



CRL.O.P.No.8853 of 2025

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED: 25.03.2025

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN

Crl.O.P.No.8853 of 2025 and
Crl.MP.no.5862 of 2025

- 1.Muhamaddulkbal @ Mohamed Iqbal
- 2.Amanulla
- 3.Abdulkani @ Abdul Gani
- 4.Saiyathkalam @ Syed Alam Sha

... Petitioners

Vs.

State Rep.By its
The Special Sub Inspector of Police,
Mangalamedu Police Station,
Perambalur
(cr.No.379 of 2022)

... Respondent

PRAYER: Criminal Original Petition filed under Section 528 of BNSS praying to call for the records relating to the case in crime No.379 of 2022 on the files of the respondent herein and quash the same as illegal and without jurisdiction.

For Petitioners : Mr.I.Abdul Basith

For Respondent : Mr.A.Gopinath,
Government Advocate (Crl.side)

ORDER

This Criminal Original Petition has been filed to quash the FIR in crime No.379 of 2022 on the file of the respondent registered for the offences under Sections 143 and 341 of IPC.



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2. The case of the prosecution is that the petitioners along with other persons illegally assembled and protested near a toll plaza without any prior permission, against the arrest and raid made by the NIA. Hence, the complaint.

3. The learned Counsel appearing for the petitioners would submit that the petitioners are innocent persons and they have not committed any offence as alleged by the prosecution. He further submitted that FIR is pending for more than two years from the date of registration, which is barred by limitation under Section 468(2)(b) of Cr.P.C. Hence, he prayed to quash the same.

4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl.side) appearing for the respondent would submit that the investigation is almost completed and the respondent police are about to file a final report.

5. Heard the learned counsel for the petitioners and the learned Government Advocate (Crl.side) for the respondent and perused materials available on record.

6. It is to be noted that while exercising the power under Section



482, the Court should be slow, at the same time, if the Court finds that from the entire materials collected by the prosecution taken as a whole, would not constitute any offence, in such situation, directing the parties to undergo ordeal of trial will be a futile exercise and it will infringe the right of the persons and in this regard, the Apex Court in ***State of Haryana and others Vs. Bhajan Lal and Others*** reported in ***1992 Supp (1) Supreme Court Cases 335***, has been held as follows :

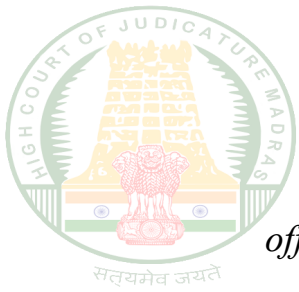
“.....

(a) *where the allegations made in the First Information Report or the complaint, even if they are taken at their face value and accepted in their entirety do not prima facie constitute any offence or make out a case against the accused;*

(b) *where the allegations in the First Information Report and other materials, if any, accompanying the F.I.R. do not disclose a cognizable offence, justifying an investigation by police officers under Section 156(1) of the Code except under an order of a Magistrate within the purview of Section 155(2) of the Code;*

(c) *where the uncontroverted allegations made in the FIR or -complaint and the evidence collected in support of the same do not disclose the commission of any offence and make out a case against the accused;*

(d) *where the allegations in the FIR do not constitute a cognizable offence but constitute only a non-cognizable*



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offence, no investigation is permitted by a police officer without an order of a Magistrate as contemplated under Section 155(2) of the Code;

(e) where the allegations made in the FIR or complaint are so absurd and inherently improbable on the basis of which no prudent person can ever reach a just conclusion that there is sufficient ground for proceeding against the accused;

(f) where there is an express legal bar engrafted in any of the provisions of the Code or the concerned Act (under which a criminal proceeding is instituted) to the institution and continuance of the proceedings and/or where there is a specific provision in the Code or the concerned Act, providing efficacious redress for the grievance of the aggrieved party;

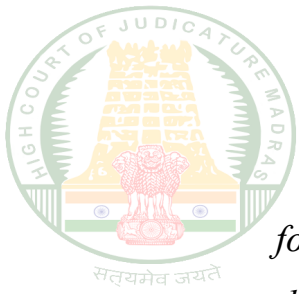
(g) where a criminal proceeding is manifestly attended with mala fide and/or where the proceeding is maliciously instituted with an ulterior motive for wreaking vengeance on the accused and with a view to spite him due to private and personal grudge.”

7. It is also relevant to note the definition of Unlawful Assembly:

“Unlawful Assembly-

An assembly of five or more persons is designated an ? unlawful assembly?, if the common object of the persons composing that assembly is -

(i) to overawe by criminal force, or show of criminal



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force, the Central or any State Government or Parliament or the Legislature of any State, or any public servant in the exercise of the lawful power of such public servant; or

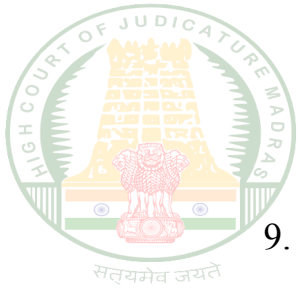
(ii) to resist the execution of any law, or of any legal process; or

(iii) to commit any mischief or criminal trespass, or other offence; or

(iv) by means of criminal force, or show of criminal force, to any person to take or obtain possession of any property, or to deprive any person of the enjoyment of a right of way, or of the use of water or other incorporeal right of which he is in possession or enjoyment, or to enforce any right or supposed right; or

(v) by means of criminal force, or show of criminal force, to compel any person to do what he is not legally bound to do, or to omit to do what he is legally entitled to do.-

8. Only when the assembly fit into any of the above circumstances, it could be construed as unlawful. The accused had not shown any criminal force to commit any mischief, crime or any offence or by way of criminal force or tried to take possession of the property or right to use of incorporeal right which is in possession of enjoyment of others or rights.



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9. Accordingly, this Criminal Original Petition stands allowed and

the FIR in Crime No.379 of 2022 registered by the respondent police for the offences under Sections 143 and 341 of IPC, is hereby quashed as against the petitioners. Consequently, connected miscellaneous petition is closed.

25.03.2025

Internet : Yes / No

Index : Yes / No

Speaking / Non Speaking order

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To

- 1.The Special Sub Inspector of Police,
Mangalamedu Police Station,
Perambalur
- 2.The Public Prosecutor,
High Court, Madras.



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G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN, J.

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