



Crl.O.P.No.27534 of 2023

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C.V.KARTHIKEYAN, J.

The petitioner/A5 in Crime No.220 of 2023, registered under Sections 341, 294(b), 324, 336, 307 and 506(ii) IPC r/w Section 3 of TNPPDL Act, 1992, on 13.11.2023, seeks anticipatory bail.

2.Heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and the learned Government Advocate (Crl.side) for the respondent.

3.It is stated that there are totally six accused. The petitioner is A5. The case of the prosecution is that the de facto complainant is a supplier of water cans and in such supply, there arose a dispute which escalated into violence. Taking all the factors into consideration and also that the other accused had been granted bail, anticipatory bail is granted.

4. Taking into consideration the facts and circumstances, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner/A5 subject to the following conditions:

5. Accordingly, the petitioner/A5 is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on his appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before **the II M.M.Court, Egmore,**



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Chennai, on condition that the petitioner shall execute a bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand only) with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioner/A5 **to appear before the respondent everyday at 10.30 am., for a period of two weeks** and thereafter **as and when required** for interrogation.

[c] the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioner in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioner released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR**



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SCW 5560].

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

07.12.2023

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