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**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA
AT CHANDIGARH**

**CRM-M-51330-2024 (O&M)
Date of decision : 19.05.2025**

Amit Kumar

... Petitioner

Versus

State of Haryana and others

...Respondents

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE MAHABIR SINGH SINDHU

Present: Mr. Suraj Mandhan, Advocate for
Mr. Omkar Chauhan, Advocate for the petitioner.

Mr. Kiran Pal Singh, AAG, Haryana.

Ms. Jasleen Kaur, Advocate for
Mr. Bakul Garg, Advocate for respondent Nos.2 and 3.

MAHABIR SINGH SINDHU, J.

Present petition has been filed under Section 528 of Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 (for short 'BNSS'), praying for quashing of FIR No.494 dated 10.08.2024 (P-1), under Sections 120-B, 420, 468 and 471 of Indian Penal Code, 1860 (for short 'IPC'), registered at Police Station Krishna Gate, Thanesar, District Kurukshetra along with all consequential proceedings arising therefrom on the basis of compromise dated 07.10.2024 (P-2), entered into between the parties i.e. petitioner as well as respondent Nos.2 and 3.

2. Allegations are that petitioner has made registration of his studio in the name of Studio Click with Labour Department, Kurukshetra, which he was running in the shop of father of *de facto* complainant by forging and fabricating rent agreement.



3. Contends that matter has been amicably settled between the parties, i.e. petitioner as well as respondent Nos.2 and 3; hence FIR in question as well as consequential proceedings deserve to be quashed.
4. Learned counsel for respondent Nos.2 and 3 has also acknowledged the contention raised on behalf of the petitioner.
5. Still further, learned State Counsel, on instructions from the police officer present, is not averse in case the above FIR along with consequential proceedings are quashed and set aside on the basis of the compromise entered into between the parties i.e. petitioner as well as respondent Nos.2 and 3.
6. Heard learned counsel for the parties and perused the paper-book.
7. The Co-ordinate Bench, while issuing notice of motion on 24.10.2024, passed the following order:-

“The petitioner has approached this Court seeking quashing of FIR (Annexure P-1) and all consequential proceedings emanating therefrom on the basis of a compromise having been effected between the parties.

Notice of motion for 20.3.2025.

At this stage, Mr. Bakul Garg, Advocate has put in appearance on behalf of respondent No.2 & 3 and has filed Power of Attorney, which is taken on record.

The parties are directed to move an application before the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate concerned for getting their statements recorded qua the factum of compromise. As and when any such application is moved and put up before the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate, the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate shall consider the said application and do the needful for recording the statements of the parties qua the factum of the compromise, on any convenient date. After recording the statements of all the affected parties, and upon getting requisite information



from Investigating Officer, the trial Court/Illaqa Magistrate shall submit its report on the basis of the statements so recorded, broadly on the following aspects:

- (i) Whether there is any other accused other than the petitioner, arrayed in this petition.*
- (ii) Whether there is any other complainant or affected/aggrieved party other than the respondents, arrayed in the petition.*
- (iii) Whether any accused has been declared Proclaimed Offender?*
- (iv) Whether the compromise in question is found to be a valid compromise and has been effected without there being any kind of influence or coercion?*

The report be submitted before this Court on or before the next date.”

8. In terms of aforesaid order, statements of both the parties were recorded and a report dated 13.11.2024 has been received from learned Judicial Magistrate First Class, Kurukshetra. For reference, the operative part of report reads as under:-

- “1. As per record, one accused namely Amit Kumar son of Prem Kumar was arrayed as accused in the present FIR and no other accused has been arrayed in the present case.*
- 2. As per the record, there is only one complainant namely Sumit Sachdeva in the present case, however, there are two respondents mentioned in the petition filed before the Hon'ble Punjab & Haryana High Court.*
- 3. The abovesaid accused person has not been declared as proclaimed offender.*
- 4. Yes, the compromise is genuine, voluntary, out of free will of the parties and without any undue influence from either side.”*

9. Hon'ble the Supreme Court in **Gian Singh v. State of Punjab, (2012) 10 SCC 303**, has held as under:-



“61. The position that emerges from the above discussion can be summarised thus : the power of the High Court in quashing a criminal proceeding or FIR or complaint in exercise of its inherent jurisdiction is distinct and different from the power given to a criminal court for compounding the offences under Section 320 of the Code. Inherent power is of wide plenitude with no statutory limitation but it has to be exercised in accord with the guideline engrafted in such power viz. : (i) to secure the ends of justice, or (ii) to prevent abuse of the process of any court. In what cases power to quash the criminal proceeding or complaint or FIR may be exercised where the offender and the victim have settled their dispute would depend on the facts and circumstances of each case and no category can be prescribed. However, before exercise of such power, the High Court must have due regard to the nature and gravity of the crime. Heinous and serious offences of mental depravity or offences like murder, rape, dacoity, etc. cannot be fittingly quashed even though the victim or victim's family and the offender have settled the dispute. Such offences are not private in nature and have a serious impact on society. Similarly, any compromise between the victim and the offender in relation to the offences under special statutes like the Prevention of Corruption Act or the offences committed by public servants while working in that capacity, etc.; cannot provide for any basis for quashing criminal proceedings involving such offences. But the criminal cases having overwhelmingly and predominatingly civil flavour stand on a different footing for the purposes of quashing, particularly the offences arising from commercial, financial, mercantile, civil, partnership or such like transactions or the offences arising out of matrimony relating to dowry, etc. or the family disputes where the wrong is basically private or personal in nature and the parties have resolved their entire dispute. In this category of cases, the High Court may quash the criminal proceedings if in its view, because of the compromise between the offender and the victim, the possibility of



conviction is remote and bleak and continuation of the criminal case would put the accused to great oppression and prejudice and extreme injustice would be caused to him by not quashing the criminal case despite full and complete settlement and compromise with the victim. In other words, the High Court must consider whether it would be unfair or contrary to the interest of justice to continue with the criminal proceeding or continuation of the criminal proceeding would tantamount to abuse of process of law despite settlement and compromise between the victim and the wrongdoer and whether to secure the ends of justice, it is appropriate that the criminal case is put to an end and if the answer to the above question(s) is in the affirmative, the High Court shall be well within its jurisdiction to quash the criminal proceeding.”

10. In view of above discussion, this Court is fully convinced that the offence is entirely personal in nature and does not involve public funds. Thus, quashing of the FIR in question along with consequential proceedings, on the basis of compromise would bring peace and harmony to secure the ends of justice.

11. Consequently, present petition is allowed; aforesaid FIR along with all consequential proceedings resulting therefrom are quashed *qua* the petitioner.

Pending application(s), if any, shall also stand disposed off.

19.05.2025
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(MAHABIR SINGH SINDHU)
JUDGE

Whether speaking/ reasoned	:	Yes	/	No
Whether reportable	:	Yes	/	No