

RAM PAL AND ANR.

...PETITIONERS

VERSUS

STATE OF PUNJAB AND ANR.

...RESPONDENTS

CORAM: HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE VIVEK PURI

Present: Mr. Adarshpreet Singh, Advocate for
Mr. Kawaljyot Singh, Advocate
for the petitioners.

Mr. Hittan Nehra, Addl. AG, Punjab.

Mr. Yagyaang Ajay, Advocate
for respondent No.2.

VIVEK PURI,J. (ORAL)

Petitioners have approached this Court by way of instant petition under Section 482 Cr.P.C. invoking its inherent jurisdiction for quashing of FIR No. 152 dated 27.06.2019 under Sections 406/498-A/34 IPC, 1860, registered at Police Station City Kapurthala, District Kapurthala and all the consequential proceedings arising therefrom, on the basis of compromise.

On 17.01.2020, parties were directed to appear before the Trial Court/Illaq Magistrate and get their statements recorded with regard to the compromise arrived at between them.

The trial Court was directed to record the statements of all the concerned and send its report regarding genuineness and voluntary nature of the compromise.

In compliance of the order dated 17.01.2020, learned Chief Judicial Magistrate, Kapurthala has recorded the statements of the parties and submitted her report, the relevant para whereof reads as under:-

“So in this way, on the basis of the statements made by both the parties it has become crystal clear that:

- a) Two persons arrayed as accused in FIR.*
- b) No accused has been declared proclaimed offender in the said case.*
- c) No proceeding pertaining to present FIR are pending.*
- d) The compromise is genuine, voluntary and without any coercion or undue influence. ”*

Learned counsel for the petitioners contend that the matrimonial dispute has been amicably settled between the parties in terms of settlement agreement dated 15.10.2019 (Annexure P-2). The marriage of petitioner No.1 and respondent No.2 has been dissolved by a decree of divorce by mutual consent under Section 13-B of Hindu Marriage Act. The permanent alimony has been paid to respondent No.2. No other case is pending between the parties.

Learned counsel for respondent No.2 states that he has no objection if FIR is quashed.

After hearing the learned counsel for the parties and going through the record of the case, this Court is of the considered opinion that it is a fit case for exercising the inherent jurisdiction of this Court under Section 482 Cr.P.C., so as to secure the ends of justice because the parties have arrived at a settlement, out of the Court, by way of compromise. The compromise is without any pressure and a genuine one. In such a situation, continuation of the prosecution would result in sheer abuse of process of law.

The controversy in the instant case does not indicate that the same involves heinous or serious offences and furthermore, the matrimonial dispute has been sought to be amicably settled. Consequently, a deserving case is made out where the court should exercise the power to secure the ends of justice.

For the aforesaid view, this Court finds support from ***Kulwinder***

1052, upheld by Hon'ble Apex Court in ***Gian Singh Vs. State of Punjab and others (2012) 10 SCC 303***.

Considering the peculiar facts and circumstances of the case noted above, coupled with the reasons aforementioned and to secure the ends of justice, FIR No. 152 dated 27.06.2019 under Sections 406/498-A/34 IPC, 1860, registered at Police Station City Kapurthala, District Kapurthala and all the consequential proceedings arising therefrom, are ordered to be quashed, however, qua the petitioners only.

Resultantly, with the above-said observations made, the instant petition stands allowed.

23.05.2022
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(VIVEK PURI)
JUDGE

Whether speaking/reasoned:	Yes/No
Whether reportable:	Yes/No