



HCP.No.2287 of 2024

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED : 27.09.2024

CORAM :

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE S.M.SUBRAMANIAM
AND
THE HONOURABLE DR. JUSTICE A.D. MARIA CLETE

H.C.P.No.2287 of 2024

A.Mohamed Asarudhin

... Petitioner/Friend of the Detenu

Vs.

1. The State of Tamil Nadu,
Represented by its Secretary to Government,
Department of Home, Prohibition and Excise,
Fort St.George,
Chennai - 600 009.
2. The District Collector and District Magistrate,
Perambalur District,
Perambalur.
3. The Superintendent of Police,
Perambalur.
4. The The Superintendent,
Central Prison,
Tiruchirappalli.
5. The Inspector of Police,
Padalur Police Station,
Perambalur.

... Respondents



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Prayer: Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India, praying for the issuance of Writ of Habeas Corpus, calling for the records and produce the body or person of the detenu in detention order in CrI.M.P.No.05 of 2024 dated 12.02.2024 on the file of the 2nd respondent herein and produce the petitioner's friend Kamal S/o Arumugam age about 30 years, quash the same and set the detenue at liberty.

For Petitioner	: Mr.D.Saikumaran
For Respondents	: Mr.E.Raj Thilak
	Additional Public Prosecutor

ORDER

(Order of the Court was made by *S.M.SUBRAMANIAM, J.*)

The preventive detention order passed by the second respondent dated 12.02.2024 is sought to be quashed in the present habeas corpus petition.

2. Heard the learned counsel for the petitioner, as well as the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents.

3. Though several grounds are raised in the petition, the learned counsel for the petitioner submitted that there is an inordinate delay in passing the order of detention.



4. In the instant case, the detenu was arrested on 11.07.2023 and thereafter, the detention order came to be passed on 12.02.2024. This fact is not disputed by the learned Additional Public Prosecutor.

5. In the case of '**Sushanta Kumar Banik Vs. State of Tripura**', reported in '**2022 LiveLaw (SC) 813**', when there was an inordinate delay from the date of proposal till passing of the detention order and likewise, between the date of detention order and the actual arrest, the Hon'ble Supreme Court had held that the live and proximate link, between the grounds and the purpose of detention, stands snapped in arresting the detenu. The relevant observation of the Hon'ble Supreme Court is extracted hereunder:-

“20. It is manifestly clear from a conspectus of the above decisions of this Court, that the underlying principle is that if there is unreasonable delay between the date of the order of detention & actual arrest of the detenu and in the same manner from the date of the proposal and passing of the order of detention, such delay unless satisfactorily explained throws a considerable doubt on the genuineness of the requisite subjective satisfaction of the detaining authority in passing the detention order and consequently render the detention order bad and invalid because the “live and proximate link” between the grounds of detention and the purpose of detention is snapped in arresting the detenu. A question whether the delay is unreasonable and stands unexplained depends on the facts and



circumstances of each case.”

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6. Drawing inspiration from the judgment in ***Sushanta Kumar Banik's case***, a co-ordinate Bench of this Court in the case of '***Gomathi Vs. Principal Secretary to Government and Others***', reported in '***2023 SCC OnLine Mad 6332***', had held that when there is an inordinate delay from the date of arrest/date of proposal till the order of detention, the live and proximate link between them would also stand snapped and thereby, had quashed the detention order on this ground.

7. In yet another case i.e., in '***Nagaraj Vs. State of Tamil Nadu***', reported in '***(2018) 3 MWN (Cri) 428***', this Court had held that the delay of 36 days in passing the detention order after the arrest of the detenu would snap the live and proximate link between the grounds and purpose of detention. Hence, in view of the unexplained and inordinate delay in passing the order of detention, after the arrest of the detenu, the detention order in the present case, is liable to be quashed.



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8. Accordingly, the detention order passed by the second respondent in proceedings Cr.M.P.No.05/2024 dated 12.02.2024 is hereby set aside and the Habeas Corpus Petition is **allowed**. The detenu viz., Kamal, aged 30/2024, S/o. Arumugam confined at Central Prison, Tiruchirappalli is directed to be set at liberty forthwith, unless his confinement is required in connection with any other case.

[S.M.S., J.] [A.D.M.C., J.]
27.09.2024

Index: Yes/No
Speaking/Non-speaking order
veda



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To

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1. The State of Tamil Nadu,
Represented by its Secretary to Government,
Department of Home, Prohibition and Excise,
Fort St.George,
Chennai - 600 009.
2. The Joint Secretary to Government,
Public (Law and Order) Department,
Fort St.George, Chennai - 9.
3. The District Collector and District Magistrate,
Perambalur District,
Perambalur.
4. The Superintendent of Police,
Perambalur.
5. The The Superintendent,
Central Prison,
Tiruchirappalli.
6. The Inspector of Police,
Padalur Police Station,
Perambalur.
7. The Public Prosecutor,
Madras High Court,
Chennai - 104.



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S.M.SUBRAMANIAM, J.
AND
DR.A.D.MARIA CLETE, J.

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