



Crl.O.P.No.6787 of 2024

WEB COPY

Crl.O.P.No.6787 of 2024

C.V.KARTHIKEYAN, J.

The petitioner, who apprehends arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offence punishable under Sections 147, 148, 341, 294(b), 324, 307 and 506(ii) of IPC in Crime No.427 of 2023, seeks anticipatory bail.

2. It is stated that the brother of the defacto complainant and A3 are friends. It is stated that A3 was travelling in a motor cycle belonging to A1. It was stopped by the defacto complainant who, owing to the previous enmity threw the key of the motorcycle. Keeping that as a motive, all the accused had gone to the house of the defacto complainant and had caused severe injuries, including head injury.

3. The first application seeking anticipatory bail in Crl.O.P.No. 1686 of 2024 was dismissed on 01.02.2024. It is now stated that the injured had been discharged from the hospital and the investigation had been completed. There are change in circumstances. This Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner with certain conditions.



Crl.O.P.No.6787 of 2024

WEB COPY

4. Accordingly, the petitioner is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on his appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before the XXIII Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Saidapet, on condition that the petitioner shall execute a bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees ten thousand only) with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioner shall report before the respondent police daily at 10.30 a.m., until further orders.

[c] the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.



CrI.O.P.No.6787 of 2024

WEB COPY

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioner in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioner released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

20.03.2024

vsg

C.V.KARTHIKEYAN, J.



WEB COPY



Crl.O.P.No.6787 of 2024

vsg

Crl.O.P.No.6787 of 2024

20.03.2024