

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT PATNA**  
**Civil Writ Jurisdiction Case No.19950 of 2014**

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Ranjana Devi W/o Sri Vinay Kumar, Resident of Village- Narar West,  
Panchayat Nara West P.S. Kaluwahi, District- Madhubani.

... .. Petitioner/s

Versus

1. The State Of Bihar through the Principal Secretary, Social Welfare Department, Govt. of Bihar, Patna.
2. Commissioner, Darbhanga Division.
3. Collector, Madhubani.
4. The District Programme Officer, Madhubani.
5. The Child Development Program officer, Kaluwahi, District- Madhubani.

... .. Respondent/s

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**Appearance :**

For the Petitioner/s : Mr.Bhubneshwar Prasad, Advocate  
For the Respondent/s : Mr.Rajeev Ranjan, AC to GP-20

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**CORAM: HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE MOHIT KUMAR SHAH**  
**ORAL JUDGMENT**

**Date : 10-08-2023**

1. The present writ petition has been filed seeking the following reliefs:-

*"(I) For issuance of Writ in the nature of Certiorari to quash the order dated 13.9.2011/16.9.2011 passed by the Commissioner, Darbhanga Division contained in Annexure-9 affirming the order of removal of the petitioner*



*And also for quashing of order contained in Memo no. 1043 dated 15.06.2010 passed by the Collector Madhubani Contained in Annexure- 8, affirming the order of the District Program officer.*

*Further also for quashing the order contained in Memo no. 870 dated 21.12.2009 passed by the District Program officer, Madhubani contained in Memo no. 870 dated 21.12.2009 passed by the District Program officer, Madhubani contained in Annexure- 7, whereby and whereunder the petitioner has been dismissed from the post of Anganwari Sevika.*

*(ii) For issuance of writ in the nature of Mandamus to reinstate the petitioner on the post of Anganwari Sevika from the date of her dismissal with all consequential benefits.*

*(iii) For the impugned orders are bad in law."*

2. At this juncture, this Court would refer to a judgment rendered by the learned Division Bench of this Court in the case of **Babita Kumari v. The**



**State of Bihar and others**, reported in **2016 SCC Online Pat 9434**, paragraphs no. 7 and 8 whereof are reproduced herein below:-

*“7. Having considered the rival contentions, we do not find any merit in the present appeal. The charges against the appellant were very clear as would be apparent from the show cause dated 22.02.2012, which was issued in light of the findings in the enquiry report as well as the relevant documents/registers which were required to be maintained at the Centre. Reply given by the appellant, copy of which has been brought on record, does not indicate any justification and rather it has been stated that on 24.09.2011 at the time of Inspection, the children were still coming and on 07.10.2011, she herself had gone to call the children and during that time the inspection was held. It was further stated by the appellant that on 30.09.2011 she had become ill due to being drenched by rain. We find that such explanation is vague and evasive and does not inspire confidence. The spirit and*



*object of running Anganbadi Centres cannot be overemphasized and the purpose is to ensure the welfare of children from the lowermost and deprived strata of society. Any lapse in execution of the said scheme has to be taken very seriously. Closure of even one day entails the beneficiaries going without their meals, which cannot be overlooked. Thus, we do not find any infirmity in the decision of the authorities cancelling her selection as well as the procedure adopted by them prior to passing such order.*

*8. For the reasons aforesaid, the Letters Patent Appeal, being devoid of merit, stands dismissed.”*

3. It would be apt to refer to yet another judgment rendered by the learned Division Bench of this Court in the case of **Neetu Kumari v. The State of Bihar and others**, reported in **2011 (4) PLJR 20**, paragraphs no. 4 and 5 whereof are reproduced herein below:-

*“4. In our considered view, the post of Anganbari Sevika is not a post having*



*security of tenure or protection under Article 311 of Constitution of India. Considering the very nature of engagement which provides of honorarium, we are of the view that in case the appellant still feels aggrieved, she may approach the Civil Court for damages. There is nothing at stake in such a scheme other than honorarium. For such contractual engagements the relief of reinstatement is not appropriate and even if there is breach of the scheme or any other principle of law, the claim should ordinarily be permitted, if found good on merits, only for damages.*

*5. The appeal is dismissed."*

4. Considering the law laid down by the learned Division Bench of this Court, as aforesaid, the learned counsel for the petitioner seeks not to press the present writ petition, however, seeks liberty on behalf of the petitioner to avail such other alternative remedies as are otherwise available under the law. Liberty, so sought, is granted.



5. The writ petition stands dismissed as not pressed.

(Mohit Kumar Shah, J)

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