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H.C.P.No.675 of 2024

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED : 04.07.2024

CORAM :

**THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE M.S.RAMESH
AND
THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE SUNDER MOHAN**

H.C.P.No.675 of 2024

Renganayagi

detenue

.. Petitioner/
sister-in-law of the

Versus

1. State of Tamil Nadu Rep. by
The Principal Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition & Excise Department,
Fort St. George,
Chennai - 600 009.
 2. The District Collector & District Magistrate,
Perambalur District,
Perambalur.
 3. The Superintendent,
Central Prison, Tiruchirapalli.
 4. The Superintendent of Police,
Perambalur District,
Perambalur.
 5. The Inspector of Police,
All Women Police Station,
Perambalur,
Perambalur District.
- .. Respondents



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Prayer : Habeas Corpus Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying for the issuance of a Writ of Habeas Corpus, to call for the entire records pertaining to the detention order passed by the 2nd respondent in Cr.M.P.No.07/2024, dated 04.03.2024 and set aside the same and direct the respondents to produce the petitioner's brother-in-law, namely Maruthai, son of Rasaraman, aged about 35 years, who is now confined in Central Prison, Tiruchirappalli, before this Court and set him at liberty.

For Petitioner : Mr.M.Vijayaragavan

For Respondents : Mr.A.Gokulakrishnan,
Additional Public Prosecutor

ORDER

M.S.RAMESH, J.
and
SUNDER MOHAN, J.

The petitioner herein is the sister-in-law of the detainee viz., Maruthai, S/o.Rasaraman, aged about 35 years, confined at Central Prison, Tiruchirappalli, has come forward with this petition challenging the detention order passed by the second respondent dated 04.03.2024 slapped on his brother-in-law, branding him as "Sexual Offender" under the Tamil Nadu Prevention of Dangerous Activities of Bootleggers, Cyber Law Offenders, Drug Offenders, Forest Offenders, Goondas, Immoral Traffic



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Offenders, Sand Offenders, Sexual Offenders, Slum Grabbers and Video Pirates Act, 1982 [Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982].

2. Heard the learned counsel for the petitioner, as well as the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents.

3. Though several grounds are raised in the petition, the learned counsel for the petitioner submitted that there is an inordinate delay in passing the order of detention.

4. In the instant case, the detainee was arrested on 23.12.2023 and thereafter, the detention order came to be passed on 04.03.2024. This fact is not disputed by the learned Additional Public Prosecutor.

5. In the case of '*Sushanta Kumar Banik Vs. State of Tripura*', reported in '*2022 LiveLaw (SC) 813*', when there was an inordinate delay from the date of proposal till passing of the detention order and likewise, between the date of detention order and the actual arrest, the Hon'ble Supreme Court had held that the live and proximate link, between the



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grounds and the purpose of detention, stands snapped in arresting the detenu. The relevant observation of the Hon'ble Supreme Court is extracted hereunder:-

“20. It is manifestly clear from a conspectus of the above decisions of this Court, that the underlying principle is that if there is unreasonable delay between the date of the order of detention & actual arrest of the detenu and in the same manner from the date of the proposal and passing of the order of detention, such delay unless satisfactorily explained throws a considerable doubt on the genuineness of the requisite subjective satisfaction of the detaining authority in passing the detention order and consequently render the detention order bad and invalid because the “live and proximate link” between the grounds of detention and the purpose of detention is snapped in arresting the detenu. A question whether the delay is unreasonable and stands unexplained depends on the facts and circumstances of each case.”

6. Drawing inspiration from the judgment in ***Sushanta Kumar Banik's case***, a co-ordinate Bench of this Court in the case of '***Gomathi Vs. Principal Secretary to Government and Others***', reported in '***2023 SCC OnLine Mad 6332***', had held that when there is an inordinate delay from the



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date of arrest/date of proposal till the order of detention, the live and proximate link between them would also stand snapped and thereby, had quashed the detention order on this ground.

7. In yet another case i.e., in '*Nagaraj Vs. State of Tamil Nadu*', reported in '**(2018) 3 MWN (Cri) 428**', this Court had held that the delay of 36 days in passing the detention order after the arrest of the detinue would snap the live and proximate link between the grounds and purpose of detention. Hence, in view of the unexplained and inordinate delay in passing the order of detention, after the arrest of the detinue, the detention order in the present case, is liable to be quashed.

8. Accordingly, the detention order passed by the second respondent on 04.03.2024 in Cr.M.P.No.07 of 2024, is hereby set aside and the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. The detinue viz., Maruthai, S/o.Rasaraman, aged about 35 years, confined at Central Prison, Tiruchirappalli, is directed to be set at liberty forthwith, unless his confinement is required in connection with any other case.



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[M.S.R., J] [S.M., J]
04.07.2024

Index : yes/no
Speaking order/Non-speaking order
Neutral Citation : yes/no
grs



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To

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1. The Principal Secretary to Government,
Home, Prohibition & Excise Department,
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Chennai - 600 009.
2. The District Collector & District Magistrate,
Perambalur District,
Perambalur.
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