



Crl.O.P.No.797 of 2023

T.V.THAMILSELVI, J.

The petitioner, who apprehends arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offences punishable under Sections 294(b), 332 353 and 506(i) IPC in Crime No.594 of 2022, seek anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution is that on 25.12.2022, the defacto complainant who is a Sub-Inspector in RPF, after his duty hours had passed by the cycle stand of Minjur Railway Station and found a Tata Magic vehicle has been kept as hurdle for public movement to the railway station and he noticed the same and called the petitioner to remove the vehicle by showing his ID Card. Then, a quarrel arose between the petitioner and the defacto complainant. Due to this quarrel the petitioner attacked the defacto complainant and he sustained injuries. Hence, the complaint.

3.The learned counsel appearing for the petitioner would submit that the petitioner has not committed any offence as alleged by the prosecution. Therefore, he prays to grant anticipatory bail to the



petitioners.

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4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl.Side) would submit that the victim is discharged from the hospital. Hence, he vehemently opposed for grant of anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

5. Taking into consideration the facts and the submissions and that the petitioner is ready and willing to deposit some amount to the credit of Cr.No.594 of 2022, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner with certain conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioner is directed to deposit a sum of **Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand Only) to the credit of crime No. 594 of 2022 within a period of three weeks from the date on which the order copy made ready**, and on such deposit the petitioner is ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on his appearance, before the learned **Judicial Magistrate Ponneri**, on condition that the petitioner shall execute a bond for a sum of Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand only) each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the



police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioner and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioners shall deposit a sum of **Rs.10,000/- (Rupees Ten Thousand Only) to the credit of crime No.594 of 2022 within a period of three weeks** from the date on which the order copy made ready

[c] the final order in respect of the said deposit shall be passed by the learned trial Judge at conclusion of trial.

[d] **the petitioner shall appear before the respondent police every Wednesday at 10.30 a.m., for a period of eight weeks and thereafter, as and when required for interrogation.**

[e] the petitioner shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.



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Crl.O.P.No.797 of 2023



T.V.THAMILSELVI, J.

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[f] the petitioner shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[g] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioner in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioner released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.

[h] If the accused thereafter abscond, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

12.01.2023

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