



Crl.O.P.No.8657 of 2023

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S.SOUNTHAR, J.

The petitioner, who apprehends arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offences punishable under Sections 392 IPC in Crime No.513 of 2022, seeks anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution is that on 18.11.2022 at about 09.00 p.m, the defacto complainant stayed near Jesi Weigh Bridge and talking in phone with his friend, that time some other persons and the petitioner were come his near and robbed his cell phone and Rs.2500/-. Hence, the case.

3. The learned counsel for the petitioner submitted that the petitioner has nothing to do with the said allegation and he has been falsely implicated in this case. Hence, he prayed for grant of anticipatory bail to the petitioner.



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4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl. Side) appearing for the respondent police opposed for grant of anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

5. Heard both sides and perused the materials available on record.

6. Having regard to the facts and circumstances of the case and also the fact that the amount and the articles were already secured by the police and also the A1 and A2 were already arrested and released on bail, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner with certain conditions.

7. Accordingly, the petitioner is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on their appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before the **Judicial Magistrate No.VII, Coimbatore**, on condition that the petitioner shall execute separate bonds for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand only) with **two sureties** each for a like sum to the



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satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate shall obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioner shall report before the respondent Police Station daily at 10.30 a.m. for a period of two weeks and thereafter as and when required for interrogation.

[c] the petitioner shall not tamper the evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioners in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioners released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560].



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mp/rst

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

05.05.2023

mp/rst

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