

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT PATNA
CRIMINAL MISCELLANEOUS No.25117 of 2025

Arising Out of PS. Case No.-707 Year-2024 Thana- Excise P.S. District- Nawada

Manish Kumar @ Manish Yadav Son of Bilo Yadav Resident of Village- Moti Bigha, P.S.- Nawada (Nagar), District- Nawada,

... .. Petitioner/s

Versus

The State of Bihar

... .. Opposite Party/s

Appearance :

For the Petitioner/s : Mr. Man Mohan Kumar, Advocate

For the State : Mr. Kanhiya Kishor, APP

CORAM: HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE RAJESH KUMAR VERMA
ORAL ORDER

2 07-05-2025 Heard Mr. Man Mohan Kumar, learned counsel for the petitioner and Mr. Kanhaiya Kishor, learned Additional Public Prosecutor for the State.

2. The petitioner is apprehending his arrest in connection with Nawada Excise P.S. Case No. 707 of 2024, F.I.R dated 08.10.2024 registered for the offences punishable under Section 30(a) of Bihar Prohibition and Excise Act, 2016/ Amendment Act, 2018 and 2022.

3. Recovery is of 18 liters of country made liquor and as per allegation, the petitioner was selling and packing liquor and after seeing the police, he fled away from the place of occurrence.

4. Learned counsel for the petitioner submits that the petitioner has clean antecedent and has falsely been



implicated in the present case. The allegation as alleged in the FIR is false and fabricated. He further submits that it appears from the FIR and seizure list that nothing has been recovered from the conscious possession of the petitioner rather the recovery has been made from the field of one, Sodhi Yadav. Name of the petitioner transpired on the basis of disclosure made by a local person, namely, Dukhan Manjhi. Except the aforesaid, no other material has come during the investigation which suggest the involvement of the petitioner in the present occurrence. There is non-compliance with mandatory procedure prescribed for recovery under Section 100 of Cr.P.C / Section 103 of Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita. No case, whatsoever, would be made out against the petitioner under the Bihar Prohibition and Excise Act.

5. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor has vehemently opposed the prayer for anticipatory bail of the petitioner referring the provision contained in Section 76(2) of the Bihar Prohibition and Excise Act and submitted that the pre-arrest bail would not be maintainable.

6. This court is aware of the decision of the Full Bench in the case of **Ram Vinay Yadav vs. State of Bihar** reported in **2019(2) P.L.J.R. 1089**. Having regard to the law laid



down in the aforesaid judgment and the submission advanced on behalf of the parties, this Court, for the limited purpose of grant of anticipatory bail, is inclined to accept the submission of counsel for the petitioner.

7. Considering the aforesaid facts that the petitioner has clean antecedent, nothing has been recovered from conscious possession of the petitioner and name of the petitioner transpired on the basis of disclosure made by a local person, namely, Dukhan Manjhi, let the petitioner, above named, in the event of his arrest or surrender before the court below within a period of thirty days from the date of receipt of the order, be released on bail on furnishing bail bond of Rs. 10,000/- (Ten Thousand) with two sureties of the like amount each to the satisfaction of the learned Exclusive Special Court, Excise-2, Nawada in connection with Nawada Excise P.S. Case No. 707 of 2024, subject to the conditions as laid down under Section 438(2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure / Section 482(2) of the Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita and with other following conditions:-

i. Petitioner shall co-operate in the trial and shall be properly represented on each and every date fixed by the court and shall remain physically present as directed by the court and



on his absence on two consecutive dates without sufficient reason, his bail bond shall be cancelled by the Court below.

ii. If the petitioner tampers with the evidence or the witnesses, in that case, the prosecution will be at liberty to move for cancellation of bail.

iii. And further condition that the court below shall verify the criminal antecedent of the petitioner and in case at any stage it is found that the petitioner has concealed his criminal antecedent, the court below shall take step for cancellation of bail bond of the petitioner. However, the acceptance of bail bonds in terms of the above-mentioned order shall not be delayed for purpose of or in the name of verification.

(Rajesh Kumar Verma, J)

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