



145

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA
AT CHANDIGARH**

**CRM-M-14883-2025 (O&M)
Date of decision : 19.05.2025**

Sukhdev Singh and another

... Petitioners

Versus

State of Haryana and another

...Respondents

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE MAHABIR SINGH SINDHU

Present: Mr. Jagraj Singh, Advocate,
for the petitioners.
Mr. Kiran Pal Singh, AAG, Haryana.
Mr. Dheeraj Kumar, Advocate for respondent No. 2.

MAHABIR SINGH SINDHU, J.

Present second petition has been filed under Section 528 of the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 (for short 'BNSS') (corresponding Section 482 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973), for quashing of FIR No.215 dated 12.06.2020, under Sections 285, 323, 506 read with Section 34 of Indian Penal Code, 1860 (for short 'IPC'), registered at Police Station Sadar Fatehabad and all subsequent proceedings arising therefrom on the basis of compromise dated 27.02.2020 (P-2), entered into between the parties i.e. petitioners as well as respondent No.2.

2. Allegations are that petitioner No.1 along with petitioner No.2 in furtherance of their common intention armed with licensed gun fired gunshot in air and inflicted injuries on the person of complainant party and criminally intimidated them.



3. Contends that matter has been amicably settled between the parties, i.e. petitioners as well as respondent No.2; hence FIR in question as well as subsequent proceedings deserve to be quashed.
4. Learned counsel for respondent No.2 has also acknowledged the contention raised on behalf of the petitioners.
5. Still further, learned State Counsel, on instructions from the police officer present, is not averse in case the above FIR along with subsequent proceedings are quashed and set aside on the basis of the compromise entered into between the parties.
6. Heard learned counsel for the parties and perused the paper-book.
7. This Court, while issuing notice of motion on 08.04.2025, passed the following order:-

“ Contends, inter alia, that matter has been compromised between the parties i.e. petitioners as well as respondent No. 2.

(2) Notice of motion.

(3) Mr. Kiran Pal Singh, learned AAG, Haryana accepts notice on behalf of respondent No.1.

(4) Mr. Dheeraj Kumar, Advocate has filed Vakalatnama on behalf of respondent No.2. The same is taken on record. He acknowledged the factum of compromise (P-2) arrived at between the parties i.e. petitioners as well as respondent No. 2.

(5) Requisite number of copies of the petition be supplied to learned Counsel for the respondents during the course of day.

(6) Petitioners shall file their respective affidavits that there is no other criminal case(s) pending against them



and also give the details of any other FIR(s), already quashed on the basis of compromise.

*(7) In view of the above, let parties to appear before the Court of learned Illaqa Magistrate/trial Court on or before **01.05.2025** for recording their statement(s) with reference to the compromise, if any, entered into between them.*

(8) Learned Illaqa Magistrate/trial Court shall record the statement(s) of all accused, complainant/injured and victim, if any, and submit a report to this Court before the next date of hearing containing the following information:-

(i). Whether the statements of the parties are bona fide and not result of any pressure or coercion etc. in any manner?

(ii). Whether the compromise effected between the parties is genuine and valid?

(iii). Whether all the accused, complainant and injured are party to the compromise and if not, the details/particulars of such person(s)?

(iv). Whether any other case is pending against either of the parties or not, if yes, the details thereof?

(v). Whether any of the persons involved in this case/dispute has been declared a proclaimed offender?

(vi). Whether any of the petitioner(s) is/are previous convict or not?

*(9) List before this Court on **19.05.2025** for further consideration.*

(10) Meanwhile, learned State Counsel shall also get the instructions in the matter as to whether the State has any objection?

(11) Copy of this order be sent to learned Judicial Officer concerned forthwith for information and strict compliance.

*(12) Be shown in the **Urgent** list.”*



8. In terms of aforesaid order, statements of both the parties were recorded and a report dated 30.04.2025 has been received from learned Judicial Magistrate First Class, Ratia, District Fatehabad. For reference, the relevant part of report reads as under:-

“ 2. Statements of complainant Sukhvinder Singh, Victim Gagandeep Singh and accused persons Sukhdev Singh & Parvinder Kaur have been recorded on solemn affirmation wherein they stated that they have compromised the matter voluntarily, without any pressure or coercion.

