

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB & HARYANA
AT CHANDIGARH**

CRM-M-28976 of 2021

Date of decision: 4th July, 2023

Krishan Kumar

...Petitioner

Versus

State of Haryana and another

...Respondents

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE AVNEESH JHINGAN

Present: None for the petitioner.
 Mr. Rajiv Sidhu, DAG, Haryana.
 Mr. Manoj Pundir, Advocate for respondent No.2.

AVNEESH JHINGAN, J (Oral):

1. This is a petition under Section 482 Cr.P.C. for quashing of FIR No.83 dated 28.5.2020, under Sections 406, 420 IPC, Section 24 of Immigration Act, 1983 (Section 370 IPC was added later on), registered at Police Station Nighdu, District Karnal and all subsequent proceedings arising therefrom on the basis of compromise.

2. As per the allegations in the FIR, the petitioner (cousin brother of the complainant) on assurance of sending complainant to America took money and introduced him to Inderjit, resident of Pitampura Delhi but needful was not done.

3. On 13.8.2021, the parties were directed to appear before the Illaqa Magistrate/trial court for getting their statements recorded with regard to compromise.

4. The report dated 01.10.2021 is received stating that the compromise is genuine, voluntary, without any coercion or undue influence and that there is only one accused (petitioner herein) and he has not been declared as proclaimed offender.

5. Learned counsel for respondent No. 2 submits that the complainant is not pursuing the allegations against the Inderjit.

6. Full Bench of this Court in *Kulwinder Singh and others vs. State of Punjab, 2007 (3) RCR (Criminal) 1052*, has held:-

“There is no statutory bar in Cr.P.C. which affects inherent power of this Court under Section 482. The power of quashing is not limited to matrimonial cases alone.”

7. The Supreme Court in *Parbatbhai Aahir @ Parbatbhai Bhimsinhbhai Karmur and others v. State of Gujarat and another, 2017 AIR (SC) 4843* laid down the broad principles governing the exercise of powers for quashing of FIR. It was held that the power under Section 482 Cr.P.C. is to be exercised by the High Court to secure the ends of justice, to prevent abuse of any process of law and in cases where in view of the compromise the possibility of conviction is remote and continuation of proceeding will cause oppression and prejudice.

8. The dispute has a pre-dominant tone and tenor of commercial transaction. The grievance was that the money was not returned. The parties being relatives have settled the differences and decided not to litigate any further. No useful purpose would be served by continuing with the trial. To meet the ends of justice, the FIR mentioned above and all consequential proceedings arising therefrom are quashed.

9. The petition is allowed.

[AVNEESH JHINGAN]
JUDGE

4th July, 2023
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1. Whether speaking/ reasoned	:	Yes / No
2. Whether reportable	:	Yes / No