

IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA AT  
CHANDIGARH

Sr. No.261

CRM-M-39875-2019

Date of Decision: 30.01.2023

Deepak Kumar

.... Petitioner

Versus

State of Haryana and another

... Respondents

**CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE TRIBHUVAN DAHIYA**

Present: Mr. Nonish Kumar, Advocate  
for the petitioner.

Ms. Ankita Ahuja, AAG, Haryana.

Mr. Kapil Kumar, Advocate for  
Mr. Vijay Partap Singh, Advocate  
for respondent No.2-complainant.

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**TRIBHUVAN DAHIYA, J. (ORAL)**

The instant petition has been filed under Section 482 Cr.P.C. seeking quashing of FIR No.820 dated 11.08.2016, registered under Sections 406, 498-A, 506 and 34 IPC at P.S.Karnal City, District Karnal and all consequential proceedings arising therefrom, in view of the compromise, dated 10.09.2019 (Annexure P-2), entered into between the petitioner and the complainant to settle their disputes in question.

2. Keeping in view the fact that the parties had entered into a compromise, they were directed to appear before the Illaqa Magistrate/trial Court for getting their statements recorded in that regard, vide order dated 18.09.2019. Pursuant thereto, a report dated 16.01.2020 has been received from Chief Judicial Magistrate, Karnal, at Flag 'A', stating that the

compromise arrived at between the parties is without any pressure, coercion or undue influence.

3. Learned State counsel and learned counsel appearing on behalf of respondent No.2 admit the factum of compromise, and submit that they have no objection to quashing of the FIR on that basis.

4. It has been held by the Supreme Court of India in cases *Gian Singh v. State of Punjab and another*, 2012(10) SCC 303 and *Narinder Singh and others v. State of Punjab and another*, 2014(6) SCC 466, that criminal cases having overwhelmingly civil character, particularly those arising out of commercial transactions or matrimonial relationships or family disputes, should be quashed when the parties have resolved their disputes among themselves in a *bona fide* manner by entering into a compromise.

5. Further, reference can also be made to Full Bench judgment of this Court in *Kulwinder Singh and others v. State of Punjab and another*, 2007(3) R.C.R.(Criminal) 1052, wherein it has been held that on the parties settling their disputes by way of a compromise the High Court in exercise of power under Section 482 Cr.P.C. can allow the compounding of non-compoundable offences also, and quash the prosecution to prevent abuse of the process of law or otherwise to secure the ends of justice. The power is not confined to matrimonial disputes alone.

6. A perusal of the allegations in the FIR as well as the aforesaid report establishes that the present case falls in the category of cases that can be quashed by the High Court in exercise of its inherent jurisdiction under Section 482 Cr.P.C., as per law laid down in the aforementioned judgments. Since disputes between the parties have been amicably resolved by way of the compromise, continuation of criminal proceedings will be an exercise in futility, as chances of ultimate conviction are not there.

7. Consequently, this petition is allowed. FIR No.820 dated 11.08.2016, registered under Sections 406, 498-A, 506 and 34 IPC at P.S.Karnal City, District Karnal and all consequential proceedings arising therefrom are hereby quashed *qua* the petitioner.

(TRIBHUVAN DAHIYA)  
JUDGE

30.01.2023  
Maninder

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|---------------------------|---|--------|
| Whether speaking/reasoned | : | Yes/No |
| Whether reportable        | : | Yes/No |