

**CRM-M-2856-2024**

**2024:PHHC:054392**

**291-2**

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA  
AT CHANDIGARH**

**CRM-M-2856-2024**

**Date of Decision : 22-04-2024**

**Kuldeep Singh @ Goonga and ors**

**.....Petitioner(s)**

**Versus**

**State of Punjab and ors**

**.....Respondent(s)**

**CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE PANKAJ JAIN**

Present:- Mr. Gurnoor Singh, Advocate for  
Mr. Manbir S. Basra, Advocate  
for the petitioners.

Mr. J.S. Arora, DAG Punjab  
along with ASI Satnam Singh.

Mr. A.S. Brar, Advocate  
For respondent Nos.2 to 5.

**PANKAJ JAIN, J. (Oral)**

1. By way of the present petition, petitioners are seeking quashing of FIR No.102 dated 04.11.2023, registered for offences punishable under Sections 324, 323, 506 and 34 of Indian Penal Code, 1860 at Police Station Qadian, Police District Batala, District Gurdaspur along with all subsequent proceedings arising thereto on the basis of compromise.

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2. On 19.01.2024, the following order was passed :-

*“The present petition has been moved invoking jurisdiction of this Court under Section 482 Cr.P.C. by the petitioners seeking quashing of case FIR No.102 dated 04.11.2023, registered for offences punishable under Sections 324, 323, 506, 34 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 at Police Station Qadian, Tehsil Batala, District Gurdaspur and all subsequent proceedings arising thereto on the basis of compromise.*

*Ld. Counsel for the petitioners contends that the matter already stands compromised vide Annexure P-2.*

*Notice of motion for 22.04.2024.*

*Mr. Tarun Aggarwal, Sr. DAG, Punjab, appears and accepts notice on behalf of respondent No. 1-State.*

*Mr. Anupinder S. Brar, Advocate appears and accepts notice on behalf of respondent No.2 to 5 and admits the fact of there being a compromise between the parties.*

*In view of the above, the parties are directed to appear before learned Trial Court/Duty Magistrate on 07.02.2024. On their doing so, the learned Trial Court/Duty Magistrate shall record their statements and furnish its report to this Court by the next date of hearing on the following aspects:-*

*1. Number of persons arrayed as accused in the FIR.*

*2. Whether any accused is proclaimed offender?*

*3. Whether the compromise is genuine, voluntary and without any coercion or undue influence?*

*4. Whether the accused persons are involved in any other case or not?*

*5. The Trial Court is also directed to record the statement of the Investigating Officer as to how many victims/ complainants are there in the FIR.*

*A copy of the report be also sent to the Registrar Judicial of this Court.*

*Needless to say that in case for any reason the statements are not recorded on the aforesaid date, the learned Trial Court/Duty Magistrate shall be at liberty to call the parties on any other date but not later than a week thereafter.”*

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3. Pursuant to the aforesaid order, report dated 13.03.2024 from Judicial Magistrate 1<sup>st</sup> Class, Batala has been received, which is taken on record. As per the report, the Trial Court has recorded as follows:-

*“8. In compliance to the aforesaid order dated 19.01.2024 of Hon'ble Punjab and Haryana High Court, it is respectfully submitted that the point-wise report of undersigned is as follows:-*

*i. It is submitted that as per statement of investigating officer the present FIR has been registered against four persons namely Kuldeep Singh@Goonga son of Balwinder Singh, Balwinder Singh son of Daleep Singh, Prabhleen Singh@Prabhjeet Singh son of Sarabjeet Singh through his gurdian(mother) Mandeep Kaur and Sawinder Kaur wife of Balwinder Singh i.e. petitioners no. 1 to 4.*

*ii. None of the accused has been declared as proclaimed person/offender in the present case.*

*iii. In view of the statements got recorded by both the parties, this court is satisfied that the compromise effected between them is genuine, which is not the result of any pressure or coercion.*

*iv. It is submitted that as per statement of investigating officer, no other FIR/complaint is pending against accused persons at P.S. Qadian*

*v. It is submitted that as per statement of investigating officer, there are four victims/complainants in the present FIR.*

*9. As such, report is submitted accordingly alongwith the statements for the kind perusal of your goodself.”*

4. Learned counsel for respondent Nos.2 to 5 admits the fact of parties having compromised and states that he has no objection in case the FIR and all proceedings subsequent thereto against the petitioners are quashed.

