

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT PATNA
Civil Writ Jurisdiction Case No.7922 of 2023

Kalawati Devi Wife of Sri Mangal Singh, Resident of Village-Chhulkar, P.O. Rajpur, Police Station-Sanjhauli, District Rohtas at Sasaram.

... .. Petitioner/s

Versus

1. The State of Bihar through the Principal Secretary, Department of Social Welfare, Government of Bihar, Patna-800001.
2. The Director (ICDS) Integrated Children Development Scheme, Department of Social Welfare, Patna.
3. The District Magistrate, Rohtas at Sasaram.
4. The District Program Officer, Rohtas at Sasaram.
5. The Children Development Project Officer, Block-Sanjhauli, District-Rohtas.
6. Aarati Devi Wife of Sri Shambhu Singh Village-Chhulkar, P.O. Rajpur, Police Station-Sanjhauli, Block Sanjhauli, District-Rohtas at Sasaram.

... .. Respondent/s

Appearance :

For the Petitioner/s	:	Mr.Raghunandan Kumar Singh, Advocate
For the State	:	Mr.Md. Raisul Haque (Sc10)

CORAM: HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE MOHIT KUMAR SHAH
ORAL JUDGMENT
Date : 28-11-2023

1. The present writ petition has been filed seeking the following relief:-

"a) This is an application for issuance of an appropriate writ/writs, order(s) to the respondents or direction for quashing the impugned order Dt. 28.04.2018 passed by the District Program Officer, Rohtas at Sasaram in Anganwari Case No. 28 of 2011-12 whereby he has been rejected the



Anganwari case of the Petitioner and further be pleased to quashed the impugned Order Dt. 31.05.2019 passed in Anganwari Appeal Case No. 07 of 2018 by the District Magistrate, Rohtas whereby he has been pleased to upheld the aforesaid impugned Order Dt. 28.04.2018 passed by the District Program Officer, Rohtas at Sasaram."

2. At this juncture, this Court would refer to a judgment rendered by the learned Division Bench of this Court in the case of ***Babita Kumari v. The State of Bihar and others***, reported in ***2016 SCC Online Pat 9434***, paragraphs no. 7 and 8 whereof are reproduced herein below:-

"7. Having considered the rival contentions, we do not find any merit in the present appeal. The charges against the appellant were very clear as would be apparent from the show cause dated 22.02.2012, which was issued in light of the findings in the enquiry report as well as the relevant documents/registers which were required to be maintained at the



Centre. Reply given by the appellant, copy of which has been brought on record, does not indicate any justification and rather it has been stated that on 24.09.2011 at the time of Inspection, the children were still coming and on 07.10.2011, she herself had gone to call the children and during that time the inspection was held. It was further stated by the appellant that on 30.09.2011 she had become ill due to being drenched by rain. We find that such explanation is vague and evasive and does not inspire confidence. The spirit and object of running Anganbadi Centres cannot be overemphasized and the purpose is to ensure the welfare of children from the lowermost and deprived strata of society. Any lapse in execution of the said scheme has to be taken very seriously. Closure of even one day entails the beneficiaries going without their meals, which cannot be overlooked. Thus, we do not find any infirmity in the decision of the authorities cancelling her selection as well as the procedure adopted by them prior to passing



such order.

8. For the reasons aforesaid, the Letters Patent Appeal, being devoid of merit, stands dismissed.”

3. It would be apt to refer to yet another judgment rendered by the learned Division Bench of this Court in the case of **Neetu Kumari v. The State of Bihar and others**, reported in **2011 (4) PLJR 20**, paragraphs no. 4 and 5 whereof are reproduced herein below:-

“4. In our considered view, the post of Anganbari Sevika is not a post having security of tenure or protection under Article 311 of Constitution of India. Considering the very nature of engagement which provides of honorarium, we are of the view that in case the appellant still feels aggrieved, she may approach the Civil Court for damages. There is nothing at stake in such a scheme other than honorarium. For such contractual engagements the relief of reinstatement is not appropriate and even if there is breach of the scheme or any other principle of law, the claim



should ordinarily be permitted, if found good on merits, only for damages.

5. The appeal is dismissed.”

4. Considering the law laid down by the learned Division Bench of this Court, as aforesaid, the learned counsel for the petitioner seeks not to press the present writ petition, however, seeks liberty on behalf of the petitioner to avail such other alternative remedies as are otherwise available under the law. Liberty, so sought, is granted.

5. The writ petition stands dismissed as not pressed.

(Mohit Kumar Shah, J)

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AFR/NAFR	NAFR
CAV DATE	NA
Uploading Date	29.11.2023
Transmission Date	NA

