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IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB & HARYANA
AT CHANDIGARH

CRM-M-26928-2022
DECIDED ON: 15.12.2022

MOHAMMAD SHOKEEN AND ANOTHER

PETITIONERS

VERSUS

STATE OF HARYANA AND ANOTHER

RESPONDENTS

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE SANDEEP MOUDGIL.

Present: Mr. Sanjiv Gupta , Advocate
for the petitioners.

Mr. Chetan Sharma, A.A.G., Haryana.

None for respondent No.2.

SANDEEP MOUDGIL, J (ORAL)

Prayer in the application is for recalling the order dated 24.11.2022 whereby the main petition was dismissed for non-prosecution.

Keeping in view the reason as recorded in para 2 of the present application, the application is allowed.

The main case is restored to its original number.

On oral request of learned counsel for the parties, the main case is taken up for final hearing.

CRM-M-26928-2022

This is a petition under Section 482 Cr.P.C. for quashing of FIR No. 425, dated 27.10.2021 (Annexure P-1), under Sections 406 and

420IPC, registered at Police Station Kunjpura and all consequential

proceedings arising therefrom, on the basis of compromise dated 13.06.2022 (Annexure P-2).

During the pendency of the dispute, the parties have compromised the matter and filed the present petition for quashing of FIR.

Vide order dated 20.06.2022, parties were directed to appear before the Illaqa Magistrate/Trial Court and report with regard to the genuineness of the compromise was called for.

The report dated 05.08.2022, has been received from learned Judicial Magistrate Ist Class, Karnal stating that the parties have entered into a compromise, voluntarily and without any coercion, pressure, threat or under influence. There is no representation on behalf of complainant respondent No. 2 but he has made statement in support of compromise before learned Judicial Magistrate Ist Class, Karnal.

Full Bench of this Court in ***Kulwinder Singh and others vs. State of Punjab, 2007 (3) RCR (Criminal) 1052***, has held:-

“The only inevitable conclusion from the above discussion is that there is no statutory bar under the Cr.P.C. which can affect the inherent power of this Court under Section 482. Further, the same cannot be limited to matrimonial cases alone and the Court has the wide power to quash the proceedings even in noncompoundable offences notwithstanding the bar under Section 320 of the Cr.P.C., in order to prevent the abuse of law and to secure the ends of justice.

The power under Section 482 of the Cr.P.C. is to be exercised Ex-Debitia Justitia to prevent an abuse of process of Court. There can neither be an exhaustive list nor the defined para-meters to enable a High Court to invoke or exercise its

inherent powers. It will always depend upon the facts and circumstances of each case. The power under Section 482 of the Cr.P.C. has no limits. However, the High Court will exercise it sparingly and with utmost care and caution. The exercise of power has to be with circumspection and restraint. The Court is a vital and an extra-ordinary effective instrument to maintain and control social order. The Courts play role of paramount importance in achieving peace, harmony and everlasting congeniality in society. Resolution of a dispute by way of a compromise between two warring groups, therefore, should attract the immediate and prompt attention of a Court which should endeavour to give full effect to the same unless such compromise is abhorrent to lawful composition of the society or would promote savagery.”

The legal principles as laid down for quashing of the judgment were also approved by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the matter of '**Gian Singh Versus State of Punjab and another,(2012) 10 SCC 303'**. Furthermore, the broad principles for exercising the powers under Section 482 were summarized by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the matter of '**Parbatbhai Aahir @ Parbatbhai Bhimsinhbhai Karmur and others versus State of Gujarat and another” (2017) 9 SCC 641'**.

It is evident that in view of the amicable resolution of the issues amongst the parties, no useful purpose would be served by continuation of the proceedings. The furtherance of the proceedings is likely to be a waste of judicial time and there appears to be no chances of conviction.

In view of above, FIR No. 425, dated 27.10.2021 (Annexure P-1), under Sections 406 and 420 IPC, registered at Police Station Kunjpura

and all consequential proceedings arising therefrom are quashed, on the

basis of compromise dated 13.06.2022 (Annexure P-2).

The present petition is hereby allowed.

(SANDEEP MOUDGIL)
JUDGE

15.12.2022.
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- 1. Whether speaking/ reasoned : Yes / No
- 2. Whether reportable : Yes / No