

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT PATNA
Civil Writ Jurisdiction Case No.18554 of 2014

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Rinki Kumari wife of Ramjee Prasad Gupta, resident of Village P.O. P.S.-
Karakat, District- Rohtas.

... .. Petitioner/s

Versus

1. The State of Bihar
2. The Director, ICDS, Department of Welfare, Government of Bihar, Patna.
3. The Deputy Director, Welfare Patna Division, Patna.
4. The District Magistrate, Rohtas.
5. The District Programme Officer, Welfare, Rohtas.
6. The child Development Project Officer, Karakat Gorari, Rohtas.
7. The Mukhiya, Karakat Gram Panchayat, Karakat, Rohtas.
8. The Panachayat Secretary, Karakat Gram Panchayat, Karakat, Rohtas.
9. Laltesh Yadav, the then Mukhiya, Karakat Gram Panchayat, resident of
village -Murarpur, P.O.-Mohanpur, P.S.-Karakat, District-Rohtas.
10. Keshev Prasad Singh, the then Panchayat Secretary, Karakat Gram
Panachayat, Rohtas.
11. Manoj Kumar Singh, the then Panchayat Secretary,Gram
Panchayat Rohtas.
12. Bandana Kumari, wife of Vijay Kumar Singh, resident of Village P.O.P.S.-
Karakat, District- Rohtas.

... .. Respondent/s

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Appearance:

For the Petitioner/s	:	Mr.Ramanuj Tiwary, Advocate
For the State	:	Mr. Mujtabaul Haque, GP-12 Mr. Pranoy Kumar, AC to GP-12
For the Respondent No. 12 :		Mr. Jitendra Prasad Singh, Advocate Mr. Sri Priya Sinha, Advocate

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CORAM: HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE MOHIT KUMAR SHAH
ORAL JUDGMENT
Date : 02-08-2023

1. The present writ petition has been filed
seeking the following relief:-

“1. That this application is being



filed against the order dated 23.06.2014 passed by the Deputy Director Welfare, Patna Division, Patna in Appeal No. 36/2010 by which the selection of the petitioner as Aanganwari Sevika at Aanganwari Center No. 12 Karakat, Rohtas has been cancelled without hearing the petitioner in most illegal, wrongful and arbitrary manner on the basis of forged and fabricated documents submitted by the respondent 3rd set."

2. At this juncture, this Court would refer to a judgment rendered by the learned Division Bench of this Court in the case of **Babita Kumari vs. The State of Bihar and others**, reported in **2016 SCC Online Pat 9434**, paragraphs no. 7 and 8 whereof are reproduced herein below:-

"7. Having considered the rival contentions, we do not find any merit in the present appeal. The charges against the appellant were very clear as would be apparent from the show cause dated 22.02.2012, which was issued in light of the findings in the



enquiry report as well as the relevant documents/registers which were required to be maintained at the Centre. Reply given by the appellant, copy of which has been brought on record, does not indicate any justification and rather it has been stated that on 24.09.2011 at the time of Inspection, the children were still coming and on 07.10.2011, she herself had gone to call the children and during that time the inspection was held. It was further stated by the appellant that on 30.09.2011 she had become ill due to being drenched by rain. We find that such explanation is vague and evasive and does not inspire confidence. The spirit and object of running Anganbadi Centres cannot be overemphasized and the purpose is to ensure the welfare of children from the lowermost and deprived strata of society. Any lapse in execution of the said scheme has to be taken very seriously. Closure of even one day entails the beneficiaries going without their meals, which cannot be overlooked. Thus, we do not find any infirmity in the decision



of the authorities cancelling her selection as well as the procedure adopted by them prior to passing such order.

8. For the reasons aforesaid, the Letters Patent Appeal, being devoid of merit, stands dismissed.”

3. It would be apt to refer to yet another judgment rendered by the learned Division Bench of this Court in the case of **Neetu Kumari v. The State of Bihar and others**, reported in **2011 (4) PLJR 20**, paragraphs no. 4 and 5 whereof are reproduced herein below:-

“4. In our considered view, the post of Anganbari Sevika is not a post having security of tenure or protection under Article 311 of Constitution of India. Considering the very nature of engagement which provides of honorarium, we are of the view that in case the appellant still feels aggrieved, she may approach the Civil Court for damages. There is nothing at stake in such a scheme other than honorarium. For such contractual engagements the relief of



reinstatement is not appropriate and even if there is breach of the scheme or any other principle of law, the claim should ordinarily be permitted, if found good on merits, only for damages.

5. The appeal is dismissed.”

4. Considering the law laid down by the learned Division Bench of this Court, as aforesaid, the learned counsel for the petitioner seeks not to press the present writ petition, however, seeks liberty on behalf of the petitioner to avail such other alternative remedies as are otherwise available under the law. Liberty, so sought, is granted.

5. The writ petition stands dismissed as not pressed.

(Mohit Kumar Shah, J)

S.Sb/-

AFR/NAFR	NAFR
CAV DATE	N/A
Uploading Date	03.08.2023
Transmission Date	N/A

