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Crl.O.P.No.1595 of 2023

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T.V.THAMILSELVI, J.

The petitioner who apprehends arrest for the alleged offence punishable under Sections 341, 294(b), 323, 324, 506(ii) of IPC in Crime No.3 of 2023, seeks anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution is that on 03.01.2022 due to previous enmity in the water can supply business, the petitioner along with others has abused the defacto complainant, assaulted him and threatened him with dire consequences. Hence the complaint.

3. The learned counsel appearing for the petitioner submit that the petitioner is an innocent person and he has not committed any offence as alleged by the prosecution. He further submits that the petitioner is no way connected with the alleged offence. Hence, he prays for grant of anticipatory bail to the petitioner.



4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl.Side) appearing for the respondent police submits that on 03.01.2022 due to previous enmity in the water can supply business, the petitioner along with others has abused the defacto complainant, assaulted him and threatened him with dire consequences. Hence, he opposed for grant of anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

5. Considering the facts and circumstances of the case and also considering the submissions made by the both counsel, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner subject to the following conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioner is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on his appearance before the **learned X Metropolitan Magistrate Court, at Egmore** on condition that the petitioner shall execute a bond for a sum of **Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten thousand only)** with two sureties each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of



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the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioner is directed to report before the respondent police as and when required for interrogation.

[c] the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioners in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioners released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court



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himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in
P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560];

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be
registered under Section 229A IPC.

25.01.2023

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