



HCP.No.1822/2023

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED : 14.12.2023

CORAM :

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE S.S. SUNDAR

AND

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE SUNDER MOHAN

H.C.P.No.1822/2023

Sugitha

... Petitioner

Vs.

- 1.The State of Tamil Nadu
rep.by its Secretary to Government
Home, Prohibition and Excise Department,
Fort St. George, Chennai – 600 009.
- 2.The Commissioner of Police,
Avadi City, Avadi Commissionerate Office
Chennai.
- 3.The Inspector of Police
E5 Sholavaram Police Station
Thiruvallur District.
- 4.The Superintendent of Prison
Central Prison II, Puzhal
Chennai.

... Respondents



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Prayer : Habeas Corpus Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India praying for the issuance of a Writ of Habeas Corpus to call for the records relating to the detention order in BCDFGISSSV No.190/2023 dated 25.07.2023 passed by the 2nd respondent under the Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982 and set aside the same and direct the respondent to produce the petitioner's son Nithilkumar @ Nithin son of Thilagan, the detenu now confined in Central Prison, Puzhal, at Chennai before this Court and petitioner's son Nithilkumar @ Nithin son of Thilagan aged about 23 years the detenu herein set him at liberty.

For Petitioner : Mr.K.Karthik
For Respondents : Mr.E.Raj Thilak
Additional Public Prosecutor
assisted by Mr.Aravind C.

ORDER

(Order of the Court was made by **S.S. SUNDAR, J.**)

The petitioner, mother of the detenu, has come forward with this petition challenging the detention order passed by the 2nd respondent dated 25.07.2023 slapped on her son, branding him as "Goonda" under the Tamil Nadu Act 14 of 1982.

2.Heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and the learned Additional Public Prosecutor appearing for the respondents.

3.Though several grounds are raised in this petition, the learned counsel for the petitioner focussed mainly on the ground that the subjective satisfaction arrived at by the Detaining Authority that the detenu is likely to



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be released on bail suffers from non-application of mind. In the Grounds of Detention, the Detaining Authority has simply observed that “*However, the Sponsoring Authority has stated that it is learnt that Thiru.Nithilkumar @ Nithin's relative are taking steps to take him out on bail in E5 Sholavaram Police Station Crime No.488/2023 by filing bail application before the appropriate Court....*” The Special Report of the Sponsoring Authority is not dated. Further, the statement of the relatives of the detenu that they are planning to file bail application to bring out the detenu on bail, is also not dated. Hence, the learned counsel for the petitioner raised a *bona fide* doubt as to when these statements were obtained from the relatives of the detenu and as to the date on which the Special Report was sent by the Sponsoring Authority to the Detaining Authority. The learned counsel further pointed out that, unless the Special Report of the Sponsoring Authority is immediately before the Detention Order, it may not have relevance and hence, the subjective satisfaction of the Detaining Authority based on these undated documents, would vitiate the Detention Order.

4.It is seen from records that the Special Report of the Sponsoring Authority is not dated. Further, the statements obtained by the Sponsoring



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Authority from the relatives of the detenu, enclosed in the Booklet, stating that they are planning to file bail application to bring out the detenu on bail, are also not dated. On a perusal of the Grounds of Detention, it is seen that, in Para No.4, the Detaining Authority has stated that the Sponsoring Authority has stated that he came to understand that the relatives of the detenu are taking steps to take him out on bail in the ground case by filing bail applications before the appropriate Court, and has arrived at the subjective satisfaction that the detenu is likely to be released on bail. When the statements obtained by the Sponsoring Authority from the relatives of the detenu stating that they are planning to file bail application to bring out the detenu on bail, are not dated and even the Special Report of the Sponsoring Authority is not dated, the veracity of the Report becomes doubtful. The compelling necessity to detain the detenu would also depend on when the Sponsoring Authority has sent his Report. In the absence of the report, the compelling necessity to detain, becomes suspect. Hence, this Court is of the view that the subjective satisfaction arrived at by the Detaining Authority based on such undated materials, suffers from non-application of mind.

5.The Hon'ble Supreme Court, in the case of ***Rekha Vs. State of***



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Tamil Nadu through Secretary to Government and Another reported in

2011 [5] SCC 244, has dealt with a situation where the Detention Order is passed without an application of mind. In case, any of the reasons stated in the order of detention is non-existent or a material information is wrongly assumed, that will vitiate the Detention Order. When the subjective satisfaction was irrational or there was non-application of mind, the Hon'ble Supreme Court held that the order of detention is liable to be quashed. It is relevant to extract paragraphs No.10 and 11 of the said judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court:-

“10. In our opinion, if details are given by the respondent authority about the alleged bail orders in similar cases mentioning the date of the orders, the bail application number, whether the bail order was passed in respect of the co-accused in the same case, and whether the case of the co-accused was on the same footing as the case of the petitioner, then, of course, it could be argued that there is likelihood of the accused being released on bail, because it is the normal practice of most courts that if a co-accused has been granted bail and his case is on the same footing as that of the petitioner, then the petitioner is ordinarily granted bail. However, the respondent authority should have given details about the alleged bail order in similar cases, which has not been done in the present case. A mere ipse dixit statement in the grounds of detention cannot sustain the detention



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order and has to be ignored.

11. In our opinion, the detention order in question only contains ipse dixit regarding the alleged imminent possibility of the accused coming out on bail and there was no reliable material to this effect. Hence, the detention order in question cannot be sustained."

6. In view of the ratio laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court and in view of the aforesaid facts, this Court is of the view that the detention order is liable to be quashed.

7. Accordingly, the detention order passed by the 2nd respondent in BCDFGISSSV No.190/2023, dated 25.07.2023, is hereby set aside and the Habeas Corpus Petition is allowed. The detenu is directed to be set at liberty forthwith unless he is required in connection with any other case.

[S.S.S.R., J.] [S.M., J.]
14.12.2023

AP

Internet : Yes



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S.S. SUNDAR, J.
and
SUNDER MOHAN, J.

AP

To

- 1.The Secretary to Government
State of Tamil Nadu
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Fort St. George, Chennai – 600 009.
- 2.The Commissioner of Police,
Avadi City, Avadi Commissionerate Office
Chennai.
- 3.The Inspector of Police
E5 Sholavaram Police Station
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- 4.The Superintendent of Prison
Central Prison II, Puzhal
Chennai.
- 5.The Public Prosecutor,
High Court, Madras.

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