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IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA AT CHANDIGARH

CRM-M-44696-2023 (O & M)
Date of decision: 14.09.2023

Parveen Petitioner

V/s

State of Haryana ...Respondent

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE JASJIT SINGH BEDI

Present: Mr. Sushil Sheoran, Advocate, for the petitioner.

Mr. Kanwar Sanjiv Kumar, AAG, Haryana.

JASJIT SINGH BEDI, J. (Oral)

The prayer in this second petition under Section 439 Cr.P.C. is for the grant of regular bail to the petitioner in case FIR No.71 dated 31.01.2022 registered under Sections 20/27-A of the NDPS Act registered at Police Station Hansi City, District Hisar.

2. The brief facts of the case are that while the police officials were on patrolling duty, a secret informer gave information that one Mania son of Bhima and Parveen (petitioner) son of Kamal Dass were involved in the business of selling contraband and were coming from Barwala to Hansi on a motorcycle bearing registration number PB13W-1475. If a *nakabandi* was done, they could be apprehended. Based on the aforementioned information, after compliance of various provisions under the NDPS Act, *nakabandi* was installed and when the motorcycle in question was seen

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coming towards the *naka*, the police officials gave a signal to stop the motorcycle. The rider of the motorcycle tried to turn back and in that process, the motorcycle stopped. The rider of the motorcycle disclosed his name as Parveen and the pillion rider as Mania. After compliance of Section 50 of the NDPS Act, it was found that the contraband in the possession of the accused was 35 Kilos *ganja* in plastic bags of 17.05 kilos each.

During the course of interrogation of the accused, they suffered a disclosure statement that they had purchased the recovered contraband of 35 kilos from Arjun (since granted bail vide order dated 15.09.2022 passed in CRM-M-22174-2022) son of Nanku for a sum of Rs.1,40,000/- out of which, they had paid Rs.20,000/- and the remaining was to be paid after selling the contraband.

During investigation, Arjun was arrested and during the course of interrogation, he disclosed that he has purchased 50 kilos of *ganja* from Orissa, out of which 35 kilos was sold to Parveen and Mania and the remaining he had concealed in an empty place in a Sewer, behind the Court Complex at Hansi. Pursuant thereto, the recovery of 14 kilos *ganja* was effected at the instance of Arjun.

3. The learned counsel for the petitioner contends that the petitioner has been falsely implicated in the present case. The mandatory provisions of Sections 42 and 50 of the NDPS Act have not been complied with in their proper perspective. No independent witness was joined at the time of search and seizure. As he was a first-time offender, in custody since 31.01.2022 and none of the 19 prosecution witnesses had been examined, the trial of the present case was not likely to be concluded anytime soon and

therefore, he was entitled to the concession of bail in view of the judgment

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of the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of **Nitish Adhikary @ Bapan Versus The State of West Bengal, SLP (Crl.) Nos.5769/2022 arising out of judgment and order dated 04.05.2022 in CRM(NDPS) No.442/2022, decided on 01.08.2022** and **Hasanujjaman & others Versus The State of West Bengal, SLP (Crl.) No.(s).3221/2023 arising out of impugned final judgment and order dated 29.11.2022 in CRM(NDPS) No.1323/2022, decided on 04.05.2023.**

4. On the other hand, the learned State counsel contends that commercial quantity of contraband has been recovered from the petitioner. Therefore, in view of the bar contained under Section 37 of the NDPS Act, the petitioner was not entitled to the grant of bail. He, however, concedes that the petitioner was a first time offender, in custody since 31.01.2022 and none of the 19 prosecution witnesses had been examined so far.

5. I have heard the learned counsel for the parties.

6. The Hon'ble Supreme Court in the case of **Nitish Adhikary @ Bapan Vs. The State of West Bengal SLP (Crl.) Nos.5769/2022 Decided on 01.08.2022** held as under:-

“As per the office report dated 29.07.2022, copy of the show cause notice along with Special Leave Petition was supplied to the Standing Counsel for the State of West Bengal and separate notice has been served on the State also. However, no one has entered appearance on their behalf.

