

Crl.OP.No.27582 of 2022

A.D.JAGADISH CHANDIRA, J.

The petitioners, who apprehend arrest at the hands of the respondent police for the offences punishable under Sections 294(b), 323, 324, 379 and 506(ii) of IPC in Crime No.364 of 2022, seeks anticipatory bail.

2. The case of the prosecution as per the defacto complainant is that due to previous enmity on account of business motive, the petitioners have assaulted the defacto complainant with wooden log and snatched a gold chain. Hence, the complaint.

3. The learned counsel for the petitioners would submit that the petitioners are innocent and due to enmity on account of business motive, a false case has been registered. Hence, he prays to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioners.

4. The learned Government Advocate (Crl. Side) would submit that due to previous enmity on account of business motive, the petitioners have assaulted the defacto complainant with wooden log and snatched a gold chain. Hence, he would vehemently oppose to grant anticipatory bail to the petitioner.

5. Taking into consideration the facts and the submissions made by the counsel, this Court is inclined to grant anticipatory bail with certain conditions.

6. Accordingly, the petitioners are ordered to be released on bail in the event of arrest or on their appearance, within a period of fifteen days from the date on which the order copy made ready, before the *learned District Munsif-cum-Judicial Magistrate Court, Uthukottai, Thiruvallur District* on condition that each of the petitioners shall execute separate bonds for a sum of **Rs.25,000/- (Rupees Twenty Five Thousand only)** with two sureties, each for a like sum to the satisfaction of the respondent police or the police officer who intends to arrest or to the satisfaction of the learned Magistrate concerned, failing which, the petition for anticipatory bail shall stand dismissed and on further condition that:

[a] the petitioners and the sureties shall affix their photographs and Left Thumb Impression in the surety bond and the Magistrate may obtain a copy of their Aadhar card or Bank pass Book to ensure their identity.

[b] the petitioners shall report before the respondent police every day at 10.30 a.m., until further orders.

[c] the petitioners shall not tamper with evidence or witness either during investigation or trial.

[d] the petitioners shall not abscond either during investigation or trial.

[e] On breach of any of the aforesaid conditions, the learned Magistrate/Trial Court is entitled to take appropriate action against the petitioners in accordance with law as if the conditions have been imposed and the petitioners released on bail by the learned Magistrate/Trial Court himself as laid down by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in **P.K.Shaji vs. State of Kerala [(2005)AIR SCW 5560]**.

[f] If the accused thereafter absconds, a fresh FIR can be registered under Section 229A IPC.

14.11.2022

Vv

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