



Crl.O.P.No.12741 of 2025

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

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DATED: 25.04.2025

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE **G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN**

Crl.O.P.No.12741 of 2025
and
Crl.M.P.No.8437 of 2025

1. A.Devaraj

2. ValliNayagam

3. Mahendran

... Petitioners

Vs.

1. The State Rep By
The Inspector of Police,
Pollachi West Police Station,
Coimbatore District.
(Crime No.92 of 2025)

2. Balasubramaiaam

... Respondents

PRAYER: Criminal Original Petition is filed under Section 482 of Cr.P.C./Section 528 of the Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023, praying to call for the records and quash the proceedings in Crime No.92/2025 pending investigation on the file of the Inspector of Police Pollachi West Police Station, Coimbatore District.



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For Petitioners : Mr.C.D.Johnson
For Respondents : Mr.A.Gopinath,
Government Advocate (Crl. Side) (for R1)

ORDER

This petition has been filed to quash the F.I.R. in Crime No.92 of 2025 registered by the first respondent police for offences under Sections 296(b), 115(2), 118(1) and 351(3) of BNS, as against the petitioners.

2. The case of the prosecution is that on 23.02.2023 at about 6.30 p.m., when the second respondent/defacto complainant and his wife went to the land of his wife's sister, viz., Muthulakshmi, to harvest drumstick, the first petitioner/first accused, who is the neighbour land owner, along with the second petitioner/second accused, who is his wife, and the third petitioner/third accused, who is their son questioned the purpose of visit of the second respondent. At that time, it was informed by the second respondent that what makes the act of harvesting drumstick in the land of his wife's sister bothers the petitioners when the first petitioner had sold the land 7 years ago. On hearing the same, the first petitioner alleged to have abused them in filthy language, the second petitioner assaulted with the stick and the third petitioner pushed the defacto complainant and stamped on his neck. When the said act was



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questioned by the nephew of the defacto complainant, the first petitioner went to his house and brought Aruval and tried to assault the defacto complainant.

When the defacto complainant obstructed the assault, he sustained injury on his thumb. Therefore, the defacto complainant was admitted in the hospital and the first respondent on receiving information from the hospital, received the statement from the injured and registered the case in Crime No.92 of 2025 for offences under Section 296(b), 115(2), 118(1) and 351(3) of BNS.

3. The learned Counsel appearing for the petitioners would submit that the petitioners are innocent persons and they have not committed any offence as alleged by the prosecution. Without any base, the first respondent police registered a case in Crime No.92 of 2025 for the offences under Sections 296(b), 115(2), 118(1) and 351(3) of BNS, as against the petitioners. Hence he prayed to quash the same.

4. The learned Government Advocate (Criminal Side) would submit that the investigation is almost completed and the respondent police have only to file final report.

5. Heard the learned counsel for the petitioners and the learned



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Government Advocate (Crl.Side) appearing for the first respondent and perused

the materials placed on record.

6. It is seen from the First Information Report that there are specific allegations as against the petitioners to attract the offence, which has to be investigated in depth. Further the FIR is not an encyclopedia and it need not contain all facts and it cannot be quashed in the threshold. This Court finds that the FIR discloses *prima facie* commission of cognizable offence and as such this Court cannot interfere with the investigation. The investigating machinery has to step in to investigate, grab and unearth the crime in accordance with the procedures prescribed in the Code.

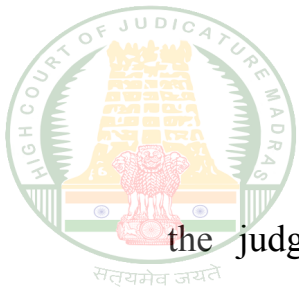
7. The Hon'ble Supreme Court of India passed in the judgment reported in **2019 (14) SCC 350** in the case of ***Sau. Kamal Shivaji Pokarnekhar vs. The State of Maharashtra & ors., (Crl.A.No.255 of 2019 dated 12.02.2019)*** held that the learned Magistrate while taking cognizance and summoning, is required to apply his judicial mind only with the view to taking cognizance of the offence whether a *prima facie* case has been made out for summoning the accused person. The learned Magistrate is not required to evaluate the merits of the materials or evidence in support of the complaint, because the Magistrate



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must not undertake the exercise to find out whether the materials would lead to conviction or not. Only in a case where the complaint does not disclose any offence or is frivolous, vexatious or oppressive, the complaint/FIR can be taken for consideration for quashment. If the allegations set out in the complaint do not constitute the offence of which cognizance has been taken by Magistrate, it can be considered for quashment. Therefore, it is not necessary that a meticulous analysis of the case should be done before the trial to find out whether the case would end in conviction or acquittal. If it appears on a reading of the complaint and consideration of the allegations therein, in the light of the statement made on oath that the ingredients of the offence are disclosed, there would be no justification to interfere. At the initial stage of issuance of process, it is no open to the Court to stifle the proceedings by entering into the merits of the contentions made on behalf of the accused. Therefore, the criminal complaint cannot be quashed only on the ground that the allegations made therein appear to be of a civil nature. If the ingredients of the offence alleged against the accused are *prima facie* made out in the complaint, the criminal proceeding shall not be interdicted.

8. Further, the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India issued directions in



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the judgment reported in **2021 SCC Online SC 315** in the case of
M/s.Neeharika Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd., Vs. State of Maharashtra & ors., as

follows :-

“23.

vi) *Criminal proceedings ought not to be scuttled at the initial stage;*

vii) *Quashing of a complaint/FIR should be an exception rather than an ordinary rule;*

.....

xii) *The first information report is not an encyclopaedia which must disclose all facts and details relating to the offence reported. Therefore, when the investigation by the police is in progress, the court should not go into the merits of the allegations in the FIR. Police must be permitted to complete the investigation. It would be premature to pronounce the conclusion based on hazy facts that the complaint/FIR does not deserve to be investigated or that it amounts to abuse of process of law. After investigation, if the investigating officer finds that there is no substance in the application made by the complainant, the investigating officer may file an appropriate report/summary before the learned Magistrate which may be considered by the learned Magistrate in accordance with the known procedure;*

.....

xv) *When a prayer for quashing the FIR is made by the alleged accused and the court when it exercises the power*



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under Section 482 Cr.P.C., only has to consider whether the allegations in the FIR disclose commission of a cognizable offence or not. The court is not required to consider on merits whether or not the merits of the allegations make out a cognizable offence and the court has to permit the investigating agency/police to investigate the allegations in the FIR;”

9. In view of the above discussions, this Court is not inclined to quash the First Information Report. However, the first respondent is directed to complete the investigation in Crime No.92 of 2025 and file a final report within a period of three months from the date of receipt of a copy of this order, before the jurisdiction Magistrate, if not already filed.

10. Accordingly, this Criminal Original Petition stands dismissed. Consequently, connected miscellaneous petition is closed.

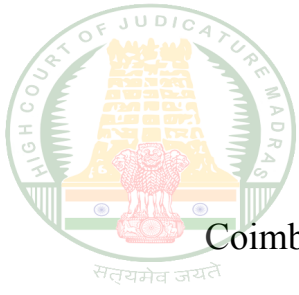
25.04.2025

Index : Yes/No
Neutral citation : Yes/No
Speaking/non-speaking order

kv

To

1. The Inspector of Police,
Pollachi West Police Station,



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Coimbatore District.

2. The Public Prosecutor,
High Court, Madras.



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G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN, J.

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