24.02.2026 & 28.02.2026 passed by the respondent.

2. Mr.B.Sivaraman, learned Government Advocate, takes notice on behalf of the respondent.

3. By consent of the parties, the main writ petitions are taken up for disposal at the admission stage itself.

4. The learned counsel for the petitioner would submit that in these case, all notices/communications were uploaded by the respondent in the GST common portal. Since the petitioner had failed to view the portal, they were not aware of the said notices, due to which, they failed to file their reply within the time. Under these circumstances, the impugned orders came to be passed by the respondent without providing any opportunity of personal hearing to the petitioner. Hence, these petitions have been filed.

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5. Further, he would submit that the petitioner is ready and willing to pay 25% of the disputed tax amount, in each petitions, to the respondent. Hence, he requests this Court to grant an opportunity to the petitioner to present their case before the respondent by setting aside the impugned order.

6. On the other hand, the learned counsel appearing for the respondent would submit that the respondent had uploaded the notices in the GST Online Portal. But the petitioner failed to avail the said opportunity. Further, he has fairly admitted that no opportunity of personal hearing was provided to the petitioner prior to the passing of impugned order. Therefore, he requested this Court to remit the matter back to the respondent, subject to the payment of 25% of the disputed tax amount by the petitioner.

7. Heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and the respondent and also perused the materials available on record.

8. In the cases on hand, it is evident that the show cause notice was uploaded on the GST Portal Tab. According to the petitioner, he was not aware of the issuance of the said show cause notice issued through the GST Portal and the original of the said show cause notice was not furnished to them. In such circumstances, this Court is of the view that the impugned assessment order

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came to be passed without affording any opportunity of personal hearing to the petitioner, confirming the proposals contained in the show cause notice.

9. No doubt, sending notice by uploading in portal is a sufficient service, but, the Officer, who is sending the repeated reminders, despite the fact that no response from the petitioner to the show cause notices etc., should have applied his/her mind and explored the possibility of sending notices by way of other modes prescribed in Section 169 of the GST Act, which are also the valid mode of service under the Act, otherwise it will not be an effective service, rather, it would only amount to fulfilling the empty formalities. Merely passing an *ex parte* order by fulfilling the empty formalities will not serve any useful purpose and the same will only pave way for multiplicity of litigations, not only wasting the time of the Officer concerned, but also the precious time of the Appellate Authority/Tribunal and this Court as well.

10. Thus, when there is no response from the tax payer to the notice sent through a particular mode, the Officer who is issuing notices should strictly explore the possibilities of sending notices through some other mode as prescribed in Section 169(1) of the Act, preferably by way of RPAD, which would ultimately achieve the object of the GST Act. Therefore, this Court finds that there has been lack of efforts in exploring the available opportunities to serve the notices/orders etc., effectively on the petitioner.

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11. Further, it was submitted by the learned counsel for the petitioner that the petitioner is ready and willing to pay 25% of the disputed tax amount, in each petitions, to the respondent. In such view of the matter, this Court is inclined to set aside the impugned orders dated 09.02.2026, 24.02.2026 & 28.02.2026 passed by the respondent. Accordingly, this Court passes the following order:-

(i) The impugned orders dated 09.02.2026, 24.02.2026 & 28.02.2026 are set aside and the matters are remanded to the respondent for fresh consideration on condition that the petitioner shall pay 25% of the disputed tax amount, in each petitions, to the respondent, within a period of four weeks from the date of receipt of a copy of this order. The setting aside of the impugned order will take effect from the date of payment of the said amount.

(ii) The petitioner shall file their reply/objection along with the required documents, if any, within a period of three weeks from the date of payment of amount as stated above.

(iii) On filing of such reply/objection by the petitioner, the respondent shall consider the same and issue a 14 days clear notice, by fixing the date of personal hearing, to the petitioner and thereafter, pass appropriate orders on merits and in accordance with law, after hearing the petitioner, as expeditiously as possible.

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12. With the above directions, these writ petitions are disposed of. No costs. Consequently, the connected miscellaneous petitions are also closed.

28-10-2026

Index: Yes/No
Speaking/Non-speaking order
Neutral Citation: Yes/No

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To

The Assistant Commissioner
Bazaar Assessment Circle,
Tiruppur-II

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KRISHNAN RAMASAMY J.

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