



Crl.O.P.No.6916 of 2024

Crl.O.P.No.6916 of 2024

WEB COPY

C.V.KARTHIKEYAN, J.

The Petitioner/A2 in Crime No.149 of 2024 registered by the respondent police for the offences under Sections 341, 294(b), 324 and 506(2) IPC, seeks anticipatory bail.

2. The learned Government Advocate (Criminal Side) stated that the Accused A1 had been arrested and had been granted bail. It is stated that the husband of the defacto complainant had supported the persons who are considered by the Petitioner as rivals to him. This led to a quarrel which escalated into violence.

3. The learned counsel for the Petitioner stated that the Petitioner is in no way connected with the said offence and he has been falsely implicated in this case. Thus, he prays for grant of anticipatory bail to the Petitioner herein.

4. Taking all the factors into consideration, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the Petitioner subject to the following conditions.



Crl.O.P.No.6916 of 2024

Accordingly, the Petitioner is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on his appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before **the Learned Judicial Magistrate – II, Tiruvallur**, on condition that the petitioner shall execute a bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand only) with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further conditions that :

[a] the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioner shall report before the respondent police daily at 10.30 a.m., until further orders.

[c] the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.



Crl.O.P.No.6916 of 2024

WEB COPY

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioner in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioner released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

22.03.2024

mkn2



WEB COPY



CrI.O.P.No.6916 of 2024

C.V.KARTHIKEYAN, J.

mkn2

CrI.O.P.No.6916 of 2024

22.03.2024