

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA AT
CHANDIGARH**

**TA No.259 of 2022 (O&M)
Date of decision: 22.07.2022**

Komal Chadha

....Petitioner

Versus

Jatinder Chadha

....Respondents

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE ARVIND SINGH SANGWAN

Present: Mr. Ashish Aggarwal, Advocate
for the petitioner.

Mr. Yogesh Goel, Advocate
for the respondent.

ARVIND SINGH SANGWAN J. (Oral)

CM-8722-CII-2022

Heard.

Allowed as prayed for and the reply on behalf of the
respondent is taken on record.

TA-259-2022 (O&M)

Prayer in this petition is for transfer of the petition filed
under Section 13 of the Hindu Marriage Act, pending in the Family
Court, Ludhiana to the competent Court of jurisdiction at Amritsar.

Counsel for the petitioner has argued that on account of a
matrimonial discord, the petitioner has filed a petition/complaint under
the Domestic Violence Act at Amritsar.

Counsel for the petitioner has further submitted that the
respondent/husband has filed the petition under Section 13 of the Hindu
Marriage Act, as a counter-blast, before the Principal Judge, Family
Court, Ludhiana.

Counsel for the petitioner has also argued that on account of a petition filed by the respondent/husband, the petitioner is facing great difficulty in prosecuting the said case as there is a distance of about 145 Kms from Amritsar to Ludhiana.

Counsel for the petitioner has further contended that the petitioner is in custody of 01 year old female child, who is living in her care and custody and she is facing difficulty to defend the case as she has to travel from Amritsar to Ludhiana.

Counsel for the petitioner has relied upon the judgments **“Sumita Singh vs Kumar Sanjay”**, 2002 SC 396 and **“Rajani Kishor Pardeshi vs Kishor Babulal Pardeshi”**, 2005(12) SCC 237, wherein the Hon’ble Supreme Court has observed that *while deciding the transfer application, the Courts are required to give more weightage and consideration to the convenience of the female litigants and transfer of legal proceedings from one Court to another should ordinarily be allowed, taking into consideration their convenience and the Courts should desist from putting female litigants under undue hardships.”*

It is well settled that while considering the transfer of a matrimonial dispute/case at the instance of the wife, the Court is to consider the family condition of the wife, the custody of the minor child, economic condition of the wife, her physical health and earning capacity of the husband and most important the convenience of the wife i.e. she cannot travel alone without assistance of a male member of her family, connectivity of the place to and fro from her place of residence as well as bearing of the litigation charges and travelling expenses.

Reply on behalf of the respondent is on record, in which it is not disputed that the female child is living with the petitioner/wife, however, the reply nowhere reflects that the respondent/husband is paying any maintenance to the petitioner/wife.

After hearing the counsel for the parties, considering the fact that the petitioner/wife will have to bear the litigation expenses and transportation expenses and in view of the judgments i.e. ***Sumita Singh's case (supra)*** and ***Rajani Kishor Pardeshi's case (supra)*** passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court, this Court deem it appropriate to allow the present petition, subject to the following conditions:-

- 1. The petition filed under Section 13 of the Hindu Marriage Act, pending before the Family Court, Ludhiana will be transferred to the competent Court of jurisdiction at Amritsar.*
- 2. The District Judge, Amritsar, will assign the said petition to the competent Court of jurisdiction.*
- 3. The Family Court, Ludhiana is directed to transfer all the record pertaining to the aforesaid case to District Judge, Amritsar.*
- 4. The parties are directed to appear before the trial Court, Amritsar, within a period of 01 month from today.*

Disposed of.

(ARVIND SINGH SANGWAN)
JUDGE

22.07.2022

yakub

Whether speaking/reasoned: Yes/No

Whether reportable: Yes/No