Further, a separate statement of complainant Sukhvinder Singh regarding the death of victim namely Sukhbir Singh @ Goldy also recorded.

Complainant and Victim have suffered the statements voluntarily, out of their free will. Accused also suffered their statements to the effect that they have never been declared proclaimed offender/person by any court. There is no other accused except them in the present FIR. It is pertinent to mentioned here that as per record, they have never been declared proclaimed person/offender in any case. Complainant in this case is Sukhvinder Singh, victims are Gagandeep Singh and Sukhbir Singh out of which Sukhbir Singh already expired and the FIR was registered against accused persons Sukhdev Singh & Ravinder Kaur and challan was filed against above named accused persons. No further investigation is pending and no other Section was added or deleted by the IO in said FIR.

3. After careful perusal of the statement given on solemn affirmation by the complainant/injured, victim as well as accused vis-a-vis compromise concerning the present case and after careful analysis of the same, this Court is convinced that the compromise between the parties in question appears to have been entered into voluntarily without any pressure and no such material is available on record which can reflect that the compromise



has been effected under fear, threat, pressure or coercion.”

A perusal of the aforesaid extract clearly reveals that matter has been compromised by both sides with their free consent, voluntarily and without any coercion or undue influence. Even before this Court also, there is no objection by either side against each other.

9. Hon’ble the Supreme Court in **Gian Singh v. State of Punjab, (2012) 10 SCC 303**, has held as under:-

“61. The position that emerges from the above discussion can be summarised thus : the power of the High Court in quashing a criminal proceeding or FIR or complaint in exercise of its inherent jurisdiction is distinct and different from the power given to a criminal court for compounding the offences under Section 320 of the Code. Inherent power is of wide plenitude with no statutory limitation but it has to be exercised in accord with the guideline engrafted in such power viz. : (i) to secure the ends of justice, or (ii) to prevent abuse of the process of any court. In what cases power to quash the criminal proceeding or complaint or FIR may be exercised where the offender and the victim have settled their dispute would depend on the facts and circumstances of each case and no category can be prescribed. However, before exercise of such power, the High Court must have due regard to the nature and gravity of the crime. Heinous and serious offences of mental depravity or offences like murder, rape, dacoity, etc. cannot be fittingly quashed even though the victim or victim's family and the offender have settled the dispute. Such offences are not private in nature and have a serious impact on society. Similarly, any compromise between the victim and the offender in relation to the offences under special statutes like the Prevention of Corruption Act or the offences committed by public servants while working in that capacity, etc.; cannot provide for any basis for quashing criminal proceedings involving such offences. But the criminal cases having overwhelmingly and predominatingly civil flavour stand on a different footing for the purposes of quashing, particularly the offences arising from commercial, financial, mercantile, civil, partnership or such like transactions or the offences arising out of matrimony relating to dowry, etc. or the family disputes where the wrong is basically private or personal in nature and the parties have resolved their entire dispute. In this category of cases, the High

Court may quash the criminal proceedings if in its view, because of the compromise between the offender and the victim, the possibility of conviction is remote and bleak and continuation of the criminal case would put the accused to great oppression and prejudice and extreme injustice would be caused to him by not quashing the criminal case despite full and complete settlement and compromise with the victim. In other words, the High Court must consider whether it would be unfair or contrary to the interest of justice to continue with the criminal proceeding or continuation of the criminal proceeding would tantamount to abuse of process of law despite settlement and compromise between the victim and the wrongdoer and whether to secure the ends of justice, it is appropriate that the criminal case is put to an end and if the answer to the above question(s) is in the affirmative, the High Court shall be well within its jurisdiction to quash the criminal proceeding.”

10. In view of above discussion, this Court is fully convinced that the offence is entirely personal in nature and does not affect public peace or tranquility. Thus, quashing of the FIR in question along with consequential proceedings, on the basis of compromise would bring peace and harmony to secure the ends of justice.

11. Consequently, present petition is allowed; aforesaid FIR along with all subsequent proceedings resulting therefrom are quashed *qua* the petitioners.

Pending application(s), if any, shall also stand disposed off.

19.05.2025
Harish Kumar

(MAHABIR SINGH SINDHU)
JUDGE

Whether speaking/ reasoned	:	Ye	/	No
		s		
Whether reportable	:	Ye	/	No
		s		