



Crl.O.P.No.9903 of 2024

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T.V.THAMILSELVI, J.

The petitioners, who apprehends arrest for the alleged offence punishable under Sections 457, 380 of IPC in Crime No.54 of 2024, seek anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution as per the de-facto complainant is that the accused persons have trespassed into her medical shop and stolen a sum of Rs.1000/- and 20 Alprax Tablets from her shop. Hence the case.

3. The learned counsel appearing for the petitioners submit that the petitioners are innocent persons and they have not committed any offence as alleged by the prosecution. He would submit that they have been falsely implicated in this case. Hence, he prays for grant of anticipatory bail to the petitioners.

4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl.Side) appearing for the



respondent submit that there are totally four accused and A1 and A2 were arrested and enlarged on bail. He would submit that there is no previous case is pending as against the petitioners. However, he opposed for grant of anticipatory bail to the petitioners.

5. Considering the facts and circumstances of the case and also considering the submissions made by the learned counsel on either side, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioners subject to the following conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioners are ordered to be released on anticipatory bail in the event of arrest or on their appearance before the **learned Judicial Magistrate Court, Thiruvarur** on condition that the petitioners shall execute a separate bond for a sum of **Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten thousand only)** with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on



further condition that:

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[a] the petitioners and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioners are directed to report before the respondent police on every Sunday at 10.30 a.m., for a period of three months and thereafter, as and when required for interrogation.

[c] the petitioners shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioners shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioners in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioners released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in



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[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

24.04.2024

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