



Tr.CMP No.1123 of 2022

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED : 23-01-2023

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THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE S.M.SUBRAMANIAM

Tr.CMP No.1123 of 2022

And

CMP Nos.19127 and 19129 of 2022

S.Nithya

.. Petitioner

vs.

A.Aimurugan

.. Respondent

PRAYER : This Transfer CMP is filed under Section 24 of the Civil Procedure Code, to withdraw the case in HMOP No.474 of 2021 from the file of the Family Court at Tiruchirapalli and transfer the same to the file of the Family Court at Chennai.

For Petitioner : Ms.T.A.Preetha

For Respondent : Mr.N.Anandan



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ORDER

The present Transfer Civil Miscellaneous Petition is filed to withdraw the case in HMOP No.474 of 2021 from the file of the Family Court at Tiruchirapalli and transfer the same to the file of the Family Court at Chennai.

2. The marriage between the petitioner-wife and the respondent-husband was solemnised on 06.03.2020 as per Hindu Rites and Customs. Due to misunderstanding the petitioner and the respondent are now living separately.

3. The learned counsel for the petitioner states that the petitioner is working at Chennai and now living along with her mother at Saidapet, Chennai. Thus she is not in a position to travel all along from Chennai to Tiruchirapalli to contest the case filed by the respondent in HMOP No.474 of 2021 pending on the file of the Family Court at Tiruchirapalli.



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4. In the present case, the transfer of the case is to be considered, since the petitioner is residing along with her mother at Saidapet, Chennai. That being the case, the case filed by the respondent in HMOP No.474 of 2021 pending on the file of the Family Court at Tiruchirapalli is to be transferred to the place, where the petitioner now resides.

5. That apart, the petitioner filed MC No.457 of 2021 before the VII Additional Family Court at Chennai.

6. The principles regarding transfer petitions, more specifically in the matters of matrimonial cases, are well settled through the three decisions of the High Court of Madras, in the following cases:-

(i) The Hon'ble Division Bench of the High Court of Madras in W.A.No.1181 of 2009, dated 09.07.2010, wherein in paragraphs-21 and 22, it has been observed as under:-

"21. The domicile or citizenship of the



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opposite party is immaterial in a case like this. In case the marriage was solemnized under Hindu Law marital relationship is governed by the provisions of the Hindu Marriage Act. Therefore, Section 19 has to be given a purposeful interpretation. It is the residence of the wife, which determines the question of jurisdiction, in case the proceeding was initiated at the instance of the wife.

22. While considering a provision like Section 19 (iii-a) of the Hindu Marriage Act, the objects and reasons which prompted the parliament to incorporate such a provision has also to be taken note of. Sub Clause (iii-a) was inserted in Section 19 with a specific purpose. Experience is the best teacher. The Government found the difficulties faced by women in the matter of initiation of matrimonial proceedings. The report



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submitted by the Law Commission as well as National Commission for Women, underlying the need for such amendment so as to enable the women to approach the nearest jurisdictional court to redress their matrimonial grievances, were also taken note of by the Government. Therefore such a beneficial provision meant for the women of our Country should be given a meaningful interpretation by Courts."

(ii) In yet another case in Tr.CMP.Nos.138 and 139 of 2006, dated 30.08.2006, the High Court of Madras has considered the following judgments of Hon'ble Supreme Court of India:-

"(1). In the case of **Mona Aresh Goel vs. Aresh Satya Goel [(2000) 9 SCC 255]**, when the wife pleaded that she was unable to bear the traveling expenses and even to travel alone and stay at Bombay, the Supreme Court ordered transfer of



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proceedings.

(2) In the case of **Geeta Heera vs. Harish Chander Heera [(2000) 10 SCC 304]**, the Hon'ble Supreme Court has held that where the petitioner's wife has pleaded lack of money, the same has to be considered.

(3) In the case of **Lalita A.Ranga vs. Ajay Champalal Ranga [(2000) 9 SCC 355]**, the wife has filed a petition to transfer the proceedings initiated by the husband for divorce, at Bombay. The place of residence of the wife was at Jaipur, Rajasthan. In that case, the petitioner is having a small child and that she pleaded difficulty in going all the way from Jaipur to Bombay to contest the proceedings from time to time. Considering the distance and the difficulties faced by the wife, the Supreme Court has allowed the transfer petition.



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(4) In a decision in **Archana Singh vs. Surendra Bahadur Singh [(2005) 12 SCC 395]**, the wife has sought for transfer of matrimonial proceedings and a divorce petition has been filed by the respondent's husband at Baikunthpur to be transferred to Allahabad, where the petitioner's wife was residing, on the ground that it would be difficult for her to undertake such long distance journey, particularly in circumstances, in which she finds that the proceedings under Section 125 Cr.P.C. was already pending before the Family Court, Allahabad. Considering the difficulties faced by the wife and also the long distance journey, the Honourable Supreme Court was pleased to order transfer of the proceedings to Allahabad.”

(iii) In a decision made in TR.CMP(MD)No.108 of 2010, dated 03.03.2011, the Madurai Bench of Madras High Court, wherein in



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to transfer HMOP No.474 of 2021 pending on the file of the Family Court at Tiruchirapalli to the file of the VII Additional Family Court at Chennai to be tried along with MC No.457 of 2021 forthwith. The Family Court at Tiruchirapalli is directed to transmit the case papers to the VII Additional Family Court at Chennai, within a period of four weeks from the date of receipt of a copy of this order.

8. With the abovesaid directions, the Transfer Civil Miscellaneous Petition stands allowed. However, there shall be no order as to costs. Consequently, the connected miscellaneous petitions are closed.

23-01-2023

Speaking Order/Non-Speaking Order.

Neutral Citation : Yes/No.

Internet : Yes/No.

Index: Yes/No.

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S.M.SUBRAMANIAM, J.



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To

- 1.The Judge,
Family Court,
Tiruchirapalli.
- 2.The VII Additional Judge,
VII Additional Family Court,
Chennai.



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