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\* **IN THE HIGH COURT OF DELHI AT NEW DELHI**

+ **CRL.M.C. 3766/2024**

**SUMANT CHAUHAN**

..... Petitioner

Through: Mr.Rahul Talwar, Adv.

versus

**STATE OF NCT OF DELHI & ANR.** ..... Respondents

Through: Mr.Satinder Singh Bawa, APP  
with SI Bharat Singh.

Mr.Vijayendra Pratap, Adv. for  
R-2 along with R-2 in person.

**CORAM:**

**HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE NAVIN CHAWLA**

**ORDER**

% **09.05.2024**

**CRL.M.A. 14406/2024 (exemption)**

1. Allowed, subject to all just exceptions.

**CRL.M.C. 3766/2024**

2. This petition has been filed under Section 482 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (in short, 'Cr.P.C.') seeking quashing of FIR No.55/2021 registered at Police Station: Uttam Nagar, Dwarka District, Delhi under Sections 498A/406/34 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (in short, 'IPC'), along with all other proceedings arising therefrom, on the basis of settlement.

3. Issue notice.

4. Notice is accepted by Mr.Satinder Singh Bawa, learned APP for the State and Mr. Vijayendra Pratap, learned counsel for the respondent no.2.

5. The learned counsel for the petitioner submits that the subject



FIR was an offshoot of the matrimonial discord between the parties, that is, the petitioner and the respondent no.2. He submits that the parties have amicably settled their *inter se* disputes and have entered into a settlement on 11.05.2023 before the Mediation Centre, Dwarka Courts, New Delhi.

6. The marriage between the petitioner and respondent no.2 has already been dissolved vide Decree of Divorce dated 02.11.2023, passed by learned Additional Principal Judge, Family Court, West District, Tis Hazari Courts, Delhi.

7. The respondent no.2, who appears in person and has been duly identified by the IO, reaffirms the above-mentioned settlement and states that she has settled all the disputes with the petitioner out of her own free will and without any coercion. She submits that she has no objection if the present FIR is quashed.

8. I have perused the contents of the FIR and also the Settlement between the parties.

9. Keeping in view the fact that the disputes between the parties arose out of a matrimonial relationship, and now the same have been amicably settled, a Decree of Divorce has also been passed by the learned Family Court, and also looking into the nature of the allegations made in the complaint, in my opinion, no useful purpose would be served in keeping the FIR alive. In fact, it would rather create further acrimony between the parties and will be an unnecessary burden on the State Exchequer.

10. Guided by the principles enunciated by the Supreme Court in its judgments in *Jitendra Raghuvanshi v. Babita Raghuvanshi*, (2013) 4



SCC 58, *Gian Singh v. State of Punjab*, (2012) 10 SCC 303; *Parbatbhai Aahir @ Parbatbhai Bhimsinbhai Karmur & Ors. v. State of Gujarat & Ors.* (2017) 9 SCC 641; and, *State of Haryana & Ors. v. Bhajan Lal & Ors.* 1992 Supp (1) SCC 335, this Court deems it appropriate, in the interest of justice, to exercise its inherent powers under Section 482 of the Cr.P.C. to quash the FIR and all the proceedings emanating therefrom.

11. Accordingly, the petition is allowed. FIR No.55/2021 registered at Police Station: Uttam Nagar, Dwarka District, Delhi under Sections 498A/406/34 of the IPC and all consequential proceedings emanating therefrom against the petitioner are quashed.

NAVIN CHAWLA, J

MAY 9, 2024  
RN/AS

[Click here to check corrigendum, if any](#)