

**IN THE HIGH COURT AT CALCUTTA
CRIMINAL MISCELLANEOUS JURISDICTION**

Sl. 58
01.12.2025
Court No.28
Sc

CRM (A) 3781 OF 2025

In Re : An Application For Anticipatory Bail in connection with
Gariahat Police Station Case **No.187/2023** dated **14.8.2023** under
Sections **420/120B** of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 filed on
04.11.2025.

And

In the matter of: **Mr. Mayur Bhatia**

... Petitioner

Mr. Pawan Kr. Gupta
Mr. Yogesh Kr. Sharma
Ms. Sifia Nisar
Mr. Santanu Seth
Mr. Atul Sureka
Ms. Priyanka Rajak.

... For the Petitioner

Mr. Anand Kesari
Ms. Madhumita Basak.

...For the State

Heard learned counsels for the parties and perused the case
diary.

It has been alleged that certain share transactions were made
by the Bank and its employees without the consent of the
customer/de facto complainant.

It also appears that in the GRC proceedings, the complainant's
claim against the Bank was not accepted.

Considering the above, the other materials available in the
case diary and the alleged role ascribed to the petitioner, I do not

think that custodial interrogation of the petitioner is required in this case and I am inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

Accordingly, the application for anticipatory bail of the petitioner is allowed.

In the event of arrest, the petitioner shall be released on bail upon furnishing a bond of Rs.10,000/- with two sureties of like amount, one of whom must be local, to the satisfaction of the Arresting Officer and also be subject to the conditions as laid down under Section 438(2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 corresponding to Section 482(2) of the BNSS, 2023 and on further condition that the petitioner shall cooperate with investigation, if any, and shall not threaten or intimidate the witnesses.

The petitioner shall surrender before the learned jurisdictional Court and pray for bail within four weeks from this date.

The application for anticipatory bail is, thus, disposed of.

(Jay Sengupta, J.)