

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB & HARYANA
AT CHANDIGARH**

252

CRM-M-3698-2023 (O&M)

Date of decision: 25.05.2023

Balwinder Singh and Others

....Petitioners

Versus

State of Punjab and another

...Respondents

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE AMAN CHAUDHARY

Present : Mr. Charanpuneet Singh, Advocate for the petitioners

Mr. M.S. Nagra, AAG Punjab

Mr. Ankit Chawla, Advocate for respondent No.2

AMAN CHAUDHARY. J.

1. The present petition has been filed under Section 482 of Cr.P.C. for quashing of FIR No.181, dated 11.08.2019, registered under Sections 323, 325, 34 IPC at Police Station Civil Lines Bathinda and G.D. No.21 dated 13.08.2019 vide which offence under Section 325 IPC was deleted and offence under Section 324 IPC was added and all other consequential proceedings arising therefrom on the basis of the compromise dated 30.12.2022, Annexures P-3 and P-4.

2. This Court while issuing notice of motion vide order dated 07.02.2023, directed the parties to appear before the trial Court/Illaq Magistrate for recording their statements with regard to the compromise.

3. Pursuant to the aforesaid order, reports dated 14.02.2023 and 10.04.2023 have been received from the learned Principal Magistrate, Juvenile Justice Board, Bathinda and learned Chief Judicial Magistrate, Bathinda. A perusal of the said reports reveals that statements of the parties have been recorded in the present case, who have stated that the matter has been settled between them

and they have no objection in case the FIR in question is quashed. The compromise effected between them is genuine, without any undue influence and coercion. It is further stated in the report that there are three accused. None of them has been declared as proclaimed offender and are not involved in any other FIR.

4. Heard learned counsel for the parties and have also gone through the case file.

5. The Full Bench of this Court in **Kulwinder Singh and others vs. State of Punjab**, 2007 (3) RCR (Criminal) 1052, held that High Court has power under Section 482 Cr.P.C. to allow the compounding of non-compoundable offence and quash the prosecution where the High Court is of the view that the same was required to prevent the abuse of the process of law or otherwise to secure the ends of justice. This power of quashing is not confined to matrimonial disputes alone.

6. Hon'ble The Supreme Court of India in the case of **Gian Singh vs. State of Punjab and another**, 2012 (4) RCR (Criminal) 543, had observed that in order to secure the ends of justice or to prevent the abuse of process of Court, inherent power can be used by this Court to quash criminal proceedings in which a compromise has been effected. The relevant portion of para 57 of the said judgment reads thus:-

“57. The position that emerges from the above discussion can be summarised thus: the power of the High Court in quashing a criminal proceeding or FIR or complaint in exercise of its inherent jurisdiction is distinct and different from the power given to a criminal court for compounding the offences under Section 320 of the Code.

Inherent power is of wide plenitude with no statutory limitation but it has to be exercised in accord with the guideline engrafted in such power viz; (i) to secure the ends of justice or (ii) to prevent abuse of the process of any Court. XXX---XXX”

7. In view of the afore-referred judgments and perusing the report of the trial Court regarding amicable settlement between the petitioners and the complainant, this Court finds that quashing of FIR will accord a quietus to all disputes between the parties and it is in the interest of both sides to bury the hatchet and lead a peaceful life. Thus, no useful purpose would be served in continuing the proceedings and in order to secure the ends of justice, the criminal proceedings in the present case deserve to be quashed.

8. Resultantly, the present petition is allowed and FIR No.181, dated 11.08.2019, registered under Sections 323, 325, 34 IPC at Police Station Civil Lines Bathinda and G.D. No.21 dated 13.08.2019 vide which offence under Section 325 IPC was deleted and offence under Section 324 IPC was added, and all other consequential proceedings arising therefrom are quashed qua the petitioners on the basis of the compromise dated 30.12.2022.

(AMAN CHAUDHARY)
JUDGE

25.05.2023
S.Sharma(syr)

Whether speaking/reasoned	:	Yes/No
Whether reportable	:	Yes/No