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H.C.P.No.1570 of 2024

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED : 31.07.2024

CORAM :

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE M.S. RAMESH

and

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE SUNDER MOHAN

H.C.P.No.1570 of 2024

J.Hakkim

... Petitioner

Vs.

1.The Additional Chief Secretary to Government
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department
Fort St. George
Chennai – 600 009

2.The District Collector and District Magistrate
Office of the District Collector
Tiruppur
Tiruppur District

3.The Superintendent
Central Prison
Coimbatore

4.The Superintendent of Police
Tiruppur
Tiruppur District



H.C.P.No.1570 of 2024

5.The Inspector of Police
Mangalam Police Station
Tiruppur, Tiruppur District

... Respondents

PRAYER: Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India to issue a Writ of Habeas Corpus, calling for the records of the impugned detention order passed by the 2nd respondent vide Cr.M.P.No.29/GOONDA/ 2024 dated 13.04.2024 against the petitioner Hakkim, S/o.Late Jemmesha, aged about 40 years, who is confined at Central Prison, Coimbatore and set aside the same and further direct the respondents to produce the detenu before this Court and set him at liberty.

For Petitioner	: Mr.B.Balavijayan
For Respondents	: Mr.A.Gokulakrishnan, Additional Public Prosecutor

ORDER

M.S.RAMESH, J.
AND
SUNDER MOHAN, J.

The petitioner herein is the detenu himself viz. Hakkim, aged about 40 years, S/o.Late Jemmesha, has come forward with this petition challenging the detention order passed by the 2nd respondent dated



H.C.P.No.1570 of 2024

13.04.2024 slapped on him, branding him as "Goonda" under the Tamil Nadu Prevention of Dangerous Activities of Bootleggers, Cyber Law Offenders, Drug Offenders, Forest Offenders, Goondas, Immoral Traffic Offenders, Sand Offenders, Sexual Offenders, Slum Grabbers and Video Pirates Act, 1982 [Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982].

2. Heard the learned counsel for the petitioner, as well as the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents.

3. Though several grounds are raised in the petition, the learned counsel for the petitioner submitted that there is an inordinate delay in passing the order of detention.

4. In the instant case, the detenu was arrested on 23.02.2024 and thereafter, the detention order came to be passed on 13.04.2024. This fact is not disputed by the learned Additional Public Prosecutor.

5. In the case of '**Sushanta Kumar Banik Vs. State of Tripura**', reported in '**2022 LiveLaw (SC) 813**', when there was an inordinate delay



H.C.P.No.1570 of 2024

from the date of proposal till passing of the detention order and likewise, between the date of detention order and the actual arrest, the Hon'ble Supreme Court had held that the live and proximate link, between the grounds and the purpose of detention, stands snapped in arresting the detenu. The relevant observation of the Hon'ble Supreme Court is extracted hereunder:-

“20. It is manifestly clear from a conspectus of the above decisions of this Court, that the underlying principle is that if there is unreasonable delay between the date of the order of detention & actual arrest of the detenu and in the same manner from the date of the proposal and passing of the order of detention, such delay unless satisfactorily explained throws a considerable doubt on the genuineness of the requisite subjective satisfaction of the detaining authority in passing the detention order and consequently render the detention order bad and invalid because the “live and proximate link” between the grounds of detention and the purpose of detention is snapped in arresting the detenu. A question whether the delay is unreasonable and stands unexplained depends on the facts and circumstances of each case.”



H.C.P.No.1570 of 2024

WEB COPY

6. Drawing inspiration from the judgment in ***Sushanta Kumar Banik's case***, a co-ordinate Bench of this Court in the case of '***Gomathi Vs. Principal Secretary to Government and Others***', reported in '***2023 SCC OnLine Mad 6332***', had held that when there is an inordinate delay from the date of arrest/date of proposal till the order of detention, the live and proximate link between them would also stand snapped and thereby, had quashed the detention order on this ground.

7. In yet another case i.e., in '***Nagaraj Vs. State of Tamil Nadu***', reported in '***(2018) 3 MWN (Cri) 428***', this Court had held that the delay of 36 days in passing the detention order after the arrest of the detenu would snap the live and proximate link between the grounds and purpose of detention. Hence, in view of the unexplained and inordinate delay in passing the order of detention, after the arrest of the detenu, the detention order in the present case, is liable to be quashed.

8. Accordingly, the detention order passed by the 2nd respondent on 13.04.2024 in Cr.M.P.No.29/Goonda/2024, is hereby set aside and the



H.C.P.No.1570 of 2024

Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. The detenu viz., Hakkim, aged about 40 years, S/o.Late Jemmesha, is directed to be set at liberty forthwith, unless his confinement is required in connection with any other case.

[M.S.R., J] [S.M., J]
31.07.2024

kas

Index : Yes / No
Neutral Citation

Note :- Registry shall forthwith return the booklet containing the materials, on which, the Detaining Authority has placed reliance, to the petitioner/counsel for the petitioner with due acknowledgment.

To

1.The Additional Chief Secretary to Government
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H.C.P.No.1570 of 2024

WEB COPY

5.The Inspector of Police
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6.The Public Prosecutor
High Court of Madras
Chennai 600 104



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