The petitioner seeks enlargement on bail in F.I.R. No. 612 of 2020 dated 17.10.2020 filed under Section 21(c) and 37 of the NDPS 2 Act, registered at Police Station Bongaon, West Bengal.

During the course of the hearing, we are informed that the petitioner has undergone custody for a period of 01

year and 07 months as on 09.06.2022. The trial is at a preliminary stage, as only one witness has been examined. The petitioner does not have any criminal antecedents.

Taking into consideration the period of sentence undergone by the petitioner and all the attending circumstances but without expressing any views in the merits of the case, we are inclined to grant bail to the petitioner.

The petitioner is accordingly, directed to be released on bail subject to him furnishing bail bonds to the satisfaction of the Trial Court.

The Special Leave Petition is disposed of on the aforesaid terms.

Pending application(s), if any, shall stand disposed of."

7. In **Hasanujjaman & others Versus The State of West Bengal,**

SLP (Crl.) No.(s).3221/2023, decided on 04.05.2023, held as under:-

"1. There are three petitioners in this Special Leave Petition, who were accused of committing an offence under Sections 21(c)/29 of the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985 (for short, 'NDPS Act') in FIR No.18/2022, dated 09.01.2022, registered at Police Station Islampur, District Murshidabad, West Bengal.

*2. The allegations are that when the police party intercepted the petitioners along with another person riding on two motorcycles, they were found in possession of codeine phosphate in a consignment of phensedyl bottles loaded in two nylon bags. During the search, 115 bottles (100 ml. each) of phensedyl were recovered from the joint possession of the petitioners. **They were arrested on the spot and have been in custody for more than one year and four months.***

3. We have heard learned counsel for the parties and carefully perused the record.

4. The investigation is complete; chargesheet has been filed, though the charges are yet to be framed. The

conclusion of trial will, thus, take some reasonable time, regardless of the direction issued by the High Court to conclude the same within one year from the date of framing of charges. The petitioners do not have any criminal antecedents. There is, thus, substantial compliance of Section 37 of the NDPS Act.

5. In such circumstances, but without expressing any views on the merits of the case, we deem it appropriate to release the petitioners on bail subject to the terms and conditions as may be imposed by the Trial Court.

6. Additionally, it is clarified that in case the petitioners are found involved in any other case under the NDPS Act or other penal law, it shall amount to misuse of the concession of bail granted to them today, and in such a case, necessary consequences shall follow.

7. The petitioners are further directed to appear before the Trial Court regularly. In the event of they being absent, it shall again be taken as a misuse of concession of bail.

8. The Special Leave Petition stands disposed of in the above terms.

9. As a result, pending interlocutory application also stands disposed of.

(emphasis supplied)

8. In the instant case, the petitioner is stated to be in custody since 31.01.2022 and none of the 19 prosecution witnesses have been examined so far. He is also a first-time offender with no other case registered against him. In this situation, the rigors of Section 37 of the NDPS Act can be diluted to an extent in view of the salutary provisions of Article 21 of the Constitution of India which provides for the right to a speedy trial and the case of the petitioner can be considered for the grant of bail, moreso as his co-accused, namely, Arjun has been granted the similar relief.

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9. Thus without commenting on the merits of the case, the present petition is allowed and the petitioner-Parveen is ordered to be released on bail subject to his furnishing bail bonds and surety bonds to the satisfaction of learned CJM/Duty Magistrate, concerned.

10. The petitioner shall appear before the police station concerned on the first Monday of every month till the conclusion of the trial and inform in writing each time that he is not involved in any other crime other than the present case.

11. In addition, the petitioner (or anyone on his behalf) shall prepare an FDR in the sum of Rs.50,000/- and deposit the same with the Trial Court. The same would be liable to be forfeited as per law in case of the absence of the petitioner from trial without sufficient cause.

12. The petition stands disposed of.

(JASJIT SINGH BEDI)
JUDGE

September 14, 2023
sukhpreet

Whether speaking/reasoned : Yes/No

Whether reportable : Yes/No