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H.C.P.No.1285 of 2024

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED : 04.07.2024

CORAM :

**THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE M.S.RAMESH
AND
THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE SUNDER MOHAN**

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Sangeetha

.. Petitioner/
Wife of the detenue

Versus

1. The State of Tamilnadu,
Rep. by its Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition & Excise Department,
Fort St. George, Chennai - 9.
2. The Commissioner of Police, Salem City,
Salem District.
3. The Superintendent,
Central Prison, Salem - 636 007.
4. State, rep. by the Inspector of Police,
Sooramangalam Police Station,
Salem District.
(Crime No.204 of 2024)

.. Respondents

Prayer : Habeas Corpus Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying for the issuance of a Writ of Habeas Corpus, to call for the entire records leading to the detention of petitioner's husband, the Detenue,



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Thiru.Amarnath, aged 39 years, son of Kumar, presently detained in Central Prison, Salem, under Section 2(f) of the Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982, branded as 'GOONDA' vide the detention order, dated 05.03.2024 in C.M.P.No.12/Goonda/Salem City/2024, on the file of the 2nd respondent herein, directing to produce the person or body of the Detenue Thiru.Amaarnath, aged 39 years, son of Kumar, No.52, Viayapuri Udayar Street, Ammapet, Salem City, Salem - 636 003 before this Court and thereafter set him at liberty from the Central Prison, Salem by set aside the above order.

For Petitioner : Mr.B.Vasudevan

For Respondents : Mr.A.Gokulakrishnan,
Additional Public Prosecutor

ORDER

M.S.RAMESH, J.
and
SUNDER MOHAN, J.

The petitioner, who is the wife of the detenue Amarnath, S/o.Kumar, aged about 39 years, now confined at Central Prison, Salem, has come forward with this petition challenging the detention order passed by the second respondent dated 05.03.2024 slapped on her husband, branding him as "Goonda" under the Tamil Nadu Prevention of Dangerous Activities of Bootleggers, Cyber Law Offenders, Drug Offenders, Forest Offenders,



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Goondas, Immoral Traffic Offenders, Sand Offenders, Sexual Offenders, Slum Grabbers and Video Pirates Act, 1982 [Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982].

2. Heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents.

3. Though several grounds are raised in the petition, the learned counsel for the petitioner focused mainly on the ground that there is an unexplained delay in considering the undated representation of the petitioner. According to the learned counsel for the petitioner, though the representation is undated, the same has been received by the Government only on 20.03.2024; the file has been dealt with by the Deputy Secretary on 22.03.2024 and the Minister concerned dealt with the file only on 30.03.2024 and the Rejection Letter was prepared on 01.04.2024 and sent to the detainee on 04.04.2024. It is the further submission of the learned counsel that the delay of 4 days in considering the representation remains unexplained and the same vitiates the detention order. In support of his contention, the learned counsel for the petitioner relied on the judgment of



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the Hon'ble Supreme Court in ***Rajammal Vs. State of Tamil Nadu,***
reported in (1999) 1 SCC 417.

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4. As per the submission of the learned counsel for the petitioner and on perusal of the records, we find that the representation of the petitioner was received by the Government on 20.03.2024 and further, the Minister concerned had dealt with the file of the detainee only on 30.03.2024 and the Rejection Letter was sent to the detainee on 04.04.2024. Thus, we find there is a considerable delay of 4 days in considering the representation of the petitioner. This delay of 4 days in considering the petitioner's representation remains unexplained.

5. It is trite law that the representation should be very expeditiously considered and disposed of with a sense of urgency and without avoidable delay. Any unexplained delay in the disposal of the representation would be a breach of the constitutional imperative and it would render the continued detention impermissible and illegal. From the records produced, we find that no acceptable explanation has been offered for the delay of 4 days.



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Therefore, we have to hold that the delay has vitiated further detention of the detenu.

6. In the judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in ***Rajammal's case*** (*cited supra*), it has been held as follows:

"It is a constitutional obligation of the Government to consider the representation forwarded by the detenu without any delay. Though no period is prescribed by Article 22 of the Constitution for the decision to be taken on the representation, the words "as soon as may be " in clause (5) of Article 22 convey the message that the representation should be considered and disposed of at the earliest."

As per the dictum laid down by the Supreme Court in above cited ***Rajammal's case***, number of days of delay is immaterial and what is to be considered is whether the delay caused has been properly explained by the authorities concerned. But, here the inordinate delay of 4 days has not been properly explained at all.

7. Further, in a recent decision in ***Ummu Sabeena vs. State of Kerala-2011 STPL (Web) 999 SC***, the Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that



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the history of personal liberty, as is well known, is a history of insistence on procedural safeguards. The expression 'as soon as may be', in Article 22(5) of the Constitution of India clearly shows the concern of the makers of the Constitution that the representation, made on behalf of the detainee, should be considered and disposed of with a sense of urgency and without any avoidable delay.

8. In the light of the above discussion, we have no hesitation in quashing the order of detention on the ground of delay on the part of the Government in disposing of the representation of the petitioner.

9. Accordingly, the detention order passed by the second respondent, in C.M.P.No.12/Goonda/Salem City/2024, dated 05.03.2024, is hereby set aside and the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. The detainee viz., Amarnath, S/o.Kumar, aged about 39 years, confined at Central Prison, Salem, is directed to be set at liberty forthwith unless he is required in connection with any other case.

[M.S.R., J]

[S.M., J]



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Index : yes/no

Speaking order/Non-speaking order

Neutral Citation : yes/no

grs



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To

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Home, Prohibition & Excise Department,
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2. The Commissioner of Police, Salem City,
Salem District.
3. The Superintendent,
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5. The Public Prosecutor,
High Court of Madras.



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