

IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA AT
CHANDIGARH

307

CRM-M-30502-2024
Date of decision: 06.08.2024

RAJ KISHORE

....PETITIONER

V/s

STATE OF HARYANA AND ANOTHER

....RESPONDENTS

CORAM: HON’BLE MR. JUSTICE SUMEET GOEL

Present: Ms. Pooja Jaglan, Advocate
for the petitioner.

Mr. Parveen Bhadu, AAG, Haryana.

Mr. Manmeet Bindra, Advocate
for respondent No.2.

SUMEET GOEL, J.

1. By way of present petition, the petitioner is seeking quashing of FIR No.133 dated 28.06.2019 under Sections 323, 34, 354-A, 406, 498-A, 506 of IPC, registered at Police Station Women Police Station, District Panipat and all consequential proceedings arising therefrom on the basis of compromise dated 28.05.2024 (Annexure P-2), which is stated to have been effected between the parties.

2 On 09.07.2024, the following order was passed:

“The petitioner has approached this Court seeking quashing of FIR (Annexure P-1) and all consequential proceedings emanating therefrom on the basis of a compromise having been effected between the parties.

Notice of motion.

At this stage, Ms. Mahima Yashpal, DAG, Haryana, has put in appearance on behalf of respondent No.1-and accepts notice. Mr. Ajay Kripal Singh, Advocate has appeared and filed vakalatnama on behalf of respondent No.2. The same be taken on record.

The parties are directed to get their statements recorded qua the factum of compromise in the following manner:

(i) The petitioner shall appear before the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate concerned on 16.07.2024 or any date thereafter as fixed by trial Court/Illaq Magistrate for recording statements of the petitioner as well as of the complainant qua the factum of compromise. As and when any such appearance is made, the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate shall do the needful for recording the statements of the parties qua the factum of the compromise. It shall be open to the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate to either record the statements of the parties by physical process or by video conferencing as deemed appropriate by the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate.

(ii) In case the statement is to be recorded by way of video conferencing, the parties concerned shall be duly identified through video conferencing by their respective counsel, subject to the satisfaction of the Presiding Officer.

(iii) The trial Court/Illaq Magistrate may also choose to get the statements of the parties recorded through some Commissioner, appointed by the Court who would be some Advocate having sufficient standing at the Bar. In case the statement is recorded through some Commissioner, such Commissioner/Advocate shall furnish an affidavit after recording statements to the effect that the parties had appeared before him/her and he/she had recorded their statements as per law and that the said parties had been duly identified by their respective counsel. This shall be subject to satisfaction of trial Court/Illaq Magistrate.

After recording the statements of all the affected parties in either of the aforesaid manner, the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate shall submit its report on the basis of the statements so recorded as to whether all the affected parties have entered into a compromise and as to whether the compromise in question is found to be a valid compromise and has been effected without there being any kind of influence or coercion. The trial Court/Illaq Magistrate shall also report as regards the following facts after seeking information from Investigating Officer, concerned:

(i) Whether there is any other accused other than the petitioners, arrayed in this petition?

(ii) Whether there is any other complainant or affected/aggrieved party other than the respondents, arrayed in the petition?

(iii) Whether any accused has been declared Proclaimed Offender?

The report be submitted before this Court before the next date of hearing i.e. 06.08.2024."

3. Pursuant to the aforesaid order, report dated 20.07.2024 from Judicial Magistrate, Ist Class, Panipat, has been received, which is taken on record. As per the report, the Trial Court has recorded as follows:-

"1. It is humbly submitted that vide order dated 09.07.2024 passed in CRM-M-30502-2024 by Hon'ble Punjab and Haryana High Court, Chandigarh has directed the parties as well as Investigating officer were to appear before Illaqua Magistrate/Trial Court to record their statements on 16.07.2024. The Hon'ble High Court in the said order had directed as thus:

(i) Whether there is any other accused other than the petitioners arrayed in this petitioner"

(ii) Whether there is any other complainant or affected aggrieved party other than the respondents, arrayed in the petition?

(iii) Whether any accused has been declared Proclaimed Offender?

2. As per directions of the Hon'ble Punjab and Haryana High Court, Chandigarh, complainant Babita wife of Raj Kishore, aged 36 years, resident of Village H.No.201, Jyoti Colony, Bichpuri Chowk, Panipat and accused Raj Kishore son of Shri Brahmpal, aged 35 years, resident of Muskipur Saharnpur, Uttar Pradesh appeared. Statements of both the parties regarding compromise recorded and also verified the factum of compromise between the parties which was entered with free will and full sense of the parties. Notice was issued to the Investigating Officer to report regarding number of persons arrayed as accused in the FIR, any accused is proclaimed offender, the compromise is genuine, voluntary and without any coercion or undue influence, the accused person is involved in any other case or not. In pursuance of the notice to Investigating officer ASI Santosh No.61 PPT, Police Station Women, Panipat appeared before the Court and got recorded her statement on 19.07.2024. Same are attached herewith.

