

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY  
CRIMINAL APPELLATE JURISDICTION**

**ANTICIPATORY BAIL APPLICATION NO. 2720 OF 2024**

Anil Babanrao Galande

...Applicant

**Versus**

The State of Maharashtra

...Respondent

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- Mr. Sushant Prabhune, for Applicant.
- Mr. Balraj B. Kulkarni, APP for Respondent.
- Mr. Pradip Bhitale, API, Baramati City Police Station.

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**CORAM : MANISH PITALE, J.**

**DATE : 08<sup>th</sup> OCTOBER, 2024.**

**P. C. :**

1. Heard, Mr. Prabhune, learned counsel for the applicant and Mr. Kulkarni, learned APP for the respondent – State.

2. At the outset, it is pointed out that co-accused person Mukund Mahadev Gijre, is granted anticipatory bail by this Court by order dated 10.08.2024. Hence, relief is claimed on the basis of parity.

3. The applicant apprehends arrest in connection with First Information Report No.0396 of 2024, dated 28.05.2024, registered with Baramati City Police Station, District – Pune Rural, for offences under Sections 406, 409 and 420 read with Section 34 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 (IPC), as also Sections 3 and 4 of the Maharashtra Protection of Interest of Depositors (in Financial Establishments) Act, 1999 (MPID Act).

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4. The informant, in the present case, is an auditor, who had conducted the audit of a co-operative society called 'Shri Shakambhari Nagari Sahakari Patsanstha Maryadit', of which the applicant was chairman from 2010 to 2014. The statement of the auditor / informant, leading to registration of the FIR, levels various allegations against the applicant and co-accused persons.

5. The learned counsel for the applicant submits that for similar allegations, the society had proceeded against the applicant and other office bearers and by an order passed under Section 88 of the Maharashtra Co-operative Societies Act, 1960, the applicant was held partly responsible for some of the allegations. A challenge raised before the Divisional Joint Registrar of Co-operative Societies was negated, as a consequence of which, the matter went up to the concerned Minister under the provisions of the said Act in the form of a revision application. It is pointed out that by an order dated 24.02.2020, the orders of both the subordinate authorities were set aside, indicating that the applicant and other were absolved of the allegations levelled against them. Yet, a special audit was undertaken in the year 2022, which led to a report in the year 2024 and the said report is the basis of the FIR. It is submitted that in the interregnum, initially, an administrator was appointed and now a liquidator is appointed on the society, as a consequence

of which, all the documents are with the office of the liquidator. In any case, the allegations against the applicant are stale. Since the applicant is ready to co-operate with the investigation, it is submitted that the application may be allowed.

6. On the other hand, the learned APP has opposed the prayer made in the present application by inviting attention of this Court to the serious allegations of fraud and forgery levelled against the accused persons, including the applicant. It is highlighted that there is a specific allegation about loans being advanced to near relatives of the office bearers of the managing committee of the society on lesser interest rates and other such allegations.

7. The nature of the allegations made against the applicant herein are identical to those made against co-accused Mukund Mahadev Gijre, already granted relief of anticipatory bail by this Court. The said co-accused person was the Secretary of the society, during the relevant period, while the applicant herein was the chairman.

8. This Court has considered the material on record. The documents on record indeed show that for similar allegations, the society had proceeded against the applicant and some other office bearers. While the subordinate authorities under the provisions of the said Act had partly held

against the applicant and others, eventually, by the order dated 24.02.2020 passed by the revisional authority (by concerned Minister), the orders of the subordinate authorities were set aside. Apart from this, the documents on record show that administrator was appointed on the society for the period between 12.03.2018 and 17.12.2018 and thereafter, the liquidator has been appointed from 18.12.2018 onwards. Thus, there is substance in the contention raised on behalf of the applicant that as on today, the documents on record of the society are with the office of the liquidator. The nature of allegations is such that the evidence is documentary and the documents being in possession of the liquidator, there cannot be any apprehension of the applicant tampering with the same. That apart, this Court finds that the applicant was chairman of the society for the period between 2010 and 2014 and it can be claimed that the allegations are stale in nature.

9. Reliance placed on order dated **13.06.2022** passed in **Anticipatory Bail Application No.1447 of 2022** (*Suresh Babulal Ghiya and others Vs. State of Maharashtra*) also appears to be justified. In the said case, in similar circumstances, this Court had granted relief of anticipatory bail.

10. In view of the above, the application is allowed in the following terms :-

- (A) In the event, the applicant is arrested in connection with FIR No.0396 of 2024, dated 28.05.2024, registered with

Baramati City Police Station, District – Pune Rural, he shall be released on bail on furnishing PR Bond of ₹50,000/- (Rupees Fifty Thousand only) with one or two sureties in the like amount;

- (B) The applicant shall remain present before the Investigating Officer on 10<sup>th</sup> October, 2024, between 10:00 a.m. and 12:00 noon and thereafter as and when called by the Investigating Officer. He shall co-operate with the investigation;
- (C) The applicant shall not tamper with the evidence in any manner. He shall not influence the informant, witnesses or any other persons concerned with the case.

11. Needless to say, violation of any of the aforesaid conditions would make the applicant liable to face proceedings for cancellation of anticipatory bail.

12. It is also clarified that the observations made in this order are limited to the question of grant of anticipatory bail to the applicant in the present application and that the Trial Court shall proceed further, without being influenced by the observations made in this order.

13. The application is disposed of.

(MANISH PITALE, J.)