



BEFORE THE MADURAI BENCH OF MADRAS HIGH COURT

DATED : 08.04.2022

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THE HONOURABLE MR.JUSTICE G.K.ILANTHIRAIYAN

Crl.O.P(MD)No.3294 of 2021

&

Crl.M.P(MD)Nos.1821 & 1823 of 2021

1. Varatharaj
2. Pandurankan
3. Vengudu @ Vengatasamy

... Petitioners/
Accused Nos. 2 to 4

Vs.

1. The State represented by
The Inspector of Police,
Vembakkottai Police Station,
Virudhunagar.
(in Crime No.297 of 2019)

... 1st Respondent/
Complainant

2. Rajalakshmi

... 2nd Respondent/
Defacto Complainant

Prayer: Criminal Original Petition is filed under Section 482 Cr.P.C., to call for the records in C.C.No.121 of 2019 on the file of the learned Judicial Magistrate No.II, Sattur, Virudhunagar and to quash the same as devoid of merits with regard to the petitioners concerned.

For Petitioners : Mr.C.M.Arumugam

For Respondents : Mr.K.Sanjai Gandhi
Government Advocate (Criminal Side)
for R.1

ORDER

This Criminal Original Petition has been filed seeking a direction to quash the proceedings in C.C.No.121 of 2019 on the file of the learned Judicial Magistrate No.II, Sattur, Virudhunagar.

2. The case of the prosecution is that due to previous enmity between the parties, the petitioners and other accused attacked the defacto complainant with aruval and thereby, he sustained injury.



Therefore, the present case came to be registered against the petitioner.

3. The learned Counsel appearing for the petitioners would submit that the petitioners are innocent and they had not committed any offence as alleged by the prosecution. Without any base, the first respondent police registered a case in Crime No.297 of 2019 as against the petitioners and the same has been taken cognizance in C.C.No.121 of 2019 on the file of the learned Judicial Magistrate No.II, Sattur, Virudhunagar. Hence they prayed to quash the same.

4. The learned Government Advocate (Criminal Side) would submit that the trial has been commenced and some of the witnesses have been examined in this case.

5. Heard both sides and perused the materials available on record.

6. It is relevant to rely upon the judgment of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India passed in **Crl.A.No.579 of 2019** dated **02.04.2019** in the case of **Devendra Prasad Singh Vs. State of Bihar & Anr.**, as follows:-

" 12. So far as the second ground is concerned, we are of the view that the High Court while hearing the application under Section 482 of the Cr.P.C. had no jurisdiction to appreciate the statement of the witnesses and record a finding that there were inconsistencies in their statements and, therefore, there was no prima facie case made out against respondent No.2. In our view, this could be done only in the trial while deciding the issues on the merits or/and by the Appellate Court while deciding the appeal arising out of the final order passed by the Trial Court but not in Section 482 Cr.P.C. proceedings.

13. In view of the foregoing discussion, we allow the appeal, set aside the impugned order and restore the aforementioned complaint case to its original file for being proceeded with on merits in accordance with law.

7. Recently, the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India dealing in respect of the very same issue in **Crl.A.No.1572 of 2019** dated 17.10.2019 in the case of **Central Bureau of Investigation Vs. Arvind Khanna**, wherein, it has been held as follows:

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hearing the submissions made by the learned senior counsels on both sides, we are of the view that the impugned order passed by the High Court is not sustainable. In a petition filed under Section 482 of Cr.P.C., the High Court has recorded findings on several disputed facts and allowed the petition. Defence of the accused is to be tested after appreciating the evidence during trial. The very fact that the High Court, in this case, went into the most minute details, on the allegations made by the appellant-C.B.I., and the defence put-forth by the respondent, led us to a conclusion that the High Court has exceeded its power, while exercising its inherent jurisdiction under Section 482 Cr.P.C.

20. In our view, the assessment made by the High Court at this stage, when the matter has been taken cognizance by the Competent Court, is completely incorrect and uncalled for."

8. Further the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India also held in the order dated **02.12.2019** in **Crl.A.No.1817 of 2019** in the case of **M.Jayanthi Vs. K.R.Meenakshi & anr**, as follows:

"9. It is too late in the day to seek reference to any authority for the proposition that while invoking the power under Section 482 Cr.P.C for quashing a complaint or a charge, the Court should not embark upon an enquiry into the validity of the evidence available. All that the Court should see is as to whether there are allegations in the complaint which form the basis for the ingredients that constitute certain offences complained of. The Court may also be entitled to see (i) whether the preconditions requisite for taking cognizance have been complied with or not; and (ii) whether the allegations contained in the complaint, even if accepted in entirety, would not constitute the offence alleged.

.....

13. A look at the complaint filed by the appellant would show that the appellant had incorporated the ingredients necessary for prosecuting the respondents for the offences alleged. The question whether the appellant will be able to prove the allegations in a manner known to law would arise only at a later stage....."

The above judgments are squarely applicable to this case and as
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such, the points raised by the petitioners cannot be considered by this Court under Section 482 Cr.P.C.

9. In view of the above discussion, this Court is not inclined to quash the proceedings in C.C.No.121 of 2019 on the file of the learned Judicial Magistrate No.II, Sattur, Virudhunagar. The petitioners are at liberty to raise all the grounds before the trial Court. The trial Court is directed to complete the trial within a period of three months from the date of receipt of a copy of this Order.

10. Accordingly, this criminal original petition is dismissed. Consequently, connected miscellaneous petitions are also closed.

Sd/-

Assistant Registrar (CS-III)

// True Copy //

/ /2022

Sub Assistant Registrar(CS)

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Note: In view of the present lock down owing to COVID-19 pandemic, a web copy of the order may be utilized for official purposes, but, ensuring that the copy of the order that is presented is the correct copy, shall be the responsibility of the advocate/litigant concerned.

To

1. The Judicial Magistrate No.II,
Sattur,
Virudhunagar.
2. The Inspector of Police,
Vembakkottai Police Station,
Virudhunagar.
3. The Additional Public Prosecutor,
Madurai Bench of Madras High Court,
Madurai.

+1 CC to M/s.C.M. ARUMUGAM, Advocate (SR-17761[F] dated 11/04/2022)

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RD(13.05.2022) 4P 5C

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