



CWP-34458-2024 (O&M)

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**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA
AT CHANDIGARH**

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CWP-34458-2024 (O&M)

Date of Decision :15.09.2025

Union of India and others

..Petitioners

Versus

Ex. Hav. Dharam Singh & another

...Respondents

**CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE HARSIMRAN SINGH SETHI
HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE VIKAS SURI**

Present: Mr. Baljinder Singh Khaira, Senior Panel Counsel
for the petitioners-UOI.

* * *

Harsimran Singh Sethi, J. (Oral)

1. In the present petition, the challenge is to the impugned order dated 25.10.2023 (Annexure P-1) passed by respondent No.2-Armed Forces Tribunal, Regional Bench, Chandigarh, (for short, 'the Tribunal') by which, respondent No.1 has been allowed the benefit of disability pension by rounding off the disability element @ 50% as against 30% w.e.f. 01.01.1996 for life on the ground that the same is perverse.

2. The only argument raised by learned counsel for the petitioners is that respondent No.1 is not entitled to the benefit of rounding off the disability pension from 30% to 50% by placing reliance upon the judgment in *Civil Appeal No. 5591-2006 titled as KJS Buttar vs. Union of India and another, decided on 31.03.2011* and *Civil Appeal No.418-2012 titled as*



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Union of India and others vs. Ram Avtar, decided on 10.12.2014 is incorrect and the facts of the present case have not been appreciated in correct perspective by the Tribunal while passing the impugned order dated 25.10.2023 (Annexure P-1).

3. We have heard learned counsel for the petitioners and have gone through the case file with his able assistance.

4. It is a conceded fact that at the time when respondent No.1 was discharged from service on 28.02.1993 on completion of his terms of engagement under Army Rule 13(3) Item III (i), he had already rendered 24 years of service with the petitioners-Union of India. It is also a conceded fact that at the time when respondent No. 1 joined the armed forces i.e. 26.02.1969, he was medically examined and was not found suffering from any such disease, on the basis of which, respondent No. 1 has been granted the benefit of disability pension.

5. A bare perusal of the order passed by the Tribunal which states that even the Medical Board has assessed disability of “*Obesity and Mild Essential Hypertension*” @ 30% which was held to be attributable to the military service. Keeping in view this fact also, when even the Medical Board has conceded that the disease ‘*Mild Essential Hypertension*’ which led to the discharge of the officer concerned was attributable to the military service, filing of the petition by the Union of India is contrary to the recommendations of the Medical Board itself. Once the disability assessed by the Medical Board qua disease ‘*Mild Essential Hypertension*’ was assessed @ 30% for two years, same entitles the disability pension to the respondent No.1. It is also conceded fact that thereafter nothing has come on



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record that respondent No.1 does not suffer from said disease.

6. Further, as per the settled principle of law settled by Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in ***Union of India and others vs. Ram Avtar, 2014 SCC Online SC 1761***, any officer serving in the Armed Forces, who had undergone the medical examination at the time of his/her selection and was found fit, subsequently upon suffering a disability, is entitled to the benefit of disability pension by rounding off the same as the presumption would be that the disability suffered is attributable to the Military service. Relevant paras of the judgment in ***Ram Avtar's case (supra)*** are as under:-

“4. By the present set of appeals the appellant(s) raise the question, whether or not, an individual, who has retired on attaining the age of superannuation or on completion of his tenure of engagement, if found to be suffering from some disability which is attributable to or aggravated by the military service, is entitled to be granted the benefit of rounding-off of disability pension. The appellant(s) herein would contend that, on the basis of Circular No. 1(2)/97/D(Pen-C) issued by the Ministry of Defence, Government of India, dated 31.01.2001, the aforesaid benefit is made available only to an Armed Forces Personnel who is invalidated out of service, and not to any other category of Armed Forces Personnel mentioned hereinabove.

5. We have heard learned counsel for the parties to the lis.

6. We do not see any error in the impugned judgment(s) and order(s) and therefore all the appeals which pertain to the concept of rounding-off of the disability pension are dismissed, with no order as to costs.

7. The dismissal of these matters will be taken note of by the High Courts as well as by the Tribunals in granting appropriate relief to the pensioners before them, if any, who are getting or are entitled to the disability pension.”

7. Learned counsel for the petitioners has not been able to dispute



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the said proposition of law having been settled by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in ***Ram Avtar's case (supra)*** to the effect that percentage of disability is to be rounded off and when applied in present case, disability of 30% is to be rounded off to 50%.

8. Further, in a recent judgment in ***Civil Appeal No.11311 of 2025 titled as Union of India and others vs. Reet MP Singh and another, decided on 01.09.2025***, the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India by placing reliance upon ***Union of India and others vs. Ram Avtar, 2014 SCC Online SC 1761*** as well as ***Bijender Singh vs. Union of India and others, 2025 SCC Online SC 895***, has again reiterated that the benefit of rounding off the disability element cannot be denied.

9. Keeping in view the facts and circumstance of the present case as well as the settled principle of law settled in ***Ram Avtar's case (supra)*** as well as in ***Reet M.P. Singh's case (supra)*** once at the time of selection, respondent No. 1 was medically examined and was found fit in all respects and it was only during the service, respondent No.1 was found suffering from "*Obesity and Mild Essential Hypertension*", that being so, claim of respondent No.1 for the benefit of disability pension by rounding off the disability from 30% to 50% as per the settled principle of law settled in ***Ram Avtar's case (supra)*** has rightly been allowed by the Tribunal.

10. No other argument has been raised.

11. Hence, in the absence of any perversity being pointed out in the impugned order dated 25.10.2023 (Annexure P-1) either on the basis of the facts or the settled principle of law, no ground is made out for any interference by this Court in the facts and circumstances of the present case

and the writ petition is accordingly dismissed.

12. Pending application(s), if any, stands disposed of.

(HARSIMRAN SINGH SETHI)
JUDGE

September 15, 2025

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(VIKAS SURI)
JUDGE

Whether speaking/reasoned : Yes
Whether reportable : No