



BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED : 25.04.2022

CORAM

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THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE **G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN**

Crl.O.P(MD)No.4997 of 2020

- 1.Ganesan
- 2.Pandidurai
- 3.Kumaresan @ Muniyandi Pandi
- 4.Prabhu @ Manikandan
- 5.Prakash

... Petitioners/Accused Nos.1 to 5

Vs.

1. State represented by
The Inspector of Police,
Sellur Police Station,
Madurai District.

Crime No.225 of 2020 ...1st Respondent/Complainant

- 2.Kottaisamy ...2nd Respondent/De-facto Complainant

Prayer: Criminal Original Petition is filed under Section 482 Cr.P.C., praying to call for the records in connection with Crime No.225 of 2020 pending on the file of the first respondent police and quash the same insofar as the petitioners are concerned.

For Petitioners : Ms.A.Banumathy

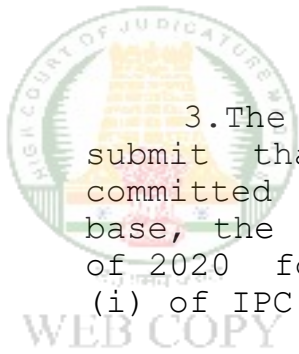
For R1 : Mr.R.M.Anbunithi
Additional Public Prosecutor

For R2 : Ms.S.Veerapandi Selvaraj

ORDER

This Criminal Original Petition has been filed to quash the proceedings in Crime No.225 of 2020 on the file of the first respondent police.

2.The case of the prosecution is that there was a wordy quarrel between the parties regarding the marriage of the first petitioner's daughter, for which, the petitioners attacked the de-facto complainant and threatened him with dire consequences. Therefore, the present complaint came to be registered against the petitioners.



3.The learned Counsel appearing for the petitioners would submit that the petitioners are innocents and they have not committed any offence as alleged by the prosecution. Without any base, the first respondent police registered a case in Crime No.225 of 2020 for the offences under Sections 147, 341, 294(b), 323, 506 (i) of IPC as against the petitioners.

4.Heard both sides and perused the materials available on record.

5.It is seen from the First Information Report that there are specific allegation as against the petitioners, which has to be investigated. Further, the FIR is not an encyclopedia and it need not contain all facts. Further, it cannot be quashed in the threshold. This Court finds that the FIR discloses prima facie commission of cognizable offence and as such this Court cannot interfere with the investigation. The investigating machinery has to step in to investigate, grab and unearth the crime in accordance with the procedures prescribed in the Code.

6.It is also relevant to rely upon the judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India passed in **Crl.A.No.255 of 2019** dated **12.02.2019 - Sau. Kamal Shivaji Pokarnekar vs. the State of Maharashtra & ors.**, as follows:-

"4. The only point that arises for our consideration in this case is whether the High Court was right in setting aside the order by which process was issued. It is settled law that the Magistrate, at the stage of taking cognizance and summoning, is required to apply his judicial mind only with a view to taking cognizance of the offence, or in other words, to find out whether a prima facie case has been made out for summoning the accused persons. The learned Magistrate is not required to evaluate the merits of the material or evidence in support of the complaint, because the Magistrate must not undertake the exercise to find out whether the materials would lead to a conviction or not.

5. Quashing the criminal proceedings is called for only in a case where the complaint does not disclose any offence, or is frivolous, vexatious, or oppressive. If the allegations set out in the complaint do not constitute the offence of which cognizance has been taken by the Magistrate, it is open to the High Court to quash the same. It is not necessary that a meticulous analysis of the case should be done



before the Trial to find out whether the case would end in conviction or acquittal. If it appears on a reading of the complaint and consideration of the allegations therein, in the light of the statement made on oath that the ingredients of the offence are disclosed, there would be no justification for the High Court to interfere.

6.....

7.....

8.....

9. Having heard the learned Senior Counsel and examined the material on record, we are of the considered view that the High Court ought not to have set aside the order passed by the Trial Court issuing summons to the Respondents. A perusal of the complaint discloses that prima facie, offences that are alleged against the Respondents. The correctness or otherwise of the said allegations has to be decided only in the Trial. At the initial stage of issuance of process it is not open to the Courts to stifle the proceedings by entering into the merits of the contentions made on behalf of the accused. Criminal complaints cannot be quashed only on the ground that the allegations made therein appear to be of a civil nature. If the ingredients of the offence alleged against the accused are prima facie made out in the complaint, the criminal proceeding shall not be interdicted."

7. In view of the above discussion, this Court is not inclined to quash the First Information Report. Hence, this Criminal Original Petition stands dismissed.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar (Crl Side)

// True Copy //

/ /2022

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

vsd

Note: In view of the present lock down owing to COVID-19 pandemic, a web copy of the order may be utilized for official purposes, but, ensuring that the copy of the order that is presented is the correct copy, shall be the responsibility of the advocate/litigant



To

1.The Inspector of Police,
Sellur Police Station,
Madurai District.

2.The Additional Public Prosecutor,
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai.

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RD(26.05.2022) 4P 3C