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HCP No. 518 of 2025



IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED: 23-04-2025

CORAM

**THE HONOURABLE MR JUSTICE M.S. RAMESH
AND
THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE N.SENTHILKUMAR**

HCP No. 518 of 2025

MUNUSAMY

S/o. Shanmugam, No22,
Vinayagapuram 9th Street, Tondiarpet,
Chennai 600 081

Petitioner(s)

Vs

1. State Of Tamil Nadu, Rep By
The Principal Secretary To Government
Home Prohibition And Excise
Departments, Fort St George, Chennai
600 009

2.The Commissioner Of Police
Avadi City Police Commissioner,
Office Of The Commissioner Of Police,
Avadi, Chennai 600 054

3.The Superintendent Of Police
Central Prison, Puzhal , Chennai 66



4.The Inspector Of Police
M6 Manali Police Station, Chennai

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Respondent(s)

PRAYER

To issue a writ of Habeas Corpus or any other writ of direction calling for the records relating to the detention order in Memo no 143/ BCDFGISSSV/ 2024 dated 28.08.2024 passed by the 2nd respondent under the Tamilnadu Act 14 of 1982 and set aside the same and direct the respondent to produce the petitioners son Subash alias Lala S/o. Munusamy the detenue . Now confned in Central Prison, Puzha, Chennai before this honble court and set the petitioners son Subash alias Lala S/O. Munusamy, aged about 23 years the detene herein set him at liberty

For Petitioner : Mr. N. Naresh

For Respondent : Mr.R.Muniyapparaj
Additional Public Prosecutor
Assisted by Mr.M.Sylvester John

ORDER

M.S.RAMESH, J.

AND

N.SENTHILKUMAR, J.

The petitioner herein/ who is the father of the detenu viz. Subash @ Lala, S/o.Munusamy, aged about 23 years, has come forward with this petition challenging the detention order passed by the second respondent dated 28.08.2024 slapped on his son, branding him as "Goonda" under the Tamil Nadu Prevention of Dangerous Activities of Bootleggers, Cyber Law Offenders, Drug Offenders, Forest Offenders, Goondas, Immoral Traffic Offenders, Sand



Offenders, Sexual Offenders, Slum Grabbers and Video Pirates Act, 1982
[Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982].

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2. Heard the learned counsel for the petitioner, as well as the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents.

3. Though several grounds are raised in the petition, the learned counsel for the petitioner submitted that there is an inordinate delay in passing the order of detention.

4. In the instant case, the detenu was arrested on 30.06.2024 and thereafter, the detention order came to be passed on 28.08.2024. This fact is not disputed by the learned Additional Public Prosecutor.

5. In the case of '**Sushanta Kumar Banik Vs. State of Tripura**', reported in '**2022 LiveLaw (SC) 813**', when there was an inordinate delay from the date of proposal till passing of the detention order and likewise, between the date of detention order and the actual arrest, the Hon'ble Supreme Court had held that the live and proximate link, between the grounds and the purpose of detention, stands snapped in arresting the detenu. The relevant observation of the Hon'ble Supreme Court is extracted hereunder:-

“20. It is manifestly clear from a conspectus of the above decisions of this Court, that the underlying principle is that if there

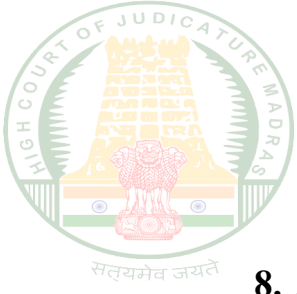


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is unreasonable delay between the date of the order of detention & actual arrest of the detenu and in the same manner from the date of the proposal and passing of the order of detention, such delay unless satisfactorily explained throws a considerable doubt on the genuineness of the requisite subjective satisfaction of the detaining authority in passing the detention order and consequently render the detention order bad and invalid because the “live and proximate link” between the grounds of detention and the purpose of detention is snapped in arresting the detenu. A question whether the delay is unreasonable and stands unexplained depends on the facts and circumstances of each case.”

6. Drawing inspiration from the judgment in ***Sushanta Kumar Banik's case***, a co-ordinate Bench of this Court in the case of '***Gomathi Vs. Principal Secretary to Government and Others***', reported in '***2023 SCC OnLine Mad 6332***', had held that when there is an inordinate delay from the date of arrest/date of proposal till the order of detention, the live and proximate link between them would also stand snapped and thereby, had quashed the detention order on this ground.

7. In yet another case i.e., in '***Nagaraj Vs. State of Tamil Nadu***', reported in '***(2018) 3 MWN (Cri) 428***', this Court had held that the delay of 36 days in passing the detention order after the arrest of the detenu would snap the live and proximate link between the grounds and purpose of detention. Hence, in view of the unexplained and inordinate delay in passing the order of detention, after the arrest of the detenu, the detention order in the present case, is liable to be quashed.



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8. Accordingly, the detention order passed by the second respondent on 28.08.2024 in No.143/BCDFGISSSV/2024 is hereby set aside and the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. The detenu viz., Subash @ Lala, S/o.Munusamy, aged 23 years, now confined at Central Prison, Puzhal, Chennai, is directed to be set at liberty forthwith, unless his confinement is required in connection with any other case.

(M.S.RAMESH J.) (N.SENTHILKUMAR J.)
23-04-2025

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