

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF PUNJAB AND HARYANA
AT CHANDIGARH**

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**CRM-M-4152-2020 (O&M)
Date of Decision : 11.10.2022**

Rohtash Singh @ Rodhi

.....Petitioner

Versus

State of Haryana and another

.....Respondents

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE ASHOK KUMAR VERMA

Present : Mr. Rajesh Lamba Advocate
for the petitioner.

Mr. Tanuj Sharma, Asstt. A.G., Haryana
for the respondent No.1-State.

Mr. Ankit Dahiya, Advocate for
Ms. Neeru Thakur, Advocate
for respondent No.2.

ASHOK KUMAR VERMA, J. (ORAL)

The petitioner has filed the present petition under Section 482 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 for quashing of FIR No.233 dated 11.05.2019 registered under Sections 420, 467, 468 and 471 of the Indian Penal Code, 1860 at Police Station Sadar Ballabgarh, District Faridabad (**Annexure P-1**) and all consequential proceedings arising therefrom on the basis of compromise dated 24.01.2020 (**Annexure P-2**) effected between the private parties.

Pursuant to order dated 30.01.2020 passed by the Coordinate Bench of this Court, the private parties appeared before learned Judicial Magistrate First Class, Faridabad to get their statements recorded. Learned Judicial Magistrate First Class, Faridabad submitted his report along with copies of statements of the parties vide

letter dated 03.03.2020 through learned District and Sessions Judge, Faridabad which is taken on record.

Reply by way of an affidavit dated 11.07.2020 of Sh.Prithvi Singh, HPS, Assistant Commissioner of Police, Tigaon, District Faridabad, on behalf of respondent No.1, has been filed in the Registry which is taken on record.

I have heard learned Counsel for the petitioner, learned State Counsel and learned counsel for respondent No.2 and gone through the relevant record.

It is now well settled that the High Court has inherent power to quash the criminal proceedings in non-compoundable cases on the basis of settlement between the parties for securing the ends of justice or to prevent abuse of the process where the possibility of conviction is remote and bleak and continuation of the criminal case would put the accused to great oppression and prejudice and extreme injustice would be caused to him by not quashing the criminal case. Criminal cases having overwhelmingly and predominantly civil character particularly those arising out of commercial transaction or arising out of matrimonial relationship or family dispute can be quashed when the parties have resolved their entire dispute among themselves. However, such power cannot be exercised in those prosecutions which involve heinous and serious offences of mental depravity or offences like murder, rape dacoity, etc. which are not private in nature and have a serious impact on society. Similarly, prosecution for offences alleged to have been committed under special enactments like the Prevention of Corruption Act or the offences

committed by public servant while working in that capacity cannot be quashed on the basis of compromise between the victim and the offender. For judicial precedents in this regard, reference may be made to *Gian Singh Vs. State of Punjab and another : 2012(4) RCR Criminal) 543*, *Narinder Singh Vs. State of Punjab (Supreme Court) : 2014 (2) RCR (Criminal) 482*, *State of Madhya Pradesh Vs. Laxmi Narayan and others (Supreme Court) : 2019 (2) RCR (Criminal) 255* and *Kulwinder Singh and others Vs. State of Punjab and others (Punjab and Haryana High Court) : 2007 (3) RCR (Criminal) 1052*.

According to the report, learned Judicial Magistrate First Class, Faridabad is satisfied that compromise effected between the parties is genuine, outcome of free consent of the parties and is without coercion from any quarter.

Considering the report dated 03.03.2020 of learned Judicial Magistrate First Class, Faridabad and the fact that the compromise will bring peace and harmony between the parties, aforesaid FIR No.233 dated 11.05.2019 (**Annexure P-1**) and all subsequent proceedings arising therefrom, are quashed, qua the petitioners only.

Disposed of, accordingly.

(ASHOK KUMAR VERMA)
JUDGE

11.10.2022
Kothiwal

Whether speaking/reasoned	Yes/No
Whether reportable	Yes/No