(i) Total 5 persons arrayed as accused in the FIR and but Bhrampal, Shimla, Neetu and Ilam Chand were found innocent in the present case and were not forwarded to the court for trial.

(ii) No other person except the complainant is aggrieved party in the case.

(iii) No accused person was declared proclaimed person in this case.

3. On oral inquiry both the parties have stated that the matter has been settled amicably without any pressure. I also specifically inquired from the complainant about the validity of compromise. She has stated that the compromise arrived in the said matter is voluntarily and without any pressure or coercion. Matter is at investigation stage.

4. It is submitted that undersigned satisfied that no other case is pending against the accused other than the present case and no accused person has been declared as Proclaimed offender in this case. There is no other accused in the present case. Same are attached herewith.”

4. Learned counsel for respondent No.2 admits the factum of parties having compromised and states that he has no objection in case the FIR and all proceedings subsequent thereto against the petitioner are quashed.

5. Similarly, learned State counsel has stated that he has no objection in case the FIR is quashed based upon the compromise (Annexure P-2).

6. I have heard learned Counsel for the parties and have carefully gone through the records of the case.

7. This Court and the Hon'ble Apex Court has repeatedly dealt with the issue of exercise of jurisdiction under Section 482 of the Code to quash proceeding in non-compoundable offences in the cases of ***Gian Singh vs. State of Punjab and another, 2012(10) SCC 303, Kulwinder Singh & others vs. State of Punjab & another, 2007 (3) RCR (Criminal) 1052 and Ram Gopal and another vs. State of Madhya Pradesh, 2021(4) R.C.R. (Criminal) 322 (Criminal Appeal No.1489 of 2012 decided on 29th of September, 2021)***. The proposition of law that emerges from the aforesaid decisions rendered by the Hon'ble Apex Court and this Court is :

- (a) *Power u/s 482 Cr.P.C. vested with this Court is much wider and is unaffected by Section 320 of the Code.*
- (b) *However, wider the power greater the caution.*
- (c) *The underlining principle while exercising such power is that it can be invoked to quash the proceedings recognizing compromise between the parties in the matters which are overwhelmingly and*

predominantly of civil character like commercial transactions or arising out of matrimonial relationship or family disputes.

- (d) The said power is not to be exercised in the prosecutions involving heinous and serious offences of mental depravity or offences like murder, rape, dacoity etc. as such offences are not private in nature and have a serious impact on society.*
- (e) Section 482 Cr.P.C. casts duty upon the High Court to advance interest of justice as well. It is in recognition of this duty casted upon the High Court, that Apex Court held that the High Court would not refuse to quash FIR under Section 307 merely because FIR finds mention thereof. High Court can assess nature of injuries sustained, whether such injuries inflicted on vital/delicate parts of the body/nature of weapons used etc.*
- (f) Such exercise at the hands of High Court would be permissible only after the evidence is collected after investigation and chargesheet is filed/charges framed during the trial. Such exercise cannot be carried out while the matter is still under investigation.*
- (g) While quashing FIR in non-compoundable offences even which are of private in nature, High Court is required to consider antecedents of the accused, conduct of the accused and whether he was absconding or whether he has managed the complainant to enter into a compromise.*

8. Thus, keeping in view the aforesaid facts and circumstances, this Court is of the considered opinion that it is a fit case to exercise jurisdiction vested u/s 482 Cr.P.C. to quash the FIR as :-

- (i) Putting a quietus to the proceedings will bring peace and tranquility amongst parties & will accordingly further the cause of substantial justice.*
- (ii) The offences alleged are primarily of private nature.*
- (iii) The parties have compromised.*
- (iv) As per the report received the compromise is said to be voluntary in its nature.*
- (v) Complainant/victim is reported to have entered into compromise on his own volition*

9. Consequently, the petition is allowed. FIR No.133 dated

registered at Police Station Women Police Station, District Panipat and all consequential proceedings arising therefrom on the basis of compromise dated 28.05.2024 (Annexure P-2), are, hereby, quashed qua the petitioner.

10. Pending application(s), if any, shall also stand disposed off.

(SUMEET GOEL)
JUDGE

August 06, 2024
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Whether speaking/reasoned:	Yes/No
Whether reportable:	Yes/No