



Crl.O.P.No.5582 of 2024

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C.V.KARTHIKEYAN, J.

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The petitioners, who apprehend arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offences punishable under Sections 147, 380, 427, 352, 506(i) of Indian Penal Code in Crime No. 608 of 2023, seek anticipatory bail.

2. Heard the learned counsel for the petitioners and the learned Government Advocate (Crl. Side) on behalf of the respondent.

3. It had been stated that the wife of the defacto complainant had unfortunately committed suicide on 28.07.2023. Petitioners are relatives of the deceased wife. They had gone over to the house of the defacto complainant and picked up a quarrel, which escalated into violence leading to lodging of complainant and registration of FIR.

4. The co-accused had been granted anticipatory bail by this Court in Crl.O.P.No. 25195 of 2023 dated 03.11.2023.

5. Taking all the factors into consideration, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioners with certain conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioners are ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on their appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before the learned Judicial Magistrate, Thiruthuraipoondi, on condition that the petitioners shall execute a separate bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten thousand only) each with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of this Court concerned, failing which, the



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petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioners and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioners shall appear before the respondent police daily at 10.30 a.m., for a period of two weeks and thereafter, as and when required for interrogation.

[c] the petitioners shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioners shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioners in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioners released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

19.03.2024

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