



WEB COPY

WP No.11765 of 2



IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

DATED : 08-08-2023

CORAM

THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE S.M.SUBRAMANIAM

WP No.11765 of 2021

A.Baskar

... Petitioner

Vs.

1.The District Collector,
Collectorate,
Nagapattinam.

2.The District Revenue Officer,
Nagapattinam.

3.The Tahsildar,
Tahsildar Office,
Nagapattinam.

4.The Taluk Deputy Surveyor,
Land Survey Division,
Nagapattinam.

... Respondents



Prayer: Writ Petition filed under Article 226 of the Constitution of India for issuance of a Writ of Mandamus, directing the respondents to measure the land of petitioner measuring 2007 ½ sq.ft., in Survey No.41/1B1, Andanapettai Village, Nagapattinam Taluk and to issue patta to the petitioner for said extent of 2007 ½ sq.ft., acquired under Registered Sale Deed dated 22.04.1998, Document No.429/1998, District Registrar, Nagapattinam.

For Petitioner : Mr.K.Siva Subramanian
For Respondents : Mr.G.Krishna Raja,
Additional Government Pleader.

ORDER

The relief sought for in the present writ petition is to direct the respondents to measure the land of petitioner measuring 2007 ½ sq.ft., in Survey No.41/1B1, Andanapettai Village, Nagapattinam Taluk and to issue patta to the petitioner for said extent of 2007 ½ sq.ft., acquired under Registered Sale Deed dated 22.04.1998, Document No.429/1998, District Registrar, Nagapattinam.



2. The issues raised in the present writ petition were adjudicated by this Court in a batch of writ petitions in **WP No.37519 of 2016 etc. batch [S.Sakkarai vs. The Tashildhar, Dharmapuri District]** and judgment was delivered on 19.06.2023 and the relevant paragraphs of the said judgment are extracted hereunder:

“36. Section 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure unambiguously contemplates that “The Courts shall have jurisdiction to try all suits of a civil nature excepting suits of which their cognizance is either expressly or impliedly barred”.

37. Therefore, a special enactment has no relevance with reference to a right of the parties to approach the competent Civil Court of law to resolve all nature of civil disputes including boundary dispute, survey dispute, title dispute, ownership or otherwise. Therefore, neither the parties nor the authorities need to create an impression that in the event of boundary dispute, the parties have to approach the authorities at the first instance. It is not required that the aggrieved persons, in the event of boundary



dispute has to approach the authorities for fixing the boundary, they are at liberty to approach the Civil Court of law under Section 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure, which is unambiguous in this regard.

38. Submitting an application for fixing boundary is an option available to the aggrieved persons. Once an application is filed, whether the application is entertainable under the provisions of the Act is to be determined by the authorities and only if it is falling within the ambit of the Act, then alone the survey or fixing of boundary is to be undertaken. Even in this case, the authorities are bound to relegate the parties to the competent Civil Court of law under Section 14 of the Act.

39. It is contended by the petitioner that the authorities are making certain findings regarding the title, ownership in their order, while rejecting the applications. Such findings made by the authorities either in the patta proceedings or in the proceedings under the Survey and Boundaries Act are restricted and to



be understood only for the purpose of arriving a conclusion under the provisions of the Act and the said patta proceedings or the proceedings under the Survey and Boundaries Act would not confer any title or be taken as a conclusive decision, more specifically under Section 35 of the Evidence Act.

40. Accordingly, the respondents are directed to consider the representations / applications submitted by the petitioners in the order of seniority and by following the procedures as contemplated under the Governmental orders and in consonance with the provisions of the Survey and Boundaries Act, 1923 and pass appropriate orders on merits and in accordance with law. Wherever the applications are already disposed of and appeals provided under the Act has been filed, then such appeals are to be decided on merits and in consonance with the provisions of the Survey and Boundaries Act.”

3. In view of the fact that the case of the petitioner is also



similar to that of the cases (cited *supra*), the present writ petition is also to be considered on the same line.

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4. Accordingly, the present writ petition stands disposed of.

However, there shall be no order as to costs.

08-08-2023

Index : Yes/No

Internet: Yes/No

Speaking order/Non-Speaking order

Neutral Citation : Yes/No

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