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BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED: 08.02.2022

CORAM:

THE HONOURABLE MR. JUSTICE **G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN**

Crl.O.P.(MD)No.2585 of 2022

and

Crl.M.P(MD) No.1931 of 2022

Mookkaiya

... Petitioner/ Sole Accused
Vs

1. The Inspector of Police
Athoor Police Station,
Thoothukudi District
(Crime No. 228 of 2020)

... Respondent/Complainant

2. Krishnakumar

... Respondent/ Defacto Complainant

Prayer: Criminal Original Petition filed under Section 482 Cr.P.C. to Call for the records relating to the FIR in Crime No. 228 of 2020 on the file of the Inspector of Police, Athoor Police Station, Thoothukudi District and quash the same.

For Petitioner : Mr.S. Pandiyaraj

For Respondents : Mr.R.M.Anbunithi
No.1 Additional Public Prosecutor

ORDER

This Criminal Original Petition has been filed to quash the proceedings in Crime No. 228 of 2020 on the file of the Inspector of Police, Athoor Police Station, Thoothukudi District.

2. The case of the prosecution is that the petitioner is working in Electricity Department and he tries to encroach the second respondent's property, due to which a civil suit in O.S. No.82 of 2019 is pending on the file of the District Munsif Court, Tiruchendur and the same is pending. While the suit is pending, on 04.04.2020 the petitioner trespassed into the second respondent's property with his men and cut down the trees situated in the second respondent place. When the same was questioned, the petitioner abused the second respondent in filthy language and threatened with dire consequences. Hence the second respondent has lodged a compliant before the first respondent and the first respondent issued CSR No.26 of 2020. On 17.05.2020 the petitioner came to the place of the second respondent with aruval and scolded him in filthy language and threatened him with dire consequences. Since the first respondent did not take any steps the second



respondent filed complaint before the learned Judicial Magistrate, Tiruchendur in Crl.M.P.No.1769 of 2020 and the learned Judicial Magistrate directed the first respondent police to enquire the matter. With the above allegations, the respondent police registered the above FIR.

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3. The learned Counsel appearing for the petitioner would submit that the petitioner is innocent and he has not committed any offence as alleged by the prosecution. Without any base, the first respondent police registered a case in Crime No. 228 of 2020 for the offences under Section 294(b) of IPC as against the petitioner.

4. The learned Additional Public Prosecutor would submit that the investigation is almost completed and the respondent police are about to file the final report before the concerned court.

5. Heard both sides and perused the materials available on record.

6. It is seen from the First Information Report that there are specific allegation as against the petitioner, which has to be investigated. Further the FIR is not an encyclopedia and it need not contain all facts. Further, it cannot be quashed in the threshold. This Court finds that the FIR discloses prima facie commission of cognizable offence and as such this Court cannot interfere with the investigation. The investigating machinery has to step in to investigate, grab and unearth the crime in accordance with the procedures prescribed in the Code.

7. It is also relevant to rely upon the judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India passed in **Crl.A.No.255 of 2019** dated **12.02.2019 - Sau. Kamal Shivaji Pokarnekar vs. the State of Maharashtra & ors.**, as follows:-

"4. The only point that arises for our consideration in this case is whether the High Court was right in setting aside the order by which process was issued. It is settled law that the Magistrate, at the stage of taking cognizance and summoning, is required to apply his judicial mind only with a view to taking cognizance of the offence, or in other words, to find out whether a prima facie case has been made out for summoning the accused persons. The learned Magistrate is not required to evaluate the merits of the material or evidence in support of the complaint, because the Magistrate must not undertake the exercise to find out whether the materials would lead to a conviction or not.



5. Quashing the criminal proceedings is called for only in a case where the complaint does not disclose any offence, or is frivolous, vexatious, or oppressive. If the allegations set out in the complaint do not constitute the offence of which cognizance has been taken by the Magistrate, it is open to the High Court to quash the same. It is not necessary that a meticulous analysis of the case should be done before the Trial to find out whether the case would end in conviction or acquittal. If it appears on a reading of the complaint and consideration of the allegations therein, in the light of the statement made on oath that the ingredients of the offence are disclosed, there would be no justification for the High Court to interfere.

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9. Having heard the learned Senior Counsel and examined the material on record, we are of the considered view that the High Court ought not to have set aside the order passed by the Trial Court issuing summons to the Respondents. A perusal of the complaint discloses that prima facie, offences that are alleged against the Respondents. The correctness or otherwise of the said allegations has to be decided only in the Trial. At the initial stage of issuance of process it is not open to the Courts to stifle the proceedings by entering into the merits of the contentions made on behalf of the accused. Criminal complaints cannot be quashed only on the ground that the allegations made therein appear to be of a civil nature. If the ingredients of the offence alleged against the accused are prima facie made out in the complaint, the criminal proceeding shall not be interdicted."

7. In view of the above discussion, this Court is not inclined to quash the First Information Report. Hence this Criminal Original Petition stands dismissed. However, the respondent police is directed to complete the investigation and file final report before



the concerned Magistrate, within a period of twelve weeks from the date of receipt of a copy of this Order. Consequently, connected miscellaneous petition is closed.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar (P&A)

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Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

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To

- 1.The Chief Judicial Magistrate, Thoothukudi.
2. The Inspector of Police
Athoor Police Station,
Thoothukudi District
- 3.The Additional Public Prosecutor,
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai.

Crl.O.P. (MD)No.2585 of 2022 and
Crl.M.P (MD) No.1931 of 2022
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RD(22.02.2022) 4P 4C