5. Similarly, learned State counsel has stated no objection in case the FIR is quashed based upon the compromise dated 18.12.2023 (Annexure P-2).

6. I have heard learned Counsel for the parties and have carefully gone through the records of the case.

7. This Court and Apex Court has repeatedly dealt with the issue of exercise of jurisdiction under Section 482 Cr.P.C. to quash proceedings recognizing compromise between parties in non-compoundable offences in the cases of *Gian Singh vs. State of Punjab and another, 2012(10) SCC 303, State of Madhya Pradesh vs. Laxmi Narayan and others (2019) 5 SCC 688, Kulwinder Singh & others vs. State of Punjab & another, 2007 (3) RCR (Criminal) 1052, Ram Gopal and another vs. State of Madhya Pradesh, 2021(4) R.C.R. (Criminal) 322 (Criminal Appeal No.1489 of 2012 decided on 29<sup>th</sup> of September, 2021) and Mohammad Wajid & anr. Vs. State of U.P. & ors, 2023 AIR (SC) 3784*. The proposition of law that emerges from the aforesaid decisions rendered by Apex Court and this Court is :

*(a) Power u/s 482 Cr.P.C. vested with this Court is much wider and is unaffected by Section 320 of the Code.*

*(b) However, wider the power greater the caution.*

*(c) The underlining principle while exercising such power is that it can be invoked to quash the proceedings recognizing compromise between the parties in the matters which are overwhelmingly and predominantly of civil character like*

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*commercial transactions or arising out of matrimonial relationship or family disputes.*

*(d) The said power is not to be exercised in the prosecutions involving heinous and serious offences of mental depravity or offences like murder, rape, dacoity etc. as such offences are not private in nature and have a serious impact on society.*

*(e) Section 482 Cr.P.C. casts duty upon the High Court to advance interest of justice as well. It is in recognition of this duty casted upon the High Court, that Apex Court held that the High Court would not refuse to quash FIR under Section 307 merely because FIR finds mention thereof. High Court can assess nature of injuries sustained, whether such injuries inflicted on vital/delicate parts of the body/nature of weapons used etc.*

*(f) Such exercise at the hands of High Court would be permissible only after the evidence is collected after investigation and chargesheet is filed/charges framed during the trial. Such exercise cannot be carried out while the matter is still under investigation.*

*(g) While quashing FIR in non-compoundable offences even which are of private in nature, High Court is required to consider antecedents of the accused, conduct of the accused and whether he was absconding or whether he has managed the complainant to enter into a compromise.*

*(h) When it comes to quashing of FIR or criminal proceedings, the criminal antecedents of the accused cannot be the sole consideration to decline to quash the criminal proceedings.*

8. Thus, keeping in view the aforesaid facts and circumstances, this Court is of the considered opinion that it is a fit case to exercise jurisdiction vested u/s 482 Cr.P.C. to quash the FIR as :-

*(i) The present matter does not fall within the exceptions as carved out in **Laxmi Narayan's** case (supra) i.e. heinous offence.*

*(ii) The offences alleged are of private nature.*

*(iii) The parties have compromised.*

*(iv) As per the report received the compromise is said to be voluntary in its nature.*

*(v) Complainant/victim is reported to have entered into compromise on his own volition.*

9. Consequently, the petition is allowed. FIR No.102 dated 04.11.2023, registered for offences punishable under Sections 324, 323, 506 and 34 of Indian Penal Code, 1860 at Police Station Qadian, Police District Batala, District Gurdaspur and all proceedings arising therefrom on the basis of compromise are hereby quashed *qua* petitioner(s).

22.04.2024  
*spn*

(PANKAJ JAIN)  
JUDGE

Whether speaking/reasoned : Yes/No  
Whether reportable : Yes/No