



Crl.O.P.No.10128 of 2023

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K.GOVINDARAJAN THILAKAVADI, J.

The petitioner, who apprehends arrest for the alleged offences under Sections 294(b), 353 & 506 (i) of I.P.C. in Crime No.244 of 2021, on the file of the respondent police, seeks anticipatory bail.

2.The case of the prosecution is that on 12.09.2021, when the defacto complainant, being the police official, enquired regarding civil dispute against some other persons, the petitioner abused the defacto complainant with filthy language and threatened him with dire consequences. Hence, the complaint.

3.The learned counsel appearing for the petitioner submitted that the petitioner is an innocent person and he has been falsely implicated in this case. He further submitted that the petitioner is no way connected with the alleged offence. He also submitted that the petitioner is ready to abide by any stringent conditions that may be imposed by this Court. Hence, he prayed for grant of anticipatory bail to the petitioner.



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4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl.Side) appearing for the respondent police submitted that the defacto complainant is a police official and that there is a wordy quarrel between the the defacto complainant and the petitioner, who has prevented the defacto complainant from discharging his duty. However, he opposed for granting anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

5.Heard the learned counsel for the petitioner and the learned Government Advocate (Crl.Side) for the respondent Police and perused the materials available on record.

6.Considering the above facts and circumstances of the case, the submissions made by the learned counsel on either side and also considering the fact that there is a wordy quarrel between the petitioner and the defacto complainant, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner with certain conditions.



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7. Accordingly, the petitioner is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on his appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before the learned District Munsif cum Judicial Magistrate, Cheyyur on condition that the petitioner shall execute a bond for a sum of Rs.25,000/- (Rupees Twenty Five Thousand Only) with two sureties, each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of his Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity;

[b] the petitioner shall report before the respondent police everyday at 10.30 a.m., for a period of four weeks and thereafter as and when required for interrogation;

[c] the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial;

[d] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial;



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[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioner in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioner released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**;

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

11.05.